INSURANCE.

We all want self-Government and that too quickly.

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHEROZSHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913. REGD. NO. B 1065.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

INSURANCE.

Swaraj must begin at once by helping Indian Insurance Companies.

VOL. XVII NO 16- BOMBAY SATURDAY JANUARY 19 1929 ONE ANNA

WELLINGTON CINEMA DHOBI TALAO

We offer with pride a CARL LAEMMLE GOLDEN SPECIAL

TO-NIGHT **THE FOREIGN LEGION** THIS WEEK

A real super made with the same meticulous care and detail in period and artistry as Uncle Tom's Cabin

SEX---STRIFE---SOLDIERS---WOMEN!

A Story of Father Love—Soldier Love—Sweetheart Love—Featuring the popular handsome Star

NORMAN KERRY

with the pretty June Marlowe, the "Vamp" Mary Nolan and the Stern Lewis Stone.

As the picture is a lengthy one, there are no side-pictures with it. You are therefore requested to be in time.

FIVE SHOWS TO-DAY: 3-30; 5-15; 7; 8-45 and 10-30 P. M. (S. T.)

SHIPPING.

P. & O. British India

(Incorporated in England).

MAIL & PASSENGERS SERVICE

P. and O. SAILINGS to PLYMOUTH AND LONDON CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

(CALLING AT MALTA EVERY ALTERNATE WEEK).

Date.	Steamers.	Connecting at Aden with	Tons.
1929			
19 Jan.	Mantua * ..	All vessels will now sail direct from Bombay without transhipment at Aden.	16,946
26 „	Ranchi ..		16,650
2 Feb.	Narkunda x ..		16,572
9 „	Ranpura ..		16,661
16 „	Morea * ..		10,253
23 „	Razmak ..		10,602
2 Mar.	Mooltan x ..		20,847
9 „	Kaisar-i-Hind		11,518
16 „	Rawalpindi @		16,619
23 „	Rajputana ..		16,568
30 „	Maloja x ..		20,837
6 Apr.	Ranchi ..		16,650
13 „	Ranpura ..		16,601
20 „	Rawalpindi ..		16,619
27 „	Naldera * ..		16,088
4 May	Viceroy of India ..		19,000
11 „	Mantua * ..		10,946
18 „	Kaisar-i-Hind.		11,518
25 „	Narkunda x..		16,572
1 June	Macedonia ..		11,[illegible]
8 „	Morea ..		10,954
15 „	Razmak ..		10,602
22 „	Mooltan ..		20,847
29 „	Rawalpindi ..		16,619
6 July	Rajputana ..		16,568
13 „	Mantua ..		10,946
20 „	Maloja ..		20,837
27 „	Kaisar i-Hind.		11,518

All sailings are subject to alteration without notice.

All passengers are required to be in possession of passports.

@ To Marseilles only.

x Through steamers from Australia; have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

* Through steamers from China; have limited accommodation for passengers from India.

SPECIAL OFF SEASON RETURN TICKETS.

FIRST and SECOND Saloon Return Tickets at Special Reduced Rates will be issued for any Mail Steamer during the period commencing from Bombay with the sailing of the S. S. "MACEDONIA" on the 1st of June 1929 and terminating with the steamer due in Bombay on the 20th September 1929. The fares will be as follows:—

	1st Saloon.	2nd Saloon.
To London and back by Sea.	£105	£75
To London and back via Marseilles including P. & O. Special Train across France in both directions.	£120	£90
To Marseilles and back	£100	£72

*The accommodation allotted will be the best available at time of application.

SINGLE BERTH CABINS.

There will be no extra charges for Single Berth Cabins between 1st June and 1st January.

SHIPPING

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS.
Bombay to Port Said and Plymouth.

Date about	Steamers	Tons.
1929		
21st March 11th Apr.	Dumana * .. Domala * ..	8427 8441

* On and after the 21st March, 1929, these two vessels will be one class ships. Fares as follows:—

		Single.	Return.
Bombay to Plymouth	A	£64	£112
	B	£60	£105
	C	£56	£98

P. & O. SAILINGS TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN AND AUSTRALIA.

Date About		
1929.		
18th Jan. 4 p.m.	Macedonia ..	China and Japan.
*	Mirzapore ..	Straits China and Japan,
1st Feby.	Maloja ..	Colombo and Australia.
15th „	Malwa ..	Colombo, Straits China & Japan
1st Mar.	Naldera ..	Colombo Straits China & Japan
15th „	Mantua ..	Colombo Straits China & Japan
29th „	Narkunda ..	Colombo and Australia.
26th April	Mooltan ..	Colombo and Australia.

* Cargo only.

BRITISH INDIA SAILINGS TO AFRICA, KARACHI, PERSIAN GULF, TUTICORIN, COLOMBO, MADRAS, CALCUTTA & RANGOON.

1929		
19th Jan.	Chakla ..	Karachi via Porebunder, Dwarka & Cutch Mandvi.
21st „	Vita ..	Karachi via Porebunder Port Okha & Cutch Mandvi.
23rd „	Bandra ..	Busreh viaKarachi & Persian Gulf Ports
25th „	Varela ..	Busreh via Karachi
30th „	Khandalla ..	East & South Africa.
6th Feb.	Ellora ..	Mombassa only.

REDUCED FARES.

First Class return tickets to Mombasa available for three months are now issued by the East Africa Line of steamers. Return fare Rs. 500/- only; Apply for paticulars to the undersigned.

There will be sailings for Karachi on Mondays, Wednesdays, Thurs|Fridays, and Saturdays, every week. The departure of the Karachi|Gulf mail on Thursday or Friday is dependent upon the arrival of the inward English Mail.

Local passengers for Karachi can only proceed by Thurs|Friday sailings when accommodation is not required for passengers ex the P. & O. Mail Steamer or through passengers to Busreh.

Terms and Rates of Freights and Passage may be arranged with

MACKINNON MACKENZIE & CO.,
Ballard Road, Fort, Bombay.

SHIPPING

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

FORTNIGHTLY SERVICES BETWEEN

1. Rangoon, Bombay, Karachi, via Malabar.
2. Rangoon, Madras, Colombo.
3. Calcutta, and Karachi via Coast Ports.
4. Rangoon, Calcutta, according in demand.

For freights and other particulars apply to:

Messrs. NAROTTAM MORARJEE & CO., Agents.
Ballard Estate, Bombay.

BANKING

Yokohama Specie Bank Limited.

HEAD OFFICE: YOKOHAMA.
(ESTABLISHED 1880).

Subscribed Capital	Yen	100,000,000
Paid-up Capital	„	100,000,000
Reserve Fund	„	102,500,000

BRANCHES:

Alexandria	Karachi	Saigon
Batavia	Kobe	Seattle
Bombay	London	Singapore
Buenos Aires	Los Angeles	Shimonoseki
Calcutta	Lyons	Sourabaya
Canton	Manila	San Francisco
Changchun	Marunouchi	Samarang
Darien	Nagasaki	Shanghai
Fengtien	Newchwang	Sydney
Hamburg	New York	Tientsin
Hankow	Nagoya	Tokyo
Harbin	Osaka	Tsinan
Hongkong	Peking	Tsingtau
Honolulu	Rangoon	Vladivostock
Kai Yuan	Rio de Janeir	

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

opened for approved customers and interest is allowed at the rate of two per cent. per annum on daily balances of Rs. 1,000 to Rs. 100,000 provided that the amount of half yearly interest is not less than Rs. 5.

FIXED DEPOSITS are received for one year or shorter period on terms which may be ascertained on application.

Every description of BANKING and EXCHANGE business transacted.

I. WASHIO
Manager.

BENNETT & CO

120, APOLLO STREET, FORT.

AUCTION SALE OF OLD ARMS AND AMMUNITION.

Under instructions from the Commissioner of Police, Messrs. BENNETT and Co. will, on WEDNESDAY, the 23rd instant, at 2-30 P.M. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction at the Head Police Office, opposite the Crawford Market.

A lot of old arms and ammunition consisting of daggers, spears, rifles guns, automatic pistols, revolvers, cartridges, swords, bayonets, etc., etc.

The above will be on view on the day of sale.

BENNETT & CO.

BANKING.

Imperial Bank of India

Constituted under the Imperial Bank of India Act, 1920.

BANKERS TO THE GOVERNMENT OF INDIA.

AUTHORIZED CAPITAL Rs. 11,25,00,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL „ 5,62,50,000
RESERVE FUND „ 5,22,50,000
RESERVE LIABILITY OF SHAREHOLDERS „ 5,62,50,000

LOCAL HEAD OFFICES:
Calcutta. Bombay. Madras.

LOCAL BRANCHES.
Byculla Branch—Bellasis Road.
Mandvi Branch—Abdul Rehman Street.
Sandhurst Road Branch—Junction of Sandhurst and Charni Roads.

LONDON OFFICE.—22, Old Broad Street, London, E. C. 2.

BRANCHES THROUGHOUT INDIA AND BURMA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS—Opened free of charge.

FIXED DEPOSITS—Received at interest.

SAVINGS BANK—Deposits received and interest allowed.

GOVERNMENT AND OTHER SECURITIES—Received for Safe Custody, Purchases and Sales effected, Interest and Dividends collected and credited to account or remitted in accordance with instructions. The purchase and sale of Government Securities undertaken at all Branches for the public generally.

LOANS AND CASH CREDITS—Granted and approved Mercantile Bills discounted.

Rates, Copies of Rules, Powers of Attorney etc, may be had on application at any of the Local Head Offices or Branches of the Bank.

Bank of India Ltd.

ESTABLISHED 7TH SEPTEMBER, 1906
(Incorporated under the Indian Companies VII of 1882.)

HEAD OFFICE:
ORIENTAL BUILDINGS, BOMBAY.

BRANCHES: Bandra, Calcutta and Ahmedabad.

LONDON AGENTS
THE WESTMINSTER BANK, LTD.

CAPITAL SUBSCRIBED Rs. 2,00,00,000
CAPITAL PAID-UP Rs. 1,00,00,000
RESERVE FUND Rs. 82,00,000

CURRENT DEPOSIT ACCOUNTS.

From 25th December to 25th June interest is allowed at 2-1/2 per cent. on daily balance Rs. 300 to Rs. 1,00,000. From 25th June to 25th December interest is allowed at 2 per cent. on daily balance On sums exceeding Rs. 1,00,000 interest is allowed by special arrangement. No interest will be allowed which does not amount to Rs. 3 per half year.

FIXED DEPOSITS.

Deposits are received fixed for one year or for shorter period at rates of interest which can be ascertained on application.

SAVING BANK ACCOUNTS opened which can be ascertained on application.

A. G. GRAY.
Manager.

INCOME-TAX & SUPER-TAX

Statutory Statement of Account prepared, Audit of Books of Firms UNDERTAKEN

B.L. THOSAR, PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT
436-437, Kalbadevi Road, BOMBAY.
Tel. No. 22937.

INSURANCE

ORIENTAL

GOVERNMENT SECURITY

Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

RESULTS of the TRIENNIUM ended 31st December, 1927.

PROFITS Rs. 77,94,716.

INCREASED BONUSES DECLARED,

Rs. 25 per Rs. 1,000 per annum under **LIFE POLICIES**

Rs. 20 per Rs. 1,000 per annum under **ENDOWMENT POLICIES**

No matter how much life assurance you carry at present IT WILL PAY YOU to take A NEW POLICY from the ORIENTAL now.

Thousands do so Every Year and are satisfied.

For full particulars apply to:—

H. EDWIN JONES, F.F.A., A.I.A., Manager, Oriental Buildings, Bombay, or to any of the Company's Branches.

THE INDIA PROVIDENT Co., Ltd.

25% of the Premium refunded as Bonus. Funds about Rs. 2¼ Lakhs.

The Safest Office for Life Insurance for the poor. Premium Re. 1 or As. 8 per month. Active and Honest Agents required on liberal remuneration. Apply at once to Messrs. R. M. DIVADKAR & Co., Chief Agents, Mazgaon, BOMBAY, 10.

A Sure Cure

for

Indigestion, Brain-fag, Weak memory, etc.

Rupee **ONE** only for a tin (32 pills)

The Atank Nigrah Pills

For particulars write to:—

ATANK NIGRAH PHARMACY,
JAMNAGAR (Kathiawar.)

Bombay Office—Kalbadevi Rd.

WHEN YOU SPEND SO MUCH

For Your Clothes

why not be certain that they are made by artistic tailors

Araujo Fernandes & Co.,
Merchant Tailors,
Princess Street : BOMBAY.

THE

EAST & WEST

INSURANCE COMPANY. LTD
Apollo Street, Fort, BOMBAY.

Guaranteed Bonus of Rs. 12/- per Rs. 1000/- per year.

Purely Indian Concern—Offers everything best in Life Insurance.

Several new attractive plans.

Marriage Dowry Policies on easy terms and liberal conditions

For Agency terms and other particulars Apply to the:—

SECRETARIES Bombay.

SAVE EYES

of all troubles, even Cataract, Glaucoma, Granular lids, etc., cured Without Knife by our nature's remedy Cocoanut Brand "LOTUS HONEY"—genuine and pure in market. Ask for Cocoanut Brand only. Dram Rs. 2-8, 2 drams Rs. 4. Postage extra. For free particulars write to:

NEW FORMULA CO., Kandi, Bengal.
Agents: Kemp & Co., Charni Rd., Bombay
J. Tirath & Co., Bunder Rd., Karachi
Tele. Address—"Ulcer" Kandi.

Bombay Chronicle.

SCHEDULE OF RATES FOR SUBSCRIPTION.

DAILY EDITION.

	Local Rs. a.	Mofussil Rs. a.
Yearly	20 0	25 0
Half-Yearly	10 0	12 8
Quarterly	5 0	6 4
Monthly	1 14	2 4

SINGLE COPY, ONE ANNA.

Subscription to Foreign Countries will be Rs. 50 per year.

SUNDAY EDITION.

Yearly ..... Rs. 4 Rs. 5.

Foreign Rs. 7.

SINGLE COPY, ONE AND HALF ANNA.

PAYMENT STRICTLY IN ADVANCE

CLASSIFIED ADVTS.

Fill up your WANTS here on payment of

Rupee ONE

For First Twenty Words

AND

ONE ANNA

For each additional word.

Terms:—CASH with order.

INSTRUCTIONS.

The full name and address of the advertiser is required, not necessarily for publication.

Advertisers who do not wish their names and addresses published will be given a Box number. The words "Apply Box No.——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," to be paid for.

Answers to Advertisements should be addressed as follows:—Box Number——Advertisement Department, "Bombay Chronicle," Office Bombay.

Unclaimed replies to advertisements are destroyed after one month.

SITUATIONS VACANT.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED AND INTELLIGENT PARSEE MANAGER for a Running Theatrical Co., of good financial standing in Upper India. Apply sharp with Copies of Testimonials to Box No. 2227 Advt. Dept. "Bombay Chronicle."

A R1402

WANTED—Educated and experienced persons as Branch Managers for an established Life Insurance Company at district towns. Salary according to qualifications. Apply stating age, experience and locality preferred and salary expected to Box No. 2224, Advt. Dept. Bombay "Chronicle."

A 31648

WANTED—English knowing capable and influential DISTRICT AGENTS by a well established Insurance concern possessing Government Securities to canvass Life Assurance Policies upto Rs. 500/ without Medical Examinations. Liberal Commission allowed to working Agents. For particulars apply to The SECRETARY, NATIONAL PROVIDENT COMPANY, LIMITED, 128, The Mall, Cawnpore.

A 31374

WANTED.

WANTED—INFLUENTIAL AGENTS on Commission or pay or both to sell SHARES of world-famous tea concerns of Bengal. Please apply with testimonials to **Messrs. ARYAN PLANTERS AGENCY,** 219, Bow Bazar Street, CALCUTTA.

A

HOUSES AND FLATS TO LET.

TO LET—GODOWNS, ROOMS for office and residence "Abba Building," Carnac Road, Dhobi Talao and 3rd Floor, facing Mahomed Building, Hornby Road, Fort. HAJI MAHOMED ABBA, Abba Building, Carnac Road.

C R1366

EDUCATIONAL.

MOUNT ABU HIGH SCHOOL, Mount ABU—Conducted by the Irish Christian Brothers, under the Distinguished Patronage of His Lordship Rt. Rev. Dr. Caumont, O. C., D. D., Bishop of Ajmere. The above School will re-open under the new management on March 1st 1929. The School will be run on the lines of the other Christian Brothers' Schools at Kurseong, Shillong, Naini Tal, etc., The monthly fees for nine and a half months only are:—Board and Tuition Rs. 50/-. Fixed Extras Rs. 5/-. For propectus apply to the Principal (after January 22nd.)

M 31665

BOOKS.

THE MEDICAL REVIEW OF REVIEWS—Fourth year, commences from January 1920—It numbers among its contributors able writers and acknowledged authorities. Its tone is bright, fearless and strictly impartial, its contents varied. It belongs to no clique or party, and to the CITY as well as the VILLAGE PRACTITIONER it is of equal interest. Subscriptions, Rs 5/- (post free) per annum Published monthly. Subscriptions from any month. Specimen Copies to the Medical Profession sent post force on application. 208/1 Upper Circular Road, CALCUTTA

N R1397

TRADE ANNOUNCEMENTS.

CHEAP PLOTS FOR SUBURBAN RESIDENCES at Rs. 2/- to Rs 3/8/- per square yard at Kolekalyan Station on the Central Salsette Tramway. Convenient bus service from Santa Cruz Station. Purchasers will be entitled to STATE AID to the extent of THREE FOURTHS THE VALUE OF THEIR PLOT and HALF THE COST OF BUILDING, to be repaid in 15 years. For plans and particulars apply to the LAND MANAGER, DEVELOPMENT DEPARTMENT, Old Custom House Yard, Fort, Bombay.

T 31661

DEALING in everything on BROKERAGE principle on moderate commission and up-to-date work. Give trial orders and satisfy yourself. THE ROYAL TRADING CO. Post Box 3537 Bombay.

T 31573

MEDICAL

TURKO-THERMAE.—Health, Power, Beauty.—See what Mr. R. James of Lucknow at present at Derby Hotel, Bombay, says:—"I have had my hand massage and vibratory treatment and feel much better". 12-4-28.—300,. Hornby Road, 2nd floor, opposite Whitaways.

ELCO HEALTH—THERMAE INSTITUTE.—Insurance policy for Health, Power, Beauty, Electric hand massages and foen treatment, Hot air and vapour baths, ZER-MAHAL, 2nd floor, Dhobi Talao, Bombay.

PROFESSION

CONSULT for all problems regarding fortune if you find yourself in a domestic, official or personal difficulty. I will do all I can to help you at a reasonable charge. N. PURUSHOTTAM, Fortune-teller & Evil Counteracter, Empire Bldg., Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay.

P S

PUBLIC NOTICES

GOVERNMENT ANNOUNCEMENTS, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per Column. Inch per Insertion.
1st Insertion	Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil advertisers are requested to send remittance in advance and state clearly, whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the classified short advertisement columns.

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE TO COMMON JURORS.

GENTLEMEN of the COMMON JURY, summoned for the Criminal Sessions, which commenced on 21st November, 1928 as well as those Supplementary Common Jurors, who were summoned for the 21st January, 1929, are required to attend the High Court on the 2nd Floor (where the Hon'ble Mr. Justice B. J. Wadia will preside) on Monday, the 21st January, 1929, at 11 a.m. (S.T.), and are not to depart thence (though a Jury may have been empanelled for the case to be tried in that Court) without the order of the Clerk of the Crown, as their services may also be required in the Court on the 1st floor presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice J. D. Davar.

REGINALD SPENCE, Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office, High Court, Bombay, 18th January, 1929.

31669

NOTICE TO SPECIAL JURORS.

GENTLEMEN of the SPECIAL JURY, summoned for the Fifth Criminal Sessions of 1928 (which commenced on 21st November, 1928, and was presided over by the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar) are required to attend the High Court on the first floor (where the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Davar will preside) on Monday, the 21st January, 1929, at 11 a.m. (S.T.)

REGINALD SPENCE, Sheriff of Bombay.

Sheriff's Office, High Court, Bombay, 18th January, 1929.

31670

THE BOMBAY ELECTRIC SUPPLY AND TRAMWAYS COMPANY, LTD.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the PREFERENCE SHARE TRANSFER BOOKS of this Company will be CLOSED from the 26th January to the 9th day of February, 1929, both days inclusive, for the preparation of Dividend Warrants for the half-year ending 15th February, 1929.

Intimation as to change of address should be notified to the Company immediately.

By Order of the Board, P. D. MAHALUXMIVALA, Secretary.

18th January, 1929.

31671

TENDERS.

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Medicines, Medical Appliances, Chemicals, etc., to the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital, Parel, Bombay, for one year commencing from 1st March, 1929.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on SATURDAY, the 2nd February, 1929. Tenders must be enclosed in sealed envelopes, which must be endorsed "Tenders for the supply of Medicines, etc., for the K. E. M. Hospital."

Forms of contract, specifications, etc., and any other information that may be required will be supplied by the Dean's Office, K. E. M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, on personal application. A charge of Rs. 5 will have to be paid for each set of tender forms.

The attention of the tenderers is invited to the general directions published with tender.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA, Dean.

17-1-1929.

31663

BOMBAY MUNICIPALITY.

TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of Provisions, etc., for the Nurses' Mess at the King Edward VII Memorial Hospital, Parel, Bombay, for one year commencing from 1st March, 1929.

Tenders should be addressed to the Municipal Commissioner for the City of Bombay and delivered at the Office of the Chief Accountant, Municipal Offices, Hornby Road, Fort, Bombay, not later than 1 p.m. (B.T.) on MONDAY, the 28th January, 1929. Tenders must be enclosed in sealed envelopes, which must be endorsed "Tenders for the supply of provisions, etc., of the Nurses' Mess at the K. E. M. Hospital."

Forms of contract, specifications, etc., and any other information that may be required will be supplied by the Dean's Office, K. E. M. Hospital, Parel, Bombay, on personal application. A charge of Rs. 2 will have to be paid for each set of tender forms.

The attention of the tenderers is invited to the general directions published with tender.

JIVRAJ N. MEHTA, Dean.

17-1-1929.

31664

PUBLIC NOTICES.

NEW MOFUSIL CO., LTD.

LOST.

ONE SHARE CERTIFICATE No. 1429 of the abovenamed Company, in the name of Meherjibhoy Ardeshir Kooka and Nariman Meherjibhoy Kooka has been LOST or MISPLACED. Any claim in respect of same should be notified within one month to the Registered Office of the Company, otherwise a duplicate copy of the above share certificate will be issued to the abovenamed holders.

R1401

LAWN TENNIS

AMATEUR OPEN CHAMPIONSHIPS OF WESTERN INDIA.

Under the Auspices of the Bombay Gymkhana, Ltd.

13th February to 28th February, 1929, (inclusive).

Gentlemen's Singles
" Doubles
Ladies' Singles
" Doubles
and
Ladies' and Gentlemen's Doubles.

Entries CLOSE on FRIDAY, 8th February, 1929.

Full particulars and entry form can be obtained from:—

W. H. CUMMINGS, The Hon. Secretary for Tennis, Bombay Gymkhana Ltd., Bombay.

31598

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that BAI SUKHANBAI, widow and executrix of Hassonalli Sulemanji has contracted to sell the undermentioned property to our clients Messrs. MAHOMED MIYA KHANDWANI, HAJI USMAN HAJI ISMAIL CHOONAWALLA, IBRAHIM HAJI SIDICK NOORANI, BAI RUKHIABAI, MOTHER OF ABDUL KADER BAWLA and HAJI ADUL RAZAK HAJI MAHOMED ARABI, the Trustees of the Funds and securities of the Saboo Sidick Mosque and Madresa Trust Funds. Any person having any claim or interest in or to the said property by way of sale, mortgage, trust, lien, possession, gift, inheritance, lease or otherwise howsoever is hereby required to make the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office at Jehangir Wadia Building, 49, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay, and to the Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without any regard to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

FIRSTLY:—All that piece or parcel of Foras Free-hold lands or ground situate, lying and being without the Fort of Bombay at De'Lisle Road, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement 2961 1/9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old No. 773, New No. 12761, New Survey No. 1|2638 and bearing Cadastral Survey No. 170, Lower Parel Division together with the hereditaments and premises standing thereon assessed by the Assessor and Collector of Municipal Rates and Taxes under G. Ward No. 2257 (1) or (2) 2257 (3), 2257 (4), 2257 (5), 2257 (6), 2257 (7), and Street Nos. 213, 312A, 312B, 312C, 312D, 312E, 312F, and bounded as follows:—on or towards the East by the said De'Lisle Road, on or towards the West by water drain and beyond that by B. B. and C. I. Railway Line on or towards the North by water drain and partly by the property of Atmaram Manekji and partly by Government Land and on or towards the South by the property belonging to the estate of Hassanally Lukmanji Sullemanji and beyond that by a New Road bearing cadastral Survey No. 1|105 of the Parel Division.

SECONDLY:—All that piece of land situate near De'Lisle Road, within the City and Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing by admeasurement five hundred and fifty eight square yards or thereabouts and bounded as follows, that is to say, on or towards the North by other property belonging to the Purchaser, on or towards the East by a strip of Government Land, lying within the regular line of the Street prescribed by the Bombay Municipality for De'Lisle Road and beyond by De'Lisle Road, on or towards the South by vacant land belonging to Government reserved for a proposed road and on or towards the West by Government land in charge of the Development Directorate.

Dated this 18th day of January, 1929.

MULLA and MULLA, Purchaser's Attorneys.

31660

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

TESTAMENTARY AND INTESTATE JURISDICTION.

GEORGE V, by the Grace of God, of Great Britain, Ireland and the British Dominions beyond the Seas, King, Defender of the Faith, Emperor of India.

Petition for Letters of Administration with the Will annexed of the property and credits of Tayapa Vithu Jagtap, late of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a labourer in the Dawn Mills residing at Fergusson Road, without the Fort of Bombay ..... Deceased.

INDU ABA MOREH, of Bombay, Hindu Inhabitant, a labourer in Dawn Mills, residing at Fergusson Road, without the Fort of Bombay. ..... Petitioner.

All persons claiming to have any interest in the estate of the above-named deceased are hereby cited to come and see the Proceedings, if they think fit, before the Grant of Letters of Administration.

Witness Sir AMBERSON BARRINGTON MARTEN, Knight, Chief Justice at Bombay, aforesaid, this Seventh day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and twenty-nine, and in the nineteenth year of our Reign.

Seal of the High Court at Bombay.

(Sd.) R. B. PATEL, Registrar.

E. J. DAVAR.

The 7th day January, 1929.

Messrs. LALA AND CO., Petitioner's Attorneys.

31662

AUCTION SALES.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT CHAKLA STREET.

By order of Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, attorneys for the Transferee of the Mortgage and at the risk and on account of the Mortgagor Gulamalli Hasanji and pursuant to the power of sale reserved under the Indentures of Mortgage, dated 28th July, 1920, and of Further Charge dated 26th day of January, 1922, both made between the said Gulamalli Hasanji of the one part and the Hon. Mr. Sherif Devji Kanji and another of the other part and the Transfer of Mortgage dated 13th day of October, 1922, and made between the Hon. Mr. Sherif Devji Kanji and another of the one part and Ismail Mahomed Jaffer of the other part, Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co., Auctioneers, will put up for sale by Public Auction on the premises on THURSDAY, the 24th day of January, 1929, at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.), the undermentioned property.

DESCRIPTION OF THE PROPERTY.

All that piece or parcel of land or ground of quit and ground rent tenure together with the messuages, tenements or dwelling house standing thereon, situate, lying and being at Chakla Street without the Fort of Bombay, in the Registration Sub-District of Bombay, containing according to the Collector's Records 393 and 7|9 square yards or thereabouts and registered in the Books of the Collector of Land Revenue under Old Nos. 654 and 1512, New No. 6336, Old Survey No. 927, New Survey No. 2825 and Cadastral Survey No. 436 and assessed by the Bombay Municipality under B Ward No. 2115 (2), Street Nos. 157-167.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Mulla and Mulla, Attorneys for the Transferee at their office 49, Esplanade Road, Fort, "Jehangir Wadia Building", or to the undersigned.

AUCTION SALE OF 100 BAGS BELGIUM R. T. LOAF SUGAR.

Messrs. J. S. MODY and Co. will sell by Public Auction on SATURDAY, the 19th day of January, 1929, at 1 p.m. (S. T.), at their Auction Rooms, next to the Post Office in Apollo Street, Fort, by order of Elias Hajee Oomer and on account and at the risk of Messrs. Haji Hoosen Laree and Co.

Ex. S. S. "City of Durham."

R. T. O. O. M. Bunder Abbas made in Belgium—100 bags Belgium R. T. Loaf Sugar each bag 24 Loaves, each Loaf 1-1|2 K. G. of November shipment.

Terms:—25 per cent. deposit will be required at the time of sale.

J. S. MODY & CO.

AUCTION SALE

BENNETT & CO.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE, MADE-TO-ORDER HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE, SWEET TONE PIANO, CARPETS, GRAMOPHONE, RICH GLASS, CROCKERY AND PLATED-WARE, ETC., ETC. THE PROPERTY OF A. MESTREJEAN, ESQR., MANAGER, THE COMPTION NATIONAL D'ESCOMPTE DE PARIS.

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 20th January, 1929, at 10-30 a.m. (S.T.) Messrs. BENNETT AND CO. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at "Javeri House," Little Gibbs Road, next to Malabar Hill Post Office, very valuable and handsome, made-to-order household furniture such as dining table, large side-board, chairs, dumbwaiters, ice-chest, dining-room and Chesterfield suites, fancy cabinets, roll-top writing table, rich carpets, sweet tone Cottage Piano by "Justin Browne", gramophone, "Kodak" camera, violin, bed-steads, almyrahs, dressing and writing tables, reclining sofas, easy-chairs, rich glass, crockery and plateware, hall-stands, E. ceiling and table fans, etc., etc.

The property of A. Mestrejean, Esqr., Manager of the French Bank and others.

Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE IMMOVEABLE PROPERTY SITUATE AT ALLI UMER STREET (MISTRY MOHLLA), NULL BAZAR.

Under instructions from N. H. Moos, Esq., Receiver appointed in Suit No. 2272 of 1926 (Osman Abdur Karim and another vs. Umer Abdul Karim and another) and pursuant to the directions contained in the Consent Decree dated 5th October 1928, and with the consent of the Mortgagees, Messrs. BENNETT & CO., will on Monday, the 11th February next at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.), sell by Public Auction on the premises:—

All that piece of quit and ground rent tenure land with the messuages, tenements and dwelling houses standing thereon situate on the West Side of Alli Umer Street (Mistry Mohlla), Null Bazar, admeasuring about 111 sq. yards, bearing Collector's Old No. 2356, 2358, New No. 9409, 9410, Old Survey Nos 1889, 1890, New Survey Nos 1, 2/805, Cadastral Survey No. 3284 of Bhuleshwar Division and assessed by the Municipality under C Ward No. 6091 Old Street Nos. 238 to 244, New Street Nos. 230-244 and bounded on the East by Alli Umer Street, on the West partly by Sweeper's Passage and partly by the property belonging to Jambli Mohlla Durgah property, on the North by the property of Dwarkadas Lalloobhai and on the South by the property of Rahimtulla Saheb Pandav.

For further particulars and conditions of sale apply to Messrs. Chitnis, Kanga & Mazagonwalla, Attorneys for the Receiver or to the undersigned.

BENNETT & CO.

GANDHI & CO.

AUCTIONEERS.

SALE OF FURNITURE TO-MORROW AT 3 P.M. (S.T.)

TO-MORROW, SUNDAY, the 20th inst., at 3 p.m. (S.T.), Messrs. GANDHI & CO., Auctioneers, will sell by Public Auction at "Jiji House," near Excelsior Theatre, Ravelene Street, Fort, artistic and highly polished furniture including dining table, dining arm chairs, rich tapestry lined complete suites of sofas and chairs, marble top tables, centre table, cabinets, dressing and washing tables, book stand, tiled and plain teapoys, umbrella stands, etc., etc.

Furniture is on view.

GANDHI & CO.

Manufacturers and Businessmen

Wishing to extend their business in Punjab and Delhi Provinces are invited to consult.

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AMUSEMENTS.

EXCELSIOR THEATRE

TO-NIGHT AT 9-30 P.M.

R. B. SALISBURY

Presents

THE GIRL FRIEND

Musical Comedy in 3 Acts.

EMPIRE THEATRE

4, 6-15, 8-15 & 10 p.m.

SORELL AND SON

FEATURING

H. B. WARNER
ANNA Q. NILSSON
ALICE JOYCE
CARMEL MYERS

At no time has there been prepared for the ages of the world, such a living, glorious, stirring story of sincere love. The love of a father for his son. A man who laid down his broken heart on hearthstone for his son.

MADAN THEATRES LTD

PRESENT AT

ROYAL OPERA HOUSE

4-30, 6-30, 8-15 and 10 p.m.

MANNEQUIN

FEATURING
ALICE JOYCE,
WARNER BAXTER,
DOLORES COSTELLO
AND
ZASU PITTS
A TENSE HUMAN DRAMA OF
A BEAUTIFUL GIRL'S FIGHT
FOR LOVE.

Remember 26th January

Mr. INDULAL YAJNIK

presents

Young India

Screen version of the thrilling emotions of youngmen and women of our time in India their burning patriotism and self-sacrificing spirit

AT

WEST-END CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD.

Miss ZUBEDA
AND
Miss SULTANA

play the chief heroines

AND

Mr. NAVINCHANDRA

of Pavagadh film fame plays the hero.

FREE ! FREE !!

A very beautiful, coloured picturesque and large Wall-Calendar for 1929 is sent on receipt of a two annas stamp and a calendar without picture is sent free on application only. Calendars are not sent by V.P.P. but on receipt of Re. 1, by M.O. 8 Calendars are sent by registered post, free of registration & postal charges.

RAJVAID SRI RAMANDASJI KAVIRAJ,
152, Harrison Road, Calcutta.

AMUSEMENTS.

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SANDHURST ROAD

5-15, 7, 8-15 and 10-30 Daily—Saturday and Sunday at 3-30 p.m.

Daring Horsemanship—Thrilling Fights—A Romantic Love Story—Magnificent Out-door scenery—All of them in

"THE RAINBOW TRAIL"

Starring the Dashing and the Daring TOM MIX

It's a Fox Picture by Zane Grey. In the beautiful, rugged, snow-capped mountains of the North-West, Mix and Tony, his wonder horse, ride through perilous adventures

Also Showing

JIMMY AUBREY in "THE MESSENGER" 2 Reels Comedy

And the Day Folly in Natural Colours.

Watch the Date !

A Great Historic Picture
THAT CAN COMPETE WITH
WESTERN PRODUCTIONS

"OUR INDIA"

WILL BE SCREENED FROM
SATURDAY, 26th January,
AT THE
CINEMA MAJESTIC. GIRGAON, BOMBAY.

This picture is prepared by well trained actors and actresses under the best supervision of an experienced director, writer and Chief Cameraman Mr. C. H. Shah, which is worth seeing by each young man.

OUR SECOND PRODUCTION
MODERN INDIA
WILL BE SHORTLY READY.

KEEP CONSTANTLY LOOKING TO OUR ADVERTISEMENT.
Our Third Production INDIAN CHAPLIN is being prepared

For Booking please write to :—
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WE ARE OBLIGED TO REPEAT

THE IMPERIAL PRODUCTION

HEER RANJHA

OR

Hoor-i-Punjab

Starring SULOCHANA and D. BILLIMORIA.

A love story from the popular lyric of the Punjab—of a rustic youth who loved and lost. It's a rare treat !

DON'T MISS IT

AT

Cinema Majestic

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4 SHOWS DAILY AT 5, 7, 9 and 11 P.M.
EXTRA SHOWS at 3 p.m. on Saturdays and Sundays.

AMUSEMENTS.

THE CAPITOL DAILY AT 4, 6-15 & 10 P.M.
A SCOTTISH SPECTACLE

A ROMANCE OF UNFORGETTABLE BEAUTY.
SPECIAL MUSIC WITH PIPERS.

WEST-END

TO-NIGHT : : : : : : : THIS WEEK.

A Superb Splendid Drama of Daring and Courage—the two greatest qualities of Heroism

"The Cavalier"

Featuring the one and only daredevil stunt-star

RICHARD TALMADGE

Richard recognises no deed as impossible ! He reaches the pinnacle of brave adventure—his progress from stunt to stunt will call forth gasp upon gasp !

"The Cavalier"

A Story of a modern Robin Hood in velvet—a delightful love story with the popular hero

Richard Talmadge

In his greatest daredevilry and death-defying deeds.

A TWO-REEL COMEDY in the Programme.

TO-NIGHT At:—3, 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m. (S.T.)

WEST-END CINEMA
LAMINGTON ROAD.

COMMENCING FROM SATURDAY, THE 19TH JANUARY, 1929.

'Once Aboard the Lugger'

Featuring the SPEED-KING, LUCIANO ALBERTINI.

A real German photo-drama teeming with situations that'll hold your breath, thrills that will set you aflame, dare-devil stunts.

DON'T MISS THIS LAST CHANCE

KOHINOOR CINEMA DADAR (Opposite B. B. & C. I. Railway Station.)

TIME AND RATES AS USUAL. On Sat., Sun. and Holidays. Matinee at 3-30 p.m.

Next Saturday:—
"LIGHT OF ASIA"
featuring the bewitching Miss SITA DEVI

WATCH DATE
Maharashtra's Historical Thunderbolt
"SINGHAGARH"

AMUSEMENTS.

OWING TO THE PUBLIC DEMAND

IMPERIAL CINEMA

LAMINGTON ROAD

Continues for one week more.

N. G. DEVARE PRODUCTION

"LOVES of PRINCE MEHMOOD"

Produced at KOHINOOR STUDIO
Featuring Miss PANNA, Mr. KHALIL
Supported by Miss JAMNA,
Mr. NOORMAHOMED
And other known Stars.

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DAILY FOUR SHOWS at 5, 7, 9 and 11 p.m.

EXTRA SHOWS on Sat., Sun., and Bank Holidays at 3 p.m.

COMING NEXT SATURDAY.

IMPERIAL FILM CO.'S Super Jewel.
"MAGIC FLUTE"
Featuring Miss SULOCHANA.
Miss DIANA BELLE,
BILLIMORIA, ETC.
(Germany)
And well-known American Dancer
MISS GRACE BOROUGHS.

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(Established 1871)

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Last Bonus declared at Rs. 18/- per Rs. 1,000 per annum on Whole Life Policies.

And at Rs. 15/- per Rs. 1,000 per annum on Endowment Policies.

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278, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY.

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A beautiful Diary of 372 pages for four annas postage Stamps.
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HYDROCELE, ORCHITES, HERNIA
ELEPHANTIASIS & GOITRE.

It effects an appreciable relief in a fort-night and complete cure in a month. Reward claimed on cure. All genuine Ayurvedic medicines available. Kaviraj K. K. Sen Kaviranjan, 20, Upper Circular Road, Calcutta.

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YOUR EYE

DOES IT TROUBLE YOU? IF SO, try Sutler's Lotus Honey, the safest, surest and most high-praised Nature's Cure for Eye-diseases. Cures even Cataract, etc. Literature free. THOMSON & TAYLOR, LTD., BOMBAY.

YEAST IS LIFE

Irving's YEAST-VITE

TONIC TABLETS

THE LIGHTNING PICK-ME-UP

The Greatest Medical Discovery of the Century.

Contain no aspirin or any harmful drugs.

Pure Yeast and Vitamins. The gentle fermentation of Yeast-Vite when in contact with the gastric juices of the stomach causes a stimulating, buoyant feeling of extreme vigour.
Take a tablet or two and feel fresh and frisky in a few minutes.
In his articles on Health, Sir W. Arbuthnot Lane has emphasised the importance of Vitamin B as a tonic which causes the nerves to function properly. And in his list of essential foods he mentions YEAST as rich in VITAMIN B.

YEAST-VITE IS RICH IN VITAMIN B.

Irving's Yeast-Vite Tonic Tablets are Guaranteed to relieve:—

Headache, Neuralgia, etc.	in 5 mins.
Indigestion, Flatuleace	in 5 to 10 mins.
Biliousness, Dizziness, Depression	in 10 to 15 mins.
Disordered Stomach, Liver, etc.	in 10 to 15 mins.
Influenza, Colds, Fever	in 24 hours.

Over 45,000 unsolicited testimonials have been received from doctors, nurses, clerks, factory workers, railwaymen, and people in all walks of life.

35117. Miss F. L., of Shipley, Yorkshire, writes: "The tablets have been splendid. I have not had a dizzy attack or a headache since taking them. I'll never be without them. I'd rather be without food."
3550. R. G. K., of Dalston, London, writes: "I have suffered the most awful pains in my chest and stomach. I bought a bottle of Yeast-Vite, took two tablets at ten minutes to five, and by three minutes past five I was absolutely free from pain. The results were marvellous."
35510. Mrs. H. H., of Atherton, Nr. Manchester, writes: "Have been a sufferer for several years with spasms, stomach trouble and severe headaches. I was recommended to try your famous tablet, and after the first two doses I found instant relief."
35507. F. W. D. N., a London 'Bus Driver, of Shepherd's Bush, writes: "I don't think there are many people who have suffered more than I. I could not sleep or even have a meal without having to get up and walk about in agony with hæmorrhoids. I took a course of Yeast-Vite's and they started to ease me, and I have not had or felt anything for over two years. I am a London 'bus driver, and have not known how to sit on a 'bus at times. I think Yeast Vite's are splendid."

ALL GENUINE YEAST-VITE SOLD IN INDIA BEARS THIS SEAL & NAME
Irving's Yeast-Vite Limited
PACKED SPECIALLY FOR INDIA BEWARE OF IMITATIONS.

IMPORTANT. BEFORE BUYING, MAKE SURE YOUR YEAST-VITE BEARS ABOVE GUARANTEE LABEL. *IMITATIONS ARE FRAUDULENT.*

Sole Wholesale Agents:
MARTIN & HARRIS LTD.,
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FROM ALL CHEMISTS AND STORES.
IRVING'S YEAST-VITE LABORATORIES, LONDON, E.C.1.

Bottle of	20 tabs.	.. .. ..	Re. 1/-
"	50 "	.. .. ..	Rs. 2/4
"	100 "	.. .. ..	Rs. 4/-

THIS IS THE WAY TO CURE

URINARY TROUBLE

GET an inexpensive box of De Witt's Pills from your nearest chemist. Take two Pills before you go to bed at night and next morning look at the urine you pass. You will then know for sure that you have a remedy which cannot fail to do you good. You cannot doubt what you see with your own eyes, and you will be able to see that the valuable ingredients of De Witt's Pills have passed right through your kidneys and your bladder. In doing so they have strengthened your kidneys and cleansed your bladder, so that your body will be freed from poisonous waste matters in a natural manner. There is no better remedy for scalding urine, bladder inflammation, or urinary troubles of every description in men, women and children.

De WITT'S

KIDNEY AND BLADDER.

PILLS

SOLD AND RECOMMENDED BY CHEMISTS EVERYWHERE

See That You Get this Package—None Other is Genuine

Guaranteed Free from Animal Fats and Harmful Drugs or Narcotics

Made and Packed by Patent Machinery Never Touched By Hand

Genuine Dewitts Pills are sold only in Red and Gold Boxes, the bottles being sealed with Red Wax.

IMPERIAL BANK FRAUD CASE

—:o:—

EX-DEPUTY SUPERINTENDENT CONVICTED

SENTENCED TO 4 YEARS' R. I.

Sunderrao Govindrao Ranjit, ex-Deputy Superintendent, of the Bank of Bombay (now Imperial Bank of India) was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment by the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Friday on the charge of falsification of accounts and criminal breach of trust in respect of Rs. 1,78,000.

Opening the case, Mr. R. P. Thanawalla, police prosecutor stated that the accused joined the Bank in 1902 as a junior clerk and became the Deputy Superintendent Accounts, in April 1920. Since 1919 up to the date he became the Deputy Superintendent, accused was writing up the No. 8 Ledger which contained the account of Khushru Banaji, since November 1, 1920 the accounts were being written by the accused's nephew who was a clerk under him. In November 1920, Mr. R. J. Ridland who was then acting as Traveling Inspector of Branches (now Secretary and Treasurer of the Bank) came to Bombay for inspecting the accounts. He tallied the balances in the Ledger No. 8 and compared them in the current account Ledger Balances Book, when he noticed that there was a difference of Rs. 15,80,000. The police were informed but the accused absconded in the meanwhile and was traced and arrested at Kurundwad State recently.

The sum of Rs. 15,80,000 comprised of six items of which six charge sheets were placed against the accused. Two of them involving Rs. 1 lakh and Rs. 78,000 respectively were taken up first. Explaining the above two charges, Mr. Thanawalla stated that in January 1920 two entries appeared on the credit side of Khushru Banaji's account with the Bank, both of which were bogus ones. Banaji himself would come and depose that he had never paid in any such sums to the credit of his account.

"A GENTLEMAN AT LARGE."

Asked by the Court as to who this Khushru Banaji was, Mr. Thanawalla, stated that he was at that time more or less a "gentleman at large" who had opened an account with the Bank. His story was that he had several contracts with the Government and wanted to raise a loan. But the accused offered to help him and they hit upon the plan of defrauding the Bank.

Mr. R. J. Ridland, Secretary and Treasurer of the Imperial Bank of India then gave evidence for the prosecution. He stated that he was the Acting Inspector of Branches and came down to Bombay in that month to inspect the Accounts Department. There were in all 14 ledgers kept by the Bank. Ledger No. 8 was being written up by the nephew of the accused. In November 1920 witness took down the balances of all the accounts in that ledger and the total came to Rs. 35,49,216-15-4 whereas the balance according to the ledger balance book came to only Rs. 19,69,216-15-3. Thus there was an excess balance in the ledger of Rs. 15,80,000-0-1, on November 30, 1920. Similarly when the actual ledger balances and the balance according to the ledger balance book as on November 15 were compared, a difference of Rs. 15 lakhs was discovered. On scrutinising the ledger balance book witness noticed an erasure of the figure "15" which preceded Rs. 28,371-15-3. This aroused the witness's suspicion and a complaint was lodged with the police.

Since then the accused was absconding. Subsequently he received a letter from the accused addressed to him which ran as follows:—

COMMITTING SUICIDE FOR BANK'S PESTIGE.

"I have committed fraud of Rs. 16 lakhs out of which Rs. 13 lakhs are advanced to Khushru Banaji of Alu Villa, Gamdevi, and Rs. 3 lakhs to Junas Cassum of Cassum Rahimtoola and Sons, Hamman Street. You may call upon these people to pay the money to the Bank..... The present ledger-keeper is ignorant of these things. I used to pass the cheques myself and adjust balances of No. 8 ledger. He is not in any way connected with the affair. I am giving this information specially because that poor man should not suffer on my account. One last request to you is not to make any fuss about this for the prestige of the Bank I am committing suicide."

Proceeding witness stated that criminal proceedings were instituted against Khushru Banaji who was ultimately convicted by Justice Kajiji.

AMOUNT RECOVERED.

Cross-examined by Mr. Godinho for the accused, Mr. Ridland admitted that in all Rs. 7,57,694 of the misappropriated amount were recovered from various persons.

Panalal Lalbhai Mehta, an assistant of S. B. Billimoria and Co., Auditors, was then examined. In his evidence he stated that in 1920, he, along with some others audited the Books of the then Bank of Bombay and submitted his report to the firm, who in turn made their report to the Bank showing that they had found an aggregate deficit of Rs. 16,80,000.

Mr. J. P. Jeffrey, Supperintendent of the Public Accounts Department of the Bank was the next witness. He stated that in 1920 he was the Acting Agent of the Broach Branch of the Bank. He examined the Bank's ledgers in connection with the present fraud and detected defalcations to the extent of Rs. 16,80,000. These were committed through the media of bogus credit entries in the ledgers.

Asked why he characterised them as "bogus" witness explained that if the amounts corresponding to the credit entries had been paid in cash in the Shroff's receipt book and the cash supplement book for the days when those entries were passed through the ledger. If the amounts had been paid by cheques drawn on other Banks, who were members of the Clearing House, the entries would have appeared in either the first or second Clearing House supplements. These supplements when examined showed no such entries. Witness further explained that if one customer of the Bank had drawn a cheque in favour of another customer of the same bank, the entry for this would have appeared in the Head Office Supplement. No such entries were found in this supplement to explain the credit entries in question. At the same time paying-in-slips for the several amounts which were represented to have been paid in from time to time could not be traced.

MR. BANAJI'S EVIDENCE.

Mr. Khushru Banaji was the next witness for the prosecution. He deposed that the accused was in charge of the ledger in which his (witness's) account stood in 1916. Shown two entries in his account one for one lakh and another for Rs. 78,000, witness replied that they did not represent amounts paid in by him on the dates marked against the entries.

His Worship then framed charges against the accused under Section 477-A of the I.P.C. (Criminal breach of trust) in respect of two amounts of one lakh and Rs. 78,000.

In pleading guilty to the charges accused admitted having made the false entries for Rs. 78,000 and Rupees one lakh. He prayed for mercy.

His Worship then convicted the accused on both charges and sentenced him to two years' rigorous imprisonment on each count, the sentences to run consecutively.

INDIAN SOCIAL CLUB IN LONDON

—:o:—

SIR M. BHOWNAGGREE DECLINES PRESIDENTSHIP

LONDON, Jan. 17.

Sir M. Bhownaggree has written from Menton to Mr. Mavlankar, Honorary Secretary of the Indian Social Club, declining his election as honorary life President. He says that he cannot accept the position consistently with the reasons which constrained him to resign after his fifteen years' connection with the Club. He has also intimated his disapproval of the publication of the last Annual Report over his name after his resignation of the presidency.—Reuter.

Madras.—Addressing a public meeting under the joint auspices of the Mahajana Sabha and District Congress Committee, Mr. Satyamurti referring to the rumour regarding the extension of the term of the present legislatures said that they should emphatically protest against such constitutional monstrosity.—A. P.

Cocogem the World's Best Cooking Medium

Latest Wonderful Discovery FOR Unyielding Urinary Diseases.

SPECIFIC FOR GONORRHOEA

Gono-Killer

(REGISTERED.)

Is the unique remedy of the day. If the English and Native drugs have not cured the disease and if the vaccines and injections have failed—at least once try our GONO-KILLER as the last resource. However old and chronic your disease may be GONO-KILLER is useful in all Urinary DISEASES of males and females, in swelling of their private parts, in GONORRHOEA of any type, (fresh or old.) Pain, burning and pus in urine. Gleet, Cystitis. Urethritis, Leucorrhoea, Seminal discharge and all other diseases due to Gonococcus &c. &c.

Price per phial of 50 (fifty) Pills Rs. 3 (three) V. P. Charges extra. For three phials V. P. Charges Free.

Sole Manufacturer: —**Dr. D. N. JASANI,**
137, Kika Street, (Gulal Wadi) BOMBAY, 4.
Telegraphic Address:—**GONO-KILLER, Bombay.**
Bombay Agent:— **A. M. THAKER,** Princess Street.

Matheran! Matheran! Matheran!

NEW SEASON COMMENCED

You will be greatly delighted to enjoy the finest climate that will envigorate your health and refresh your body.

Your visit is welcome at your favourite

"Royal Hindoo Hotel"

Which will Commence from 1st October. For special family accommodations please write to:—

The Manager, **ROYAL HINDOO HOTEL,**
Chawk Hall, Matheran.

DAYARAM DAMODAR MITHAIWALA,

OFFICE: 543, Chirabazar, Bombay. Telephone:—24777.
BRANCH: 293, Tram Terminus, Grant Rd., No.7. Telephone:—41140.

STOCKS AND SHARES

Narrow Trading Session

—:o:—

PRICES QUIET BUT STEADY

Bombay, Jan. 18.

The Stock Exchange displayed somewhat tired appearance and there is little or no inclination to operate. An uncertain atmosphere is encircled owing labour troubles. The market has actually fallen into a rut and both Bears as well as Bulls are anxious to see prices moving in either direction. Speculative business has narrowed considerably and wit houtsiders keeping aloof, there is no reason, to expect any important change in prices. The state of mill shares has influenced considerably on the other industrial shares, where prices changes are narrow and irregular. However such a state of affairs discloses healthy condition of several scrips, which show considerable resistence. Central Bank has announced a dividend of As. 8. The Globe Mills have now assumed a new name of Satya Mills with a capital of Rs. 12 lacs in Rs. 100 shares. 33 per cent. of the capital is offered to public. It is anticipated that the shares will be readily taken up by the public.

It must be borne in mind that there is something materially wrong with the local mill industry and until some sound and lasting remedies are found there is little hope for the betterment of this industry.

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE.

Bombay, Jan. 18

Bombay Dyeing 867, 68, 67.
Century 402, 1, 2.
Colaba 149, 50, 49-6.
Crescent 137
Fazul 777, 78, 77.
Indore 395.
Madhowji 55.
Nagpur 505.
New Great 238-2.
Pearl 500, 1.
Simplex 78.
Swadeshi 455.
Burma 853, 52.
Hydro 1115, 14, 16.
Tram 153.
Deff. 293, 93-2, 92.
Ord. 82/2, 82, 81/14, 81/12.
Bundi 21/2, 21/6, 21/4.
Indian 356/14, 55, 56.
Katni Ord. 242, 446.
Alcock 347.

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

(DIVIDEND LAST HALF YEAR).
Ahmedabad Advance (1000) 355
Apollo (50) nil, 6.
Berar Mills 200) 0, 170.
Bombay Dyeing (20) 3, 867/8
Bombay Cotton (500) nil, 170.
Central India O. (Nagpur) (100) 13 595
Central India P (Nagpur) (500) 12-8, 482/8.
Century (100) (yr. 6) 402/8
Crescent (100) Rs. 135
Colaba Land (100) Rs. 149/6
Dawn (250) 35, 540.
David (500) 260.
E. D. Sassoon United (Rs. 10 Pd. up) Re. 0-10-0.
Edward Sassoon (200) nil, 98.12
Elphinstone (100) nil, 8
Fazulbhoy (100) (yr. 13-12) 777/8
Finlay (100) O 112/8
Framji Petit (1,000) 250.
Gokak Mills (100) Rs. 2-1/2 125
Indore Malwa (100) 13-1/4 395/10.
Indian Dyeing and Bleaching (100) 11 236/4
Jamshed Manufacturing (250) 37-1/2
Kasturchand (500) 16
Kohinoor (100) 13-1/2, 210
Laxmi Cotton (20) 75—1497/8
Madhowji Dharamsey (180) nil, 55
Madras United (250) Rs. 24450.
Minerva (90) 78.
Mysore (50 28 p.c. 170.
Meyer Sassoon (90) 73-12.
Morarji Goculdas (1000) 60,1275
New Great Mills (250) (100) 238/12
Pabaney Mills (200) (10) 7-1/2, 217/8
New City Mills (100) 1-1/2 102/8
Pearl Mills (250) 501/4
Phoenix (100) (yr. 25) 356/4
Sassoon Silk (50) 5-1/2 70.
Simplex (250) 78/12
Sholapur (100) 3255, 5500.
Sir Broacha Mills (100) 12-8.
Swadeshi Mills (700) 15xd. 455
Swan Mills (100) O, 115.
Tata Mills (500) 55.
Vishnu Cotton O. (500) Rs. 90, 2385
Vishnu Cotton P. (500) 7 p.c. 630.

MISCELLANEOUS COMPANIES.

Alcock Ashdown (100) Rs. nil, 347/8
Back Bay Baths (250) Rs..... 40 nom.
Belapur Co. (75 Pd.) 18.
B. Burma T. Corporation (125). 852/8
Burma T. Corporation (50 Pd. up) 302-8.
Tata Oil (100) 25.
Bombay Steam Co. (255) xd. 241/14
Bombay Uganda (100-80 P.) 31.
British Burma Petroleum (5) Ans. 4 5/3
Century Flour Mills (100) 110
Empire of India Life (500-125 Pd.) 48 p.c. 2066.
Indian Flour Mills (60) 110.
Jost Engineering (50) 30 p.c. 192-8.
Jupiter Assurance (100) 12 Pd. 11.
Kemp (200) Rs. 15, 200.
McKenzie (100) 25, 280.
Indian Mercantile Assurance (20 Pd. up) 31-8.
New Indian Assurance (125-15 Pd. up) Rs. 7 xd. 23/8
Vulcan Assurance (100-10 Pd.) Ans. 8, Rs. 7-4.
Oriental Govt. Securities Life Assurance xd. 100-105 Pd). 30 p.c. 212-5.
Port Canning (1,000) Rs. 45, 627 8.
Scindia Steam (15) Rs. 13/3
Tata Iron (85) xd. 81/12
Tata Iron (85) xd. 292/8
Telephone Co. Ord. (50) Rs. 55
Telephone Co. (Deb.) (50) 57

CEMENT AND MANGANESE COMPANIES.

Bundi Cement (10) Rs. 14, 21/4
Central India Mining (10) 12
Gwalior Cement (100) 1064.
Katni Cement 244/6
Katni Cement O. (950) D. O. (100) 244/6
Punjab Cement (10), 14/6
United Cement (100) xd. 94.
Shahabad Cement (100) 7 p.c. 160.
Shivrajpur (10) 26/4

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

Amritsar Patti (100) 8 p.c. 130.
Ahmedabad Prantej (4500) 14 p.c. 915
Central Provinces (100) 5 1/2 p.c. x.d. 100
Dhond Baramati Rly. (100) 6 p.c. 96.
Gujarat (100) 5 p.c. 90.
Hoshiarpur Doab (100) 6 p. c. 97
Larkana (100) 5 p.c. 90.
Mandra Bhon (100-90 Pd.) 5 p.c. 77.
Mymensingh (100) 6 p.c. 101.
Pachora Jammu (100) 5 p.c. 89.
Sara Sirajganj (100) 5-1/4 p.c. 94.
Sialkot Narowal (100) 5 p.c. 100.
Sind Light (100) 12-1/2, 134.
Tapti Valley (500) 8-1/2 p.c. 697/8
Upper Sind (100) 4 p.c. 87

PRESS COMPANIES.

Fort (475) 10, 175.
Harvey and Sabapathy (500) 1165.
Volkart U. P. (500) Rs. 25, 487-8.

ELECTRIC UNDERTAKINGS.

Ahmedabad Electric (300) 6 p.c. 135.
Andhra Valley O p.c. xd. 577/8
Andhra Valley P (1000) 7 p.c. 975.
Bombay Tramways O. (50) Rs. 4-8 xd. 153/12
Bombay Tramways P. (250) 7 p.c. 82
Karachi Electricity (100) 7-1/2 p.c. 139
Poona Electricity (100) 7 p.c. 125-10.
Tata Hydro Elec. (O) (100) 880, 1143/15 1116/4
Tata Power P. (1000) 7 p.c. 134
Tata Power O. (100) 487-8.
Tata Hydro P. (1000) 7 p.c. 1030.
Surat Electric (O.) (100) 5 p.c. 185.
Surat Electric P. (100) 6-1/2 p.c. 104.
Indian Cotton (125) Rs. 17 p.c. 217-8.
Manmad Manufacturing (250) Rs. 20 270.
New Perar (500) Rs. 70, 880.
New Mofussil (400) 45, Rs. 500.
New Prince of Wales (100) Rs. 25, 495

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, Jan. 18.

31-1/2 p.c. Rupee Paper Rs. 73/2
4 per cent Conversion Loan due 1931-36 Rs. 92/12.
4 per cent Loan due 1934/37 Rs. 92/4
4 per cent Loan due 1960/70 Rs. 84/10
4-1/2 per cent. Bonds due 1934 Rs. 96/9
4-1/2 per cent. Loan due 1955-60 Rs. 94/10
5 per cent War Loan due 1929-47 Rs. 99/8
5 per cent Loan due 1935 Rs. 100/8
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 101-2.
5 per cent Loan (Tax Free) due 1945-55 Rs. 104/6/0
6 per cent War Bonds (Tax Free) due 1930 Rs. 101/7.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1931 Rs. 102/7.
6 per cent Bonds (Tax Free) due 1932 Rs. 103/7.
6-1/2 per cent B'bay Devp. Loan (Tax Free) due 1935 Rs. 108/4.
4 per cent Port Trust due 1974 Rs. 82/8
4 per cent Municipal due 1974 Rs 81/10
4 per cent Improvement Trust due 1974 Rs. 81/12.
6 per cent Bombay Municipal due 1954 Rs. 110/2.
6 per cent Municipal due 1929-49 Rs. 100/12
Forward Rates 1st Feb. sett:
3-1/2 p.c. Rupee Paper Rs. 73/2/9
1945/55 Rs. 104/6/6
Tone of Market:—Easier at the close.

LONDON DISCOUNTS.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

3 Months Discounts 4 5/16 per cent
6 Months Discounts 4 3/8 per cent
Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 per cent
Money Call 5 per cent.
One month 5 per cent.
Three months 5-1/4 per cent.
Six months 5-1/4 per cent.
Twelve months 4 1/4 per cent.
Tone of Money Market.—Steady.
Imperial Bank of India Rate 7 per cent.

BOMBAY

—:o:—

BOMBAY COTTON MARKET.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

The local market opened to-day at Rs. 359/8 for Broach A/M. delivery and improved to Rs. 360/4 when prices again declined to Rs. 359/8 on profit taking. Liverpool opened to-day firm at a decline of 3 points and rates at 4130 p.m. were as under:—

Broach A/M.	360/8
Oomra D/J.	320/8
Oomra March	323
Bengal D/J.	273/8
Bengal March	279/8

SAMPIN QUOTATIONS

—:o:—

SQUEEZE IN JANUARY

Bombay, Jan. 18.

There is some excitement in the Sampin Market, where January position is showing considerable firmness. To-day's morning session closed as under:—

January	236.50+0.60
April	242.00—2.20
July	236.50—1.90

COTTON TENDERS.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

	To-day	Total
F. G. M. G. Bengal	800	16,100
Fine M. G. Oomra	300	7,600

LINSEED AND WHEAT.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Linseed May	10 11 0
Wheat Jan.	8 10 9
Wheat May	7 13 9

ROOM RATE

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Bengal D./J.	274
Bengal March	281
Broach A./M.	360
Oomra D./J.	321
Oomra March	324

SPOT RATES.

Bengal	289	284	276	269
Sind	291	286	278	271
Punjab	286	281	273	266
Rajputtana	289	284	276	269
Oomra No 3	334	329	323	313
C. P. No. 1	354	349	343	333
C. P. No. 2	344	339	333	323
Khandesh	—	—	301	291

READY COTTON SALES.

100 Forbes & Co. Khamgaon 290
200 Do Pandhurna 339
100 Virji Ladha Dhulia 260
200 Birla Bros C. Po. No 2 305
100 Sharaff Coopar & Co Ahmednager 239
100 E. D. Sassoon & Co. Nanded 355
200 N Fatehalli & Co. Pandharpur 303
100 Japan T. & Co. Hingoli 301
200 Do Pachora 275
100 P. Crystal & Co. Botad 272
100 Currimbhai Mill Pandharpur 300
200 P. R. Vakharia Wun 329
100 H. Nenshi & Co. Khamgoan 306
100 Langh & Co. Upland 352
100 Jamshed Mill Amraoti old 236

INDIAN COTTON FIGURES

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Bombay, Jan. 17.

In Full-pressed Bales	Yester-day	Since 1st September. This year	Last year
Khandesh	2,035	147,455	152,213
Central India	3,304	81,045	112,763
Barsi and Nagar	1,514	87,166	133,995
Hyderabad-Gaorani	701	29,470	51,287
Berar	3,276	346,704	317,647
Central Provinces	1,291	1,70,921	131,487
Total Oomras	12,121	862,761	899,393
Dholera	1,197	29,461	45,936
N.-W. Provinces	60	53,283	58,892
Rajputana	1,201	16,985	17,024
Sind-Punjab	663	23,413	75,874
Broach	...	3,455	2,597
Compta and Dharwar	...	8791	3,355
Westerns-Northerns	132	7,477	3,268
Cocoanda	...	1	...
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	57	3,436	7,025
Persian	...	645	3,018
American	...	1,935	21,111
Egyptian and African	...	16,993	9,087
Comilla, Burma and other sorts.	...	10	64
Total	15,431	1,027,656	1,146,642

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY.

Bombay, Jan. 17.

In Full-pressed Bales	1st Sept to Yester-day	10th Jan. This year	Last year
Europe	8,831	284,894	167,604
Japan & China	7,398	475,080	215,464
Coast Ports		273	6,899	9,456
Up-country by Rail	...	42,498	31,749
Afloat in harbour for Europe, China and Japan	...	47,770	69,068
Total	16,502	857,141	4,93,541

COFFEE—NEW YORK MARKET.

New York, Jan. 17.

Coffee, Fair Rio (No. 7, quality), Spot 18-1/8.

NEW YORK DEMAND BILLS.

New York, Jan. 17.

Demand Bills 484.62

LONDON SILVER.

London, Jan. 17.

Silver: Market is quiet.

Spot	26-1/8
Forward	26-1/4

LONDON EXCHANGES.

London, Jan. 17.

T.T. Berlin on London	20.39-7/8
T.T. Amsterdam on London	12.09-7/8
T.T. Brussels on London	34.91
T.T. Madrid on London	29.71
T.T. Milan on London	92.69
T.T. Berne on London	25.22
T.T. Paris on London	124.05
T.T. London on Prague	164.75

Money Market

—:o:—

EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Bombay, Jan. 18.

B C RATE:—
T T 1/6.
D D 1/6 1/32.
LONDON—
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/32
Banks Selling D. D. 1/6 1/16
Banks Selling T T 1/6 1/32 Jan.
Banks Selling T T 1/6. Feb.
Banks Buying T T 1/6 1/16
Banks Buying D D 1/6 3/32
Banks Buying 3 Mos 1/6 5/16 Jan.
NEW YORK:—
B. C. T. T. 275 1/4
Banks Selling T T 274 3/4
Banks Buying T T 274
Banks Buying 3 months 268-1/2.
PARIS:—
Banks Selling D D 930.
Banks Buying D D 940
Banks Buying 3 Mos 955
JAPAN:—
Banks Selling T T 125
Banks Buying 60 days 122
HONGKONG:—
Banks Selling D D 137 1/4
SHANGHAI:—
Banks Selling O. D. 173 1/2
SINGAPORE:—
Banks Selling D D 154
JAVA:—
Banks Selling D D 90-3/4.
CROSS RATE:—
New York/London 4.85 1/16 17th inst.
Shanghai/London 2/7 1/16 18th inst
London/Japan 1/10 7/16 17th inst
London/Paris 124.05 17th inst.
London/Belgium 34.90 17th inst
London/Switzerland 25.21 17th inst
London/Italy 92.70 17th inst.
Tone of Sterling Exchange:—Quiet.
Gold £4-4-11-1/2 17th inst £4 4 11 1/2 16th inst
Silver London Ready 26 1/8 17th inst 26 1/4 16th inst
Silver London Forward 26 1/4 17th inst 26 3/8 16th inst
Silver New York Ready 57 17th inst
London Discounts 3 Mos 4 5/16 p.c.; 17th inst 4 5/16 p.c.; 16th inst
London Discounts 6 Mos 4 3/8 p.c.; 17th inst 4 3/8 16th inst.
Imperial Bank Rate 7 p.c. Bank of England Rate 4-1/2 p.c.
Money: Inter Bank Call 5-1/2 p.c. 3 mos 5-1/2 p c. 6 mos 5-1/4 p.c. 12 mos 4-1/2 p.c.
Tone:—In Demand.

BULLION MARKET.

(The Bombay Bullion Brokers' Association Ltd.)

SILVER.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

London Ready 26/2.
London Forward 26/4
America Cent 57/-
China opening 2/7 Closing 2/7.
Ready 59/2
Poush Opening 59/2 Highest 59/3 Lowest 59/1, 6 p. m. 59/2
Tejimundi -/5/-
Magh Opening 59/6, Highest 59/7 Lowest 59/5 6 p. m. 59/6
Tejimundi -/12/-
Tone of Silver:—Quiet and steady. India bought. China sold. America offered after fixing. Market closed with buyers satisfied but sellers not pressing.

GOLD.

Ready 21/8/6
Poush 21/7/3
Magh 21/6/9
National City 21/8/9
N. Manordass 21/7/9
N. Motilal 21/8/6

PRODUCE RECEIPTS.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Wheat	808	Cwts.
Linseed	2,895	"
Rape, Rai annd Mustardseeds	304	"
Gingellyseeds	6,381	"
Poppyseed	11	"
Groundnuts	41,270	"
Castorseed	4,108	"
Rice	54,985	"
Myrabollams	2,915	"
Cottonseed	14,662	"
Mowrnseed	114	"
Gram	30	"
Joowar	641	"
Maize	50	"
Barley	872	"
Bajree	112	"
Coal	1,500	Tons.

THE SEEDS TRADING ASSOCIATION.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Castorseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 50/10/6 Highest Rs. 50/12/6 Closing Rs. 50/11

Cottonseeds Delivery January Opening Rs. 4/12/9 Highest Rs. 4/13/6 Closing Rs. 4/13/1-1/2

Cottonseeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 4/13/3 Highest Rs. 4/13/6 Closing Rs. 4/13/3

Groundnut Seeds Delivery February Opening Rs. 53/15/6 Highest Rs. 54/2/3 Closing Rs. 54/1/6

Groundnut Seeds Delivery May Opening Rs. 56/2/6 Highest Rs. 56/4/6 Closing Rs. 56/3/6

LIVERPOOL WHEAT MARKETS.

Liverpool, Jan. 17.

March close at s 9/2 5/8d.
May close at s 9/3 5/8d.
July close at s 9/5 5/8d.
March Chicago Wheat close at 120 cents.

OILS & CAKES.

(THE TATA OIL MILLS. QUOTATION) EX GODOWN BOMBAY

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Filtered Cocoanut Oil Ready Rs. 606/- per ton.
Filtered Mowra Oil Ready Rs. 540/- per ton.
Cocoanut Cake Ready Rs. 155/- per ton.

On Sale Everywhere

HENNESSY'S BRANDY

The Genuine Brandy

Bottled in Cognac

Sole Agents:
HERBERT, 40R & Co., Ltd., 11-15, Elphinstone Circle, BOMBAY.

NEW YORK AND LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET

PRIVATE CABLES.

Messrs. Patel Bros. have received the following cables from New York dated 17th instant:—

March Highest 20.40 (at the opening), 20.18 (at the close).

New York Market declined on long liquidation.

Messrs. Khimji Poonja & Co. have received the following cable from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Hornby Hemelryk & Co., dated 17th instant:—

"New York cables; Larhe Wall Street House sold out but Trade buying continues."

Reuter:—"Market was easier on absence of any important buying and also by southern selling and liquidation."

Messrs. Breul & Co. have received the following cable D/- 17th instant, (11-5 a.m.) from their Liverpool friends Messrs. Reynolds and Gibson:—

"We remain conservatively bullish although present prices may be high enough for the immediate future; and would suggest buying on all breaks."

Messrs. Grunning & Co. Liverpool D/- 17th instant:—

"Southern offers reveal stiffening of basis. Looks higher. Tendency commodities generally appears upwards."

From New York:—"Quiet and a shade easier with little buying power. Disappointed long liquidating. Market acts tired. Piece good enquiry shows some little improvement but less than expected. Yarn market quiet and steady."

NEW YORK COTTON.

New York, Jan. 17.

March	20.18—17
May	20.19—18
July	19.82—17
October	19.47—15
December	19.43—19
Middling Spot	20.35—20

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, Jan. 17.

March	19.57—14
May	19.59—14
Middling Spot	19.37—13

NEW YORK.

New York, 11 a.m. (As known on Liverpool at closing time)

March	20.31
May	20.33
July	19.96

New York, Noon Call.

March	20.23
May	20.31
July	19.91

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS.

New York, Jan. 17.

	Bales.
Day's Receipts at all U. S. Ports	16,000
Day's Exports to Great Britain	Nil
Day's Exports to the Continent	2,000

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F. P. Bales	1928-29	1927-1928
Receipts to date	17-1-29	7396000	6456000
" Yesterday do		16000	16000
Exports to date do		5223000	4389000
Stock at Ports	11-1-29	2257000	2460000
" Interior Towns do		1203000	1265000
" Liverpool	11-1-29	984000	842000
Visible Supply	11-1-29	5809000	5889000
Quantity in Sight do		11850000	10719000

INDIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 17.

Scinde, Fully Good	7.50+.55
Scinde, Fine	7.75+.60
Scinde, Superfine	8.00+.65
Bengal, Good	7.25+.05
Bengal, Fully Good	7.50+.05
Bengal, Fine	7.75+.05
Oomra, Good	7.85+.05
Oomra, Fully Good	8.15+.05
Oomra, Fine	8.45+.05
Broach, Fully Good	8.95+.05
Broach, Fine	9.20+.05
Broach, Superfine	9.45+.05

EGYPTIAN COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 17.

	Opening	Closing
January		18.59—01
February		18.59—01
March		18.84—04
April		18.84—04
May		19.00—03
June		18.97—01
July		19.07—03
August		19.07—03
September		19.07—03
October		18.99—03
November		18.91—01
December		18.91—01
Sakellaridis, F.G.F., Spot		19.20

LIVERPOOL COTTON.

Liverpool, Jan. 17.

January	10.47	10.41—02
February		10.42—01
March	10.50	10.45—01
April		10.46—01
May	10.54	10.54	10.49—01
May	10.54	10.49—01
June		10.44—02
July	10.49	10.45—01
August		10.36—01
September		10.29—01
October	10.27	10.23—01
November		10.19—01
December		10.19—02
January		10.17—02
Middling Spot		10.74+.02

LONDON GOLD

London, Jan. 17.

Bar Gold, Fine, per oz. 84-17-10½

TRADE AND FINANCE

Fall of Rs. 325 Lacs in Trade Demand

MANIPULATIONS OF BULLS IN GILT-EDGED MARKET

—:o:—

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

(From Our Special Correspondent).

Bombay, Jan. 18.

MONEY.

Money this week has been less steady and funds were readily available at about 5 1/2 per cent. This lull has been occasioned by the payment of maturing treasury bills last Saturday to the extent of Rs. 99 lakhs as well as the recent expansion of currency against sovereigns tendered to Government. The trade demand fell markedly by about Rs. 325 lakhs, but this and the present monetary conditions are deemed temporary. Reports from up-country centres indicate that cotton arrivals there are increasing. Further to this no consequential amounts of treasury bills will be maturing after 19th January until the middle of March. The following are the fixed deposit rates:—One to three months 5 1/2 per cent., and six months 5 per cent.

The statement of the Imperial Bank of India as of the 11th January, 1928, shows an increase of Rs. 133.16 lakhs in the Cash balance of the Bank now standing at Rs. 11,61,36,000 as compared with Rs. 10.65 crores at this time last year. The percentage of cash to liabilities is 13.97, an increase of 1.92 per cent. over last week. Loans, Cash credits and Inland Bills discounted have all declined by Rs. 221.38 lakhs, Rs. 14.47 lakhs and Rs. 83.04 lakhs respectively. Government deposits are down by Rs. 132.99 lakhs to Rs. 5.19 crores, probably due in part to payment of matuing treasury bills and other deposits by Rs. 4.87 lakhs to Rs. 70.55 crores. The Bank rate is unchanged at 7 per cent.

GILT-EDGED MARKET.

A striking feature of the gilt-edged market, which has perceptibly steadied, has been the spectacular rise in the price of 3 1/2 per cent. Paper. Manipulations of bull operators and bear covering forced the price of this issue from Rs. 72-12 to Rs. 73-7. 5 per cent. 1945-55 Loan also advanced from Rs. 103-12 to Rs. 104-7. In other scrips the appreciations have been only fractional. 5 per cent. 1935 and 1933 Loans are quoted at Rs. 100-8 and Rs. 101-2. 6 per cent. Bonds 1930 and 1931 changed hands at Rs. 101-7 and Rs. 102-7, and 1932 at Rs. 103-7. 6 1/2 per cent. Bombay Development Loan steadied to Rs. 108-4. 4 per cent. 1960-70 Loan improved to Rs. 84-10 and 1934-37 to Rs. 92-4. 4 1/2 per cent. 1955-60 Loans advanced from Rs. 94-2 to Rs. 94-10 and 1934 Bonds from Rs. 96-6 to Rs. 96-9.

EXCHANGE.

Sterling exchange was on the whole steady with sellers of ready T. T. at 1s. 6 1/32d. and buyers at 1s. 6 1/16d. The number of export bills appearing in the local market was not great, but the principal strength was contributed by Calcutta. The enquiry for bullion remittances has shown some improvement. In the forward market these rates obtain:—Upto 15th February 1s. 6 1/32d., 15th February to 15th March 1s. 6d., 15th March to end of April 1s. 5 31/32d., May 1s. 5 15/16d., and June 1s .5 29/32d.

The dollars sterling quotation declined during the week from Dollars 4.85 1/16 to Dollars 4.84 31/32. French francs were almost stationary at 124-10. The Belga and the Italian lira remained unchanged at 34.90 and 92.70.

GOLD.

A firm tone has been noted in the gold market, the price of ready rising by over an anna to Rs. 21-7-9 per tola. The improved daily offtake of about 20,000 tolas as well as the small supplies on hand of approximately one lakh tolas have been responsible for this condition. The rates for sovereigns both ready and forward are unchanged at Rs. 13-6-9. In London the quotation for gold stands at 84s. 11 1/2d. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 21-7-9 and Rs. 21-6-3 for ready, Rs. 21-7-6 and Rs. 21-6-9 for 26th January settlement and Rs. 21-6-3 and Rs. 21-6-6 for 25th February settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £30,000 gold. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India is about £95,000. The total imports during the week amounted to Rs. 16,15,430 in bar and coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £43,000.

SILVER.

Silver developed weakness towards the close though it had been steady during the forepart. Advices from Shanghai were unfavourable, the price of the metal in London eased and with a comparatively small offtake of about 120 bars a day, local prices could hardly be maintained. Ready was first quoted at Rs. 59-11 per 100 tolas, but closed quiet at Rs. 59-0. During the period under report the volume of bazaar trading was fairly extensive. America as well as China Banks were interested in selling, but their transactions were only moderate. Stocks on hand approximate 5,500 bars excluding the shipment of 662 bars to Shanghai. In Shanghai the rate for T. T. on London declined from 2s. 7 7/16d. to 2s. 7 1/16d. In London the spot price eased to 26 1/8d. and forward to 26 1/4d. In our market the highest and lowest rates were Rs. 59-11 and Rs. 59-0 for ready, Rs. 59-14 and Rs. 59-8 for 30th January settlement and Rs. 60-2 and Rs. 59-6 for 28th February settlement. The incoming mail is expected to bring £97,000 silver. Inclusive of these arrivals and exclusive of the present week's shipment the total visible supply from London to India and China £266,000. The total imports during the week amounted to 1,013 bars and Rs. 517,765 in coin. This week's shipment from London is expected to be £23,000.

SHARES.

The trend in the cotton mill section, more particularly in the latter part of the week, was somewhat towards bettered prices, though the volume of business was small. Covering operations appear to be the only responsible factor. The following are the fluctuations in some of the leading issues:—Bombay Dyeings Rs. 861/4-868/12; Century Rs. 398/12-397/8-403/12; Central India Rs. 502/8-505; Crescent Rs. 135-138/12; Fazulbhoy Rs. 770-778/12; Indian Bleaching Rs. 233/12-236/4; Indore Malwa Rs. 393/12-395; Kohinoor Rs. 207/8-211/4; New Great Rs. 235-237/8; Pearls Rs. 495-502/8; Simplex Rs. 77/8-78/12; and Swadeshi Rs. 452/8-456/4.

In the miscellaneous section most attention was centered upon Tata Iron and Steel issues which are in a better position at the close. Most other shares, however, have been relatively inactive. Tata Ordys. closed at Rs. 82-6 and Defds. at Rs 295. Tata Hydros are quoted at Rs. 1,116 4. Ascocks were unchanged at Rs. 247-8. Bombay Burma shares improved slightly from Rs. 847-8 to Rs. 853-12. Bombay Tramway shares show no alteration at Rs. 153-12. Bombay steams were a trifle steady at Rs. 243-12. Cement shares were rather dull, Bundies being quoted at Rs. 21 and Indian Cements at Rs. 357-8. Katni Ordys. were unaltered at Rs. 242-8 xd. and Defds. at Rs. 860. Among Railway shares Ahmedabad Prantij show a small recession from Rs. 920 to Rs. 915. Sialkot and Gujarat Railways quietened to Rs. 92 and Rs. 99.

Imperial Bank shares were unmoved at about Rs. 1,480 and Contributories at Rs. 362-8. Bank of India shares are quoted at Rs. 101 and Central Bank at Rs. 22-8.

YARN MARKET REPORT

Bombay, Jan. 18.

The Yarn market has remained steady in local yarns and rather weak in English and Japanese yarns. Stocks with the dealers have increased by this time in all kinds of yarn and they are now eager to make sales of their holdings at best available rates. Owing to selling pressure to some extent prices ceased somewhat in English and Japanese yarns and in Indian yarns demand was there at the present prices. Consuming districts are still confident that the cotton prices will not be going down in the near future but will slowly and slowly improve and are therefore purchasing for their immediate requirements. Demand cannot be said to be satisfactory at the present level but if cotton keeps up to the present level we do expect the prices to remain steady in all kinds of yarns. Rangoon, China as well as Punjab markets were quiet during the week and no business of importance has been reported.

English Yarns.—In case of single yarns ready delivery stocks are not increasing but they are sold at best available rates and prices have remained steady. In case of double yarns heavy arrivals are there and there was a selling pressure at present and owing to this prices have gone down by 1/4 anna per lb. all round. Further business is not reported during the week as the prices quoted by home friends are comparatively high and as long as prices are quoted higher we do not expect any business of importance in the near future.

Japanese Yarns.—Stocks have increased in 40s. single as well as in two-fold yarns, and thus owing to selling pressure prices have gone down by 1/4 anna per lb. during the week. Demand is not satisfactory as the dealers do not wish to hurry up in purchasing when the prices are going down. We expect a good demand at the present level of prices as soon as the prices are ready. Shanghai yarns are also in stock and prices have gone down by 1/4 anna per lb. In case of Mercerised yarns stocks have increased and demand is not satisfactory at the present level and therefore prices have gone down by 1/2 anna per lb. during the week. We do not expect any material decline but we expect the prices to remain steady at the persent level. Forward business is not reported as the dealers have no full confidence at the present level. Dealers have adopted a wait and see policy and we therefore do not expect any business of importance in the near future as long as cotton goes up.

Artificial Silk Yarns:—Stocks are daily increasing and prices are rapidly going down. During the week prices have eased by 1/2 anna per lb. all round and as the prices have gone down demand has increased to some extent.

Indian Yarns—Prices are the same as last week with moderate demand and in some yarns ready delivery is now available. Up-country buyers have not got sufficient stocks and they are purchasing for their immediate requirements and therefore prices are steady We do not expect any big change in the near future.

The tone of the market is steady and any important fluctuations are not expected in the near future.

WEEKLY COAL REPORT

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Since our last report, a fair quantity of Lodna Steam Coal and Shamla Kendra Coal ex s.s. Dara have changed hands at Rs. 16/12 per ton c.i.f. and Rs. 15 per ton c.i.f. respectively. A small quantity of Natal Coal ex s.s. Streonshalh has also changed hands at sh. 26/6 per ton Northern Navigation and at Sh. 26/- per ton Natal Group. A quantity of about 2000 tons of Victoria Steam Coal ex s.s. Arabistan has been sold at Rs. 16/6 per ton c.i.f.

The market is firm and steady though the freight from Calcutta to Bombay is somewhat easier. It is reported a steamer has been fixed for January shipment at Rs. 7/4 per ton.

Steamers discharging Coal in the stream. Dated of arrival:—

14-1-29 s.s. Streonshalh, Natal Group and Northern Navigation, S. D. Shethia and Co.

16-1-29 s.s. Dara, Lodna Steam Coal and Shamla Kendra Coal, Choonilal Girdharlal and Co.

17-1-29 s.s. Gantoise, Natal Group and Northern Navigation, Choonilal Harilal and Co.

Steamers expected to arrive with Coal Cargo:—

18-1-29 s.s. Arabistan, Victoria Steam Coal, Choonilal Harilal and Co.

21-1-29 s.s. Sarvistan, Lodna Steam Coal, Choonilal Girdharlal and Co.

22-1-29 s.s. Rahmani, Deshargarh Coal, Andrew Yule and Co.

2-2-29 s.s. Kilnsea, Deshargarh Coal, Andrew Yule and Co.

4-2-29 s.s. Shuja, Lodna Steam Coal, Turner Morrison and Co.

6-2-29 s.s. Magician, Lodna and Shamla Coal, Choonilal Girdharlal Co.

S.S. Sultania, Bengal Coal, Choonilal Harilal and Co.

S.S. Zayani, Poniati Coal, Gandhi and Co.

S.S. Sarvistan (next voyage), Bengal Coal, Choonilal Harilal and Co.

QUOTATIONS.

Northern Navigatin C.I.F. 26/6sh.

Natal Group C.I.F. 26/3 sh.

Lodna Steam Coal Rs. 26/12; Ex-Scales Darukhana Rs. 18.

Deshargarh Coal C.I.F. Rs. 16/12; Ex-Scales Darukhana Rs. 18.

Victoria Steam Coal C.I.F. Rs. 16/6.

Shamla Kendra Coal C.I.F. Rs. 15/4.

Seebpore/Poniati C.I.F. Rs. 16.

KARACHI SHARE MARKET

We have received the following weekly report from Messrs. Gulab & Co. dated Karachi 15th inst:—

RAILWAY.

A limited business has transpired in Railway shares. The Upper Sinds changed hands at Rs. 89 per share and the Sind Lights at Rs 140 per share. The Larkhanas have been wanting but the scrip is scarce.

ELECTRICS.

This section has been quiet in sympathy, with no notable change in the prices of the Karachi Electrics and Hyderabad Electrics to report. The Ajmers have been a short scrip and the buyers have to pay full prices for them. The buyers are still out for these shares.

FLOURS.

There is nothing to report in this section.

GOVT. SECURITIES.

Inspite of the tightness of the money market the Government securities have been a firm spot with some rise over the last weeks closing quotations. This is due to covering operations by bears and the shortage of the ready scrip. The Bank rate is unchanged at 7 p.c. with the call money at 5 to 5 1/2 p.c.

Name of the Company	Present value.
Sind Lights	140 0 0
Sind Lighterage	135 0 0
Larkhana Jacobabad	91 0 0
Upper Sinds	89 0 0
ELECTRICS:—	
Karachi Electrics	140 0 0
Hyderabad Electrics	135 0 0
DEBENTURES:—	
6 p.s. Karachi Port Trust	109 8 0
FLOUR MILLS:	
Karachi Flour Mills	135 0 0
India Flour Mills	110 0 0
Century Flour Mills	100 0 0

BOMBAY WEEKLY STATISTICS.

(The East India Cotton Asso. Ltd.)

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Receipts for week ending 17th Jan.—

	1929 Bales.	1928 Bales.
Bengals	8406	15839
Otomras	108921	120555
Dholleras	5763	6832
Broach	Nil.	Nil
Southerns	783	638
Persians		27
Americans	Nil.	Nil
Egyptians		247
E. Africans	8	64
Other sorts	Nil.	Nil
Total	123881	144202

Exports for week ending 17th Jan:—

	Bales.
United Kingdom	3575
Continent	20123
China	2935
Japan	60226
Coast Ports	382
Total	87351
Afloat in Harbour:—	
Europe	4883
China, Japan & Coast Ports	28395
Total	33278

Receipts from 1st Sept. to 17th Jan.—

1928-29	1927-28
1027656	1146643

Exports from 1st Sept. to 17th Jan:

	1928-29	1927-28
United Kingdom	16324	16331
Continent	288913	175505
China	53127	3800
Japan	485224	299661
Coast Ports	7281	9856
U.S.A.	3355	670
Total	854224	505823 Bales.

Total exports gy rail, 1st Sept. 1928 to 17th Jan. 1929 44,074

Estimated Mill consumption in Bombay from 1st Sept 1928 to 17th Jan. 1929 144,765

Same period last year 334,333

Estimated stock of raw cotton held by Exporters, Dealers and Mills in Bombay on 17th Jan. 1929 957,489

Same time last year 697,479

CALCUTTA GUNNY MARKET

(Messrs J. THOMES & CO.)

CALCUTTA, Jan. 16.

Heavy Goods.—A fair general trade has been transacted during the week, the market having improved in tone in sympathy with hessians and moderate demand from shippers. The business reported is largely for the latter half of the year, and the early months of 1930, but prices have appreciated a little for all deliveries.

For the U. K. and Continent.—B. Twills for Ready at Rs. 45-8-0 to Rs. 46-4-0, for January at Rs. 45 12 0 to Rs. 46-4-0, for April/June at Rs. 44/0/0 to Rs. 44/8/0; B. Twills (42½"X25" hd.) for July at Rs 44/12/0 basis; Liverpoo's for January at Rs. 49/8/0 to Rs. 49/4/0 to Rs. 49/12/0, for February/March at Rs. 49/12/0, for April/June at Rs. 49/10/0 to Rs. 49/8/0; Liverpool Twils (41½"X14" hd.) for Judw at 50/0/0 basis; Cuban Sugar Bags for January at Rs. 56/8/0, for January/March 1930 at Rs. 54/0/0.

For the Colonies.—Cornsacks for July/September at Rs. 45/0/0; Woolpacks for July at Rs. 2/2/9; Sydney Woolpacks (11½ lbs.) for January at Rs. 2/2/6 basis.

For Burmah and the Straits.—Heavy Cees for February/April at Rs. 44/6/0, for October/December at Rs. 43/4/0 to Rs. 43/8/0; A. Twills for Ready at Rs. 51/8/0 for October/March at Rs. 50/12/0 to Rs 50/8/0 to Rs. 51/0/0, for January/March 1930 at Rs. 50/8/0 to Rs. 51/0/0; A. Twills (safety sewn) for January at Rs. 54/12/0, for October/December at Rs. 53/0/0, for November/March and January/March 1930 at Rs. 52/8/0.

For the Up-Country Markets and Bombay.—B. Twills for Ready at Rs. 45/8/0 to Rs. 46/4/0, for January at Rs. 45/12/0 to Rs. 46/4/0, for April/June at Rs. 44/0/0 to Rs. 44/8/0, for July/September at Rs. 43/8/0 to Rs. 43/4/0 to Rs. 44/0/0 to 43/12/0, for July/December at Rs. 43/12/0, of October/December, October/March and January/March at Rs. 43/0/0; Liverpool Twills for January at Rs. 49/8/0 to Rs. 49/4/0 to Rs. 49/12/0, for February/March at Rs. 49/12/0, for April/June at Rs. 49/0/0 to Rs. 49/8/0, for July/September at Rs. 48/12/0

Hessians.—There has been a firmer tone in the market during the past week, largely owing to unconfirmed bazaar rumours of the possible extension of labour troubles. Rates in all positions record a small advance, except ready 11 porters which remain unchanged. Forward business has been largely confined to 11 porters for the latter half of the year, mills taking no interest in business for the earlier deliveries.

40"—8 ozs. for Ready and January at Rs. 15/14/0 to Rs. 15/12/0 to Rs. 16/3/0 to Rs. 16/1/0.

40"—7½ ozs. for Ready and January at Rs. 15/13/0 to Rs. 15/11/0 Rs. 16/1/0 to Rs. 15/15/0.

CEYLON SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special telegram from Colombo, to-day —

Name of Company.	Latest prices Rs.
Bukit Darah Rubber	20
Cabunai Rub. and Tea	10
Ceylon Planters	25
Ceylon Rubber	41
Clunes Estates	24
Cochin Rubber	35
Eila Tea	175
Estates Co. of Uva	35-8
Fairlawn Estate	36
Frocester Estates	60
Hatbawe Rubber	13
Honiton Rubber	7
Horawalla Rubber	42
Indo-Malay Estates	16
Jambulande T. & Rub.	11
Jabongi Rubber	16
Kaiutara Company	38
Kalutara Rubber	18
Kelani Valley Rub.	31
Langat River	25
Lanka Rubber	60
Lansdowne Rubber	155
Maha Uva Estates	52
Meall Mor Estates	24
Mirishena Rubber	35
Narangoda Rubber	20
Neuchatel Estates	15
North-Western Rub	25
Pelmadulla T. & Rub.	23
Rubber Growers'	24
Saffragam T. & Rub.	180
Talgaswella Tea	50
Torrington Tea	23
Udabage Tea	50
Udapolia Rubber	22
Ullswater Rubber	9
Vogan Tea	44
Warriapolla Estate	24

Remarks:—Rubger Spot Colombo—Re. 0/5-13/4 cents.

LONDON'S PREMIER FINANCIAL POSITION

—:o:—

Prominent Banker Explains

Mr. Fredrick Hyde, Joint Managing Director of the Midland Bank, in his Presidential address to the Institute of Bankers, dealt with bills of exhange, and the following section of his address is of interest to the general public, for it shows why London still holds premier position in the world of finance.

"We will consider, as our first example, a bill which is typical of a large class of instruments by which our import trade is finance. This bill, let us suppose, is drawn by cotton merchants in Texas on a Liverpool bank in respect of a shipment of 100 bales of cotton. The Liverpool importer arranges with his bank for an acceptance credit and instructs his seller in Texas to draw a bill on the bank and to attach to it the shipping documents. The Texas merchant then sells the bill with the ducments attached, to a banker in the United States, who sends it forward to his London banker, or to that banker's Liverpool branch or agent, to be accepted. On acceptance the acceptor retains the documents as his security for the credit granted, and the accepted bill is either discounted or retained in depot by the London banker for account of the remitting American bank. The bills drawn against imports of wool, meat, again or other produce are similar in character, and the important part they play in connection with a vital section of our foreign trade is apparent.

"Our next example is of a different kind, namely, a bill drawn on a Manchester bank by a merchant in respect of manufactured goods shipped to India. The acceptance credit in this case is granted by the bank to the drawer, and the shipping documents which accompany the bill are sent by the accepting bank to a merchant house in India which has instructions from the drawer to dispose of the goods and remit the proceeds to the accepting bank specifically as received.

"The Indian house in this case acts as trustee for the accepting bank in respect of the goods until sold, and afterwards of the debt due from the buyers until actual payment is made, when, as already stated, the proceeds are specifically remitted to the bank to provide the funds to meet the acceptance when due.

"In the former instance we had a bill arising out of a sale of goods to this country from abroad, whiie in the latter case the goods manufactured here are being sold abroad; in both cases the bill is instrumental in financing the foreign trade of this country.

"We will now take an example of a bill which has nothing to do with our own foreign trade. It is drawn let us say, on an English bank by a firm in India and is against a shipment of gunnies to America. Here the American importer has gone to his bank and asked for a credit to be opened in London under which the seller of the gunnies in Calcutta can draw on the English bank, attaching to his bill the shipping documents. The English bank accepts the bills on account of its American banking correspondent and sends him the shipping documents.

"The purchaser in America is under the obligation to provide the American bank with funds to be remitted to the London bank before the maturity of the bill. Although there is neither a purchase nor a sale in this country of goods in respect of the bill, it must be remembered that everything that encourages the shipment of merchandise is of special interest to us in view of the importance of our shipping industry.

"It will be noted that the three bills we have considered form a very interesting sequence—America exports cotton to England, England exports manufactures to India, and India exports jute to America. In each case transaction is financed by a bill payable in London, and London thus becomes the clearing house through which settlement is effected of all the bills and the banker for the whole triangle of trade."

STERLING SHARE QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 18.

Messrs. Forbes and Lund have received the following quotations by special Cablegram from London today:—

Name of Company	Latest prices.
Andhra Valley (7 1/2 p.c. 1933 Notes)	£103.0.0
Assam Bengal Railway Ordy. Stock	£97.10.0
Australian 5 p.c. Loan (1935/45)	£99.0.0
Burma Corporation Ltd	£0.18.6
Calcutta Tramways (Ordy).	£1.0.0
Canadian Eagle Oil Co.	£0.12.1 1/2
Eastern Bank Ltd.	£6.17.6
French 5 p.c. Rentes	£19.12.0
Hongkong and Shanghai Bankg. Corpn.	£148.0.0
India 3 1/2 p.c. Sterling Stock	£71.10.0
India 4 1/2 p.c. Sterling Loan (1950/55)	£92.0.0
India 3 p.c. Sterling Stock	£61.10.0
Mexican Eagle Oil Co.	£0.15.0
Motor Fuel Proprietory Ltd.	£0.8.3 3/4
Nitrate Railway (Ordy.)	£8.11.0
P. and O. Banking Corporation Ltd.	£9.5.0
Russo-Asiatic Consolidated Ltd.	£0.3.6 3/4
Shahdara Saharanpur L. Rly. 4 1/2 p.c. Debs.	£80.10.0
Southern Punjab Railway (Ord. Stock)	£191.0.0
Southern Punjab Railway (4 p.c. Pref. Stock)	£97.10.0
Tata Power (7 1/2 p.c. 'B' Debs. 1934/48)	£101.10.0
War Loan 5 p.c. (1929/47)	£103.0.0

READY COTTON QUOTATIONS.

Bombay, Jan. 17.

	New read Average.	New ready Red leafy
Bengal Superfine	280	...
Bengal Fine	270	...
Bengal F.G.	265	240/45
Sindh-Punjab Fine	270	...
Sindh-Punjab F.G.	265	...
Wardha-Hingt. Fine	330	315/17
Nagpur Fine	330/32	315/17
Yeotmal Fine	320/22	315
Arvi Fine	320/22	315
Amraoti Fine	315/16	305
Khamgaon-Akola, Fine	315	295
Mulkapur Fine	305	285
Khandesh Fine	295	270
Muthia Fine	285	275
Muthia F.G.	280	265
Nanded/Purna F.G.G.S	340/45	310
Purna F.G.G.S.	335	310
Parbhani/Sailu F.G.G.S.	325	310
Indore/Ujjain Fine	320	310
Burwah Sanavad Fine	315	305
Surat Fine	...	...
Broach Fine	...	...
Broach F.G.	...	...
Westerns M.G.	...	315
Cambodia	...	385
Miraj/Sangli	...	350/55
Compta Good	...	350/55
Jinja	...	320

BANK OF ENGLAND RETURNS.

London, Jan. 17.

Total Bullion	£159,500,000
Public Deposits	£ 15,100,000
Other Deposits	£104,200,000
Government Securities	£ 55,100,000
Other Securities	£ 28,600,000
Notes and Coin	£ 53,700,000
Notes in Circulation	£360,700,000
Ratio of Reserve to Liabilities	45.00 p. c.

LIVERPOOL COTTON SALES.

Liverpool Jan. 17.

	Bales.
Sales at Liverpool	5,000
Sales on Speculation	200
Sales of East Indian Cotton	100

LONDON METALS.

London, Jan. 17.

Copper, English Best Selected	£77-3/8
Copper, Braziers	£87
Yellow Metal	£69
Spelter, Hard Indian Brands	£21-3/4
Corrugated Sheets, 24 gauge	£13-1/2
Tin, English Ingots	£224

LONDON DISCOUNT RATES.

London, Jan. 17.

Interest, Day to Day Loans 3-3/8 p. c.

Interest, 7 Days' Market Loans 3-1/2 p. c.

Bank Bills, 3 months 4-5/16 p. c.

Bank Bills, 6 months 4-3/8 p. c.

Fine Trade Bills, 3 months 4-3/4 p. c.

Fine Trade Bills, 6 months 5-1/4 p. c.

LONDON RUBBER.

London, Jan. 17.

Smoked Sheet, Standard, Ribbed, lb., Spot Sellers 10-3/8d.

LONDON PRODUCE.

London, Jan. 17.

Cottonseed, Bombay, Ton:—

Shipment Sellers Jan.-Feb. £9-5-0.

Castorseed, Bombay, Ton:—

Shipment Sellers Jan.-Feb. £17-17-6.

Rapeseed, Toria, Ton:—

Shipment Buyers Jan.-Feb. £18-2-6.

LINSEED.

London, Jan. 17.

Linseed, Calcutta, Ton:—

Shipment Nominal Jan.-Feb. £19-2-6.

Shipment Sellers Apl.-May £18-0-0.

Linseed, La Plata, C.I.F., Ton:—

Shipment Hull Sellers Jan.-Feb. £15-13-9.

Linseed, Bombay, Ton:—

Shipment Sellers Jan.-Feb. £18-17-6.

LINSEED OIL.

London, Jan. 17.

Linseed Oil, naked, London, Cwt.:—

Delivery Buyers Feb.-Apl. 28/0-3/4.

Delivery Buyers May-Aug. 28/3-1/2.

TERRORISM IN CITY

—:o:—

Murderous Assaults Galore

There were a series of murderous assaults in Bombay on Friday from morning till night. In the morning at about 10 o'clock the men of the China Mill assaulted four Pathan watchmen. The police have arrested (1) Rama Ba bu, (2) Govid Bawji, (3) Vishwanath Krishna and (4) Savefulla Dawood.

STABBING AT HAINES ROAD.

A serious stabbing affray took place on Haines Road at about 4 p.m. resulting in the death of one A. Edward Fernandes and injured another named Luis D'Souza who is lying in the Hospital in a precarious condition. It appears that Edward Fernandes had left some property with John D'Souza and on Friday afternoon Edward with one of his friends Lewis D'Soza, went to one John's house at Haines Road to fetch his property. But it is reported that John refused to part with it and an altercation arose between the parties with the result that John is alleged to have taken out a knife and stabbed them. It is also alleged that Khulubai, wife of John and Mecdelin, sister of John also had taken part in the stabbing. Police removed the injured men to hospital where Edward died and as the condition of Lewis is precarious his dying statement had been recorded by Mr. Thakkar, Magistrate. Police have arrested John and others.

AT PAREL.

Another fracas took place at Parel between two parties of mill workers who were not on good terms with each other late on Friday evening, with the result that four persons received injury. It appears that Keshave Bhiwa, Gonaji Bhiwa and Dawood Bhiwa, three brothers were returning home after their day's work. They were accosted by the rival party of "Kala mama". A free fight ensued between the two parties and knives were freely used. The three brothers and "Kala Mama" received injuries. "Kala Mama" is lying in precarious condition in K E M Hospital. Police have arrested the three brothers.

AT REAY ROAD.

Another stabbing affray has taken place at Reay Road on Friday night when Keshave Rajaram and Cholia Rajaram, two brothers were stabbed by one Keshave and one Kasam. Police have removed the injured to hospital.

WARNING TO M. L. A.'S

—:o:—

IMPORTANCE OF COASTAL BILL

LAHORE, January 18.

Sounding a note of warning to the members of the Central Legislature, who will soon find themselves called upon to face a big fight over the Coastal Reservation Bill the "People" writes:—

No Legislative effort has in recent times caused more uproar than this long overdue measure of justice to Indian business, It has roused opposition from those British interests that stand to suffer by the passage of the Bill into law to such an extent that it has swamped the mind of one who could under different circumstances have made a just Viceroy. Unfortunately he has argued himself into an unenviable position which threatens to make a sham of the all too small powers possessed by the Legislature.

We need not go to any considerable length into the merits of Mr. Haji's Bill for, thanks to the acute contentions that have prevailed for some months, already the public has become quite familiar with the essential points of the dispute. And such misgivings as might have remained have been dispelled by the method and the virulence of the attack led against the Bill by the British ship-owners. The Bill has come up considerably late; after Indian Companies had to face rain not in a straightforward fight, but due to the cut-throat competition. It is time that Indian capital were given a chance.

The paper continues: To-day far from there being even a free competition of Indian Coasts a monopoly is being enjoyed by the British Firms and their hegemony is guaranteed by the reprehensible alliance with them of the Railways and the Government. This thing ought to cease. It is clear, however, that it is not going to, without a pitched battle.

The paper concludes: So far as the Assembly is concerned we experience no trepidation. But there is the Council of State to truckle to the Viceroy. It is earnestly hoped that a vigorous campaign will ensue to prevent the Council from betraying the country. How vital this Bill is to India's growth has been fully proved. If both Houses pass the measure even Lord Irwin may find it hard to veto.—Free Press.

BIHAR GOVERNOR TO GO ON LEAVE

—:o:—

PATNA, Jan. 17.

It is understood that the Governor of Bihar and Orissa may proceed on four months leave of absence but official confirmation is not available.—A. P.

Latest Cotton News.

—:o:—

New York Futures 6 Pts. Up

(FROM OUR COTTON COMMISSIONER)

NEW YORK

—:o:—

New York, Jan. 18.

The New York futures market opened unchanged to 3 points higher, but receded 6 points under previous closing on scattered liquidation. At the decline there was some trade support and prices recovered some 5 points. During the early part of the afternoon the market ruled quiet but steady with small price changes; but towards close exhibited steadiness on better week-end selling. The market closed at a rise of 6 points. Price fluctuations in May delivery: Opening 20.19 (unchanged): 20.13—.6, 20.18 .1. Closed 20.25 plus .06

Recent liquidation has improved the technical situation and it appears that to-day's improvement in prices will be extended further to-morrow.

LIVERPOOL

—:o:—

Liverpool, Jan. 18

The market to-day had shown two distinct phases in that early trade buying was greater than expected and late long liquidation eventually appeared causing a decline in prices. Prices were due to open about 7 points down in sympathy with overnight easier New York close, but they opened at a decline of only 3 points under active demands from Lancashire spinners. As soon as the buying orders were executed long liquidation caused decline in prices. The market closed quiet but steady 6 points below previous close. Price fluctuations in May contract: Opening 10.46—.3 10.45—.4, close 10.43—.6.

On Saturday the Liverpool futures market is due to open 3 to 4 points higher.

BOMBAY

—:o:—

Bombay, Jan. 18.

(11 p.m.)

The local market at night early declined to Rs. 359/12/0 for Broach April/May delivery; but subsequently improved on Jobber's buying influenced by steadier New York cables and improved to Rs. 361/8/0. At 11 p.m. the market closed at Rs. 361/8 with a rather bullish sentiment

LATEST COTTON QUOTATION

—:o:—

(Through Cotton Telegraphic Information Service).

MAY.

NEW YORK.

	Jan. 18.
Previous closing rate	20.19
To-day's opening rate	20.19
Difference	Unchanged.
To-day's closing rate	20 25
Difference	plus .06

LIVERPOOL.

	Jan. 18.
Previous closing rate	10 49
To-day's opening rate	10.46
Difference	—.03
To-day's closing rate	10.43
Difference	—.06
Broach expectation	362 0 0

LONDON SILVER MARKET

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

	London, Jan. 18.
Silver Ready	26 3 0
Higher	0 1 0
Silver Forward	26 5 0
Higher	0 1 0

Tone of Market:—Steady.

BOMBAY PRICES:

	Bombay, Jan. 18.
1st Settlement	59 4 0
2nd Settlement	59 8 0

SHIP CAPTAIN IN TROUBLE

—:o:—

ALLEGED TRAFFICKING IN COCAINE

In consequence of the grave allegations trafficking in cocaine made against Captain William Clifton Sme. Master of the s.s. "Canara" gelonging to the B I S N Company, by three members of the crew of the ship before the Chief Presidency Magistrate on Wednesday in the course of their defence in the case in which they stood charged with importing 51 ounces of cocaine, the Captain was apprehended by the Excise authorities on Friday.

It would be recalled that the accused in the course of their statements alleged that the Captain was primarily responsible for the importation of cocaine and that they were mere tools in his hands.

In view of the above allegations and also as a result of further investigations, the Excise authorities including Inspector Hudson and others made a search for the Captain and succeeded in aorresting him on board the s.s. "Gambada". Subsequently, he was released on a bail of Rs. 5,000 Mr. G P Dooly, Assistant Controller of Stores, Bombay Port Trust, standing surety for him.

The Captain will be charged before a Magistrate in the course of the next week.

SHIP'S STEWARD PROSECUTED

Charles Hardinge, a middle aged European was placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, on Friday on a remand application for contravention of the provisions of the Arms Act.

Inspector Cooper of the Bombay City Police stated that the accused was arrested in the Bombay harbour upon Friday noon on board the s.s. "Empress of Australia" where he was a steward as he was found in unlicensed possession of an automatic revolver and 25 rounds of ammunition

The remand was granted till the 19th instant.

SIMON SEVEN'S REPORT

(Do you want to know what, according to a Joshimaharaj, Simon Commission's report is going to be like?

If so, read to-morrow's Sunday "Chronicle". A great astrologer makes amazing prophecy about it. Don't miss your copy).

THE OIL MEN'S STRIKE

—:o:—

CAUSES THAT LED TO IT

Mr. R. S. Nimbkar, President of the Bombay Oil Companys' Employers' Union in the course of a satement says:—

In view of the prejudiced statements appearing in the Press and particularly in the Anglo-Indian Section of it, it has become highly necessary to acquaint the public with the facts of the Oil Strike now in progress for the last six weeks.

HOW THE STRIKE BEGAN.

The workers struck work for the fulfilment of three demands: Viz. (1) Reinstatement of the old hands discharged, on one plea or the other, (2) Increment in wages and (3) Recognition of the Union.

The facts of the strike and the resentment which brought about the strike at this juncture were these:—That for years together the Co's refused to consider any claim to increment in the wages of the Workers. This led the workers to declare strike in two previous occasions but without success. Since then discontent has only been growing in intensity and the men used to show their resentment every now and then.

Meanwhile some three months ago the workers formed their own Union with a view to press their demand on a united basis. Instead recognising the Union, the men complain that the management began to victimise the enthusiasts who took a leading part in the formation of the Union. This step only contributed to aggravate the resentment already there.

Immediately, however, the Union made representation to the management and tried to open negotiations, but it was futile with the result the Strike is prolonged.

Now came the second stage. And now it is a matter of common knowledge that Pathans and strikers are having pitched battles.

GOVT. INTERVENTION FOUGHA.

Meanwhile Government was approached and the Union officials besides submitting a written representation, interviewed the general member of the Government, the Hon'ble Sir Gulam Hoosein Hidayatulla. But nothing came out of this move too. The Police Commissioner of the City was approached, not only by the Union Officials, but also by the peaceful public, residing in the Sewree locality who were alleged to have been assaulted and looted by the Pathans in the last Riot. But no steps seem to have been taken by the Police.

BOMBAY CITY AND SUBURBS

ENGAGEMENTS. TO-DAY.

The s.s. "Mantua" with the homeward mails sails at 1 p.m.

Sports of University of Bombay, Elphinstone College sports ground on the Oval, 3 p.m., H. E. the Governor presiding.

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE

—:o:—

Miss Maniben Kuvarji Desai (21), a student of the Elphinstone College and daughter of Mr. Kuvarji Dajibhai Desai, Vice-Principal of Elphinstone High School died on Thursday at 9 p.m. of pneumonia.

NOTICE TO JURYMEN.

Special and Common Jurors' attention is drawn to the Notices appearing in the Public Notifications Column.

MUNICIPAL GENERAL ELECTION.

Mr. Ambalal Purushottamdas Parikh Secretary of the Bombay Sugar Merchant's Association, has announced his candidature for the ensuing Municipal Election as an Independent Nationalist from Mandvi B Ward.

VILE PARLE YOUTH LEAGUE.

Under the auspices of the Vile Parle Youth League a public lecture will be given by Mr. S. B. Shringarpure on "Congress Week at Calcutta" to-morrow (Sunday) at 9 a.m. (S. T.) at Vile Parle.

INDIAN MUSIC AT VICTORIA GARDENS.

A concert of Indian Music organised by the Municipality will be given at the Victoria Gardens on Sunday the 20th Inst., at 4-30 p.m. (S. T.) by Mr. K. D. Jaokar.

INDIAN SPIRITUALIST ASSOCIATION.

The dinner arranged to be held in honour of Mr. and Mrs. V. D. Rishi on Friday, the 18th is postponed to Thursday (the 24th instant) at 8 p.m.

RELIGIOUS DISCOURSES.

Swami Viswananda of Sri Ramakrishna Mission, Khar, will conduct a public class in English on Bhagawad Gita at Shyamji Ladha Building, Matunga (G. I. P.) to-day (Saturday) at 6 p.m. (S. T.)

HUMANE EDUCATION MOVEMENT.

On behalf of the organisers, the Humane Education Movement, Mr. S. V. Phadnis, Principal, Ram Mohan High School and Mr. G. G. Mahadevia, will address the students of the Kabibai High School to-day (Saturday) at 2 p.m. in the hall of the school on "The Importance of the Leagues of Mercy" in schools.

PROF. VAKIL'S LECTURE.

The second lecture on "The Economic Domination of America" in the series on "World Commercial Policy and India, since the Peace" will be delivered by Professor C. N. Vakil in the Lecture Hall, South Wing, University Buildings, to-day (Saturday), at 6-30 p.m. instead of at 6 p.m. as previously announced. The lecture is open to the public.

CITY'S HEALTH.

The following statement shows the total mortality from 6 a.m. of Thursday to 6 a.m. of Friday:—

Disease Small-pox Attacks 5 (including one imported from Bengal) Cholera attack 1 (imported from Dacca), total Mortality (Exclusive of Stillborn) 73. The total Mortality this day last year was 75.

ENSUING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

The following candidates will contest the ensuing Municipal elections on behalf of the Workers' and Peasants Party:—

(1) Lalji Pendse (D Ward).
(2) Mr. K. N. Joglekar (F Ward).
(3) Mr. R. S. Nimbkar (G Ward).
(4) Mr. S. S. Mirajkar (G Ward).

SPORTS OF UNIVERSITY OF BOMBAY.

The annual sports of the University of Bombay will be held on the Elphinstone College sports ground on the Oval at 3 p.m. to-day (Saturday) when the Governor will preside and distribute the prizes.

G. I. P. RAILWAY ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES' STAFF UNION.

A General Meeting of the Staff of the G. I. P. Ry. Administrative Offices viz., Agent, Chief Engineer, Principal Medical and Health Officer, Chief Trans, Superintendent, Chief Traffic Manager, will be held in Soman Building, Girgaon, to-day (Saturday), at 4 p.m. (S. T.) to appoint the Managing Committee for the year and to pass resolutions regarding the grievances of the staff.

BOMBAY PRESIDENCY HARD COURT TENNIS TOURNAMENT.

The time for sending the Entries for the above Tournament has been extended till 5 p.m. (S. T.) to-morrow (Sunday) and the draw will take place on the same day at 6-30 p.m. (S. T.). At the earnest desire of most of the Competitors, it has been decided to use Dunlop Tennis Balls for the Tournament, instead of Wisden's Balls. Intending competitors are requested immediately to send in their entries.

SUNDAY MUSIC CLASS AT VILLE PARLE.

Binkarji Laxmanrao Chavan and Pandit Vigneshwar will conduct the weekly Music Class at Ville Parle, (Sadashiv Nivas near Thosar's Hanuman Temple) tomorrow (Sunday) between 8 a.m. and 11 a.m. Instructions will be given in almost all Indian musical instruments. There would also be a special music programme. Special arrangements are made for ladies' accommodations.

THE CLERKS' UNION ATHLETIC TOURNAMENT.

The above Tournament will be held on the following dates;—

5—Mile Walking Race—27th January 1929, 7-30 a.m.

3—Mile Running Race—3rd February, 1929, 7-30 a.m.

All other events, (already announced)—10th February, 1929, 3 p.m.

For further particulars, please write to the Secretary, Clerks' Union, 22 Apollo Street, Bombay.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

The P. and O. Mail steamer "Macedonia", with the Mails from London of the 3rd instant, arrived alongside Ballard Pier at noon to-day. It will be remembered that this vessel was detained at Marseilles until the afternoon of Saturday the 5th January, awaiting the arrival of the train carrying the mails, which was delayed by snow while crossing France.

KHANDKE BUILDINGS TENANTS' MEETING.

A general meeting of all the tenants of Khandke Buildings, Dadar, will be held at 8-30 p.m. to-day (Saturday) at Khandke Building No. 2, when elections of the Managing Committee of the Khandke Buildings Tenants Association will take place.

TO-DAY'S RADIO PROGRAMME.

7 a.m. Cotton Prices: Liverpool and New York Closing Rates.

11 a.m. European Gramophone Records.

11-30 a.m. Indian Gramophone Records.

12 noon Bombay Cotton Market: Opening Rates Close Down.

7 p.m. Children's Hour: Poet Lalitji and Odhavji Jani will entertain with Songs and Stories.

7-30 p.m. Your Aunties and Uncles of the Bombay Station will entertain you with Music, Songs, Stories and a little Talk.

8 p.m. Cotton Prices: Liverpool Opening Rate, Bombay Markets Closing Rates. Silver, Gold, Seeds, Wheat and Other Market Prices. Stock Exchange Prices.

9 p.m. Weather Report and News Bulletin.

9-30 p.m. Kalyani Bai—Vocal Music.

10-10 p.m. P. M. Mistry—Vocal Music.

10-35 p.m. Srinivasa Rao—Violin Solo.

11 p.m. God Save the King Emperor.

Under the Clock

(BY TWINPLEX.)

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1929.

The Simon Commission had a "police day" in Calcutta and the police officials who tendered evidence before the Simon Seven and their wings had a regular field day. Everything was lovely in the police garden at present. So why change it?

* * *

Sir Charles Tegart, Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, declared that it would be "dangerous to transfer law and order." He seems to be a nervous man—so afraid you know "of pressure from both within and without", and his heart goes out to the poor Ministers who would be "subject to popular control" if law and order is transferred.

* * *

At present everything is so easy and satisfactory under dyarchy that nobody except those wretched "agitators" worries about it. The Ministers are saved from the trouble of bothering about "law and order".

* * * *

But some people will never be satisfied. Particularly Indians. They don't know what is good for them.

* * * *

So with wearisome patience, in the interests of the millions of human beings entrusted to the care of the "Trustees" of India—God knows by whom entrusted—the Inspector-General of Police in Bengal "subscribed to every word uttered by Sir Charles Tegart."

* * * *

Isn't charming—how birds of the same feather will not only flock together, but chirrup the same cry?

* * * *

But Indians know very well that "law and order" retained in non-Indian hands means no genuine self-government at all.

* * * *

The Economic Committee of the League of Nations has decided to organise consultations among expert representatives from 15 sugar producing countries. Their deliberations, alas, will not at all be 'sugary'.

* * * *

Mrs. Smith: "The parlour-maid tells me you have called on a matter of life and death. What on earth is it?"

Total Stranger: "She is quite right, Madam. I am an insurance agent."

BOMBAY RACES

—:o:—

WINTER MEETING—11TH DAY

SELECTIONS BY "SENEX."

THE KINGSCLERE PLATE.—2-45 p.m.

MOUNT ARGOS	 1
TINDER GEE	 2
JUBILANT	 3

THE TANSA PLATE. Div. II.—3-15 p.m.

NASSIMA	 1
ROYAL	 2
SAFETY	 3

THE HAYDOCK PARK PLATE.—3-46 p.m.

KNIGHT'S CROSS	 1
QUATRE BRAS	 2
HILLS OF ROME	 3

THE TANSA PLATE. Div. I.—4-15 p.m.

SHIVAJI PRASAD	 1
SAVAGE	 2
MAHARAJA	 3

THE PERTH PLATE.—4-45 p.m.

THAXTED	 1
HOPPY	 2
THE SLOAT	 3

THE DANEBURY HANDICAP.—5-15 p.m.

SANTOCK	 1
TIMBUCKTOO	 2
ARDLEY	 3

THE AINTREE PLATE.—5-45 p.m.

SUNNYVILLE	 1
RIVERINE	 2
PENETRATE	 3

THE MULUND PLATE.—6-15 p.m.

PASHA	 1
FAIRDOSS	 2
GOSUB	 3

A CORRECTION

—:o:—

We gladly hasten to correct a mistake which crept in our report of the 11th instant, where it was stated that the Bombay Motor Sales Company, the newly-appointed dealers of General Motors India Limited, had made the presentation of a Pontiac tourer to Mr. Gulamali Currimbhoy, on the occasion of the opening of the new Show-room at Hughes Road. The fact is that the car was the gift of Sir Fazulbhoy Currimbhoy to his son on the latter's marriage which took place recently in Bombay.

BAND AT PARSI COLONY DADAR.

The Jackson Orchestral Associations' Brass Band will play the following programme of music on Sunday the 20th inst., at Parsi Colony Dadar Bandstand, at 5-30 p.m. (S. T.):—1. March, The Winning Fight, Abe Holzman, 2. Selection, Hullo America, H Finck, 3. Intermezo (Parisain Sketch No. 1. Demoiselle, Chich, P. Fleiche, 4. Fantazia, In the Dream, T. Bidgood, 5. Overture, La Diadem, H. Finck, 6. Valse, The Fairest in the Lan, Aneliffe. 7. Skipping Rope Dance, In the Shadows, H. Finck. 8, One-step, Juliana, Nicholls.

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In the London Chamber of Commerce (L. C. C.) our students passed in thirteen different subjects, whereas others passed mostly in Book-keeping and Law. The largest numbers of Honours and Certificates were secured as usual.

In the D. Com. (I. M. C.) the diplomas secured were THIRTY per cent more than all Institutions from India put together who competed.

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The Bombay Chronicle.

SATURDAY, JANUARY 19, 1929.

CONSTITUTIONAL PRATTLE

The Free Press claims to have elicited some facts in regard to the Bengal officials' efforts to thwart Indian aspirations towards genuine Self-Government. The facts are a number of views credited to the Government of Bengal and purporting to be embodied in their memoranda submitted to the Simon Commission. The views are evidently culled from copies of the memoranda and it is safe to assume that they are substantially held by the Bengal Government, just as with a few modifications they could be assumed to emanate from other Provincial Governments. The Free Press, however, mentions a difference between "Progressive" Governments and "No progress" Governments, and says that the recommendations of the Bombay, Punjab and Assam Governments are said to belong to the "Progressive" school and those of the U. P., Bihar and Orissa and the Bengal Governments are said to belong to the "No Progress" school. The two sets of recommendations, as reported or conjectured, are so many leagues behind the Nehru Report, which is the country's minimum demand that for all practical purposes there is little to choose between them. They are tarred with the same brush.

The Bengal Government are said to have submitted two memoranda, one descriptive and the other embodying their recommendations. In the former the Government describe the Swarajists as impossible folk with a barren creed. As regards Muslims, "there is no political party amongst the Muslims. There is only the communal party whose aims are restricted to the advocacy of communal electorates and reservation to Muslims of percentage of offices in the Services". Surely, this is not gratitude nor a handsome reward for ready response to Government's own overtures. Having thus railed at the main classes of the people the Government pronounce the verdict that past experience establishes the unfitness of the Province for any political advance. However, tempering justice with mercy, the Government deign to consider all possible alternatives to the present position. They notice even the Nehru Report but only to dismiss it at once as lacking "the touch with realities." Another alternative which the Government of Bengal choose to consider is the proposal of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, but that is "too radical", an alternative "for which the Province is not yet fit." A return to the pre-Reform autocracy—honest autocracy—is seriously considered but set aside "as constituting a breach of faith." Some other ground will be more convincing to those who remember the Queen's Proclamation and a hundred other pledges. Finally, after this process of elimination the Government pitch upon an intermediate stage between provincial autonomy and the present position, the camouflage of Dyarchy dressed in a different garb.

Since some sort of advance is mercifully provided, there must, of course, be a number of "safeguards." One safeguard is that the Governor will continue to be the virtual Prime Minister but irremovable by and non-responsible to the Legislature. If the Legislature does not behave well with his Ministry, he has enough powers to worry it and in the last resort can suspend the Constitution. Another safeguard is a Second Chamber and, it is needless to add, the trump card of communal electorates is to be well kept in hand. But there is a more interesting extra safeguard. Two Executive Councillors, euphemistically called official Ministers, are each to be so "assisted" by a Council of two senior officials, that if the Minister or even the whole Cabinet does not accept the advice of the Council, the Governor promptly asks the Cabinet to resign or accept the "advice." The reader will now understand why earlier in the article we described the pre-Reform autocracy as honest autocracy.

There are hardly any redeeming features in the memorandum. In a separate Note, however, Sir P. C. Mitter advocates complete provincial autonomy and the immediate abolition of communal electorates. But he, too, approves of the Second Chamber and in the Lower House would reserve 15 seats for landlords and 14 for European Commerce as against two for Labour and as many for the "Depressed" classes. Nawab Mushruff Hussein justifies his reputation by recommending that the Cabinet should, by a convention, be made representative of all communities. Evidently, he blushed to plead for only one community. Not so Nawab Ali Chowdhury, who, unabashed, recommends that by a similar convention the Education Minister must be a Muslim. We doubt if the Free Press has exhausted all the absurdities of the Bengal Government's memoranda. Our only excuse for noticing them is the hope that they may prove a wholesome irritant to the nation. They may also warn the people what they can expect from Government when they are only chopping constitutional logic. Alien Governments have always and everywhere spoken either patronisingly or contemptuously of the subject people till the people got what Pandit Motilal Nehru calls the whip hand of the situation.

A GOVERNOR'S SORROW

Addressing the members of the C. P. Legislative Council, His Excellency Sir Montagu Butler communicated to honourable members his decision not to urge the Council again for the appointment of a Committee to co-operate with the Simon Commission nor to nominate one himself. The decision does honour to his sense of constitutional propriety. We congratulate him on it and wish that some other satraps had also done likewise if only for the sake of Constitutionalism. But while speaking of this happy decision His Excellency gave expression to sentiments which were unhappy and did little credit to him as the head of a province. For, he betrayed a sad and indefensible ignorance of the fundamental issues involved in the boycott of the Simon Commission by the country not excluding the province over which His Excellency rules. India has boycotted a Commission that has been imposed upon her to examine her fitness for what His Excellency calls "further reforms", because she does not admit the right of anybody to examine her political fitness and she demands nothing less than complete freedom.

Every one knows it, but unfortunately His Excellency does not or will not. He gave a list of the achievements of his Government and congratulated all concerned including himself on them. He is proud that the formation of a University battalion "has been commenced" when it should have been completed long ago; he is proud that an experienced officer is now inquiring into what can be done regarding the disabilities under which the Depressed classes labour, when these disabilities should have been things of the past; he is also proud of the "experiment" in gradual total prohibition which is being conducted in one solitary district and which is being watched with "the greatest interest" when there should have been total prohibition in every district. His Excellency is, in short, proud of a record of activity which in any other country would be considered just one degree less than complete apathy and would be a justification for the Government in power being promptly turned out of office. His Excellency is too complacent to realise that. What he is concerned with is the fatal consequences of the boycott! "I confess I could have wished that you would have let us use them as reasons for demanding for the province a further instalment of reforms." And therefore "the case of the province for more reforms will go unrepresented." His Excellency is sad; so are we. We are sorry that although His Excellency did the right thing in not reviving the question of appointing a Committee he, in company with the rest of our rulers, ignored the very 'raison d'etre' of the boycott and indulged in a lecture which is an insult to Indian sentiments. We can understand our rulers' inability, even if it be deliberate, to appreciate the position of Indians. But one wonders why they affect complete ignorance of it—an attitude which is, to say the least of it, exasperating. Politics in the Central Provinces are at present in the melting pot, the Rao-Kedar ministerial combination having suddenly collapsed under the threat of no-confidence motions. Mr. Rao and Mr. Kedar have resigned and the Governor of the Central Provinces has accepted their resignations and will now be searching for a set of Ministers who could assure him stability of support for their policy in the Legislative Council. But one thing is certain. Whatever the inter-action of personalities which makes the Ministerial change imperative, the Central Provinces are sure to stand firmly by the Simon boycott.

THE "DRINKING POT" CONTROVERSY.

SNOBBERY AND SQUEAMISHNESS DANGER TO INDIAN UNITY.

(BY R. K. MEDHEKAR.)

Ananda, one of Buddha's leading disciples, once went to the city of Saravasti to beg alms. After taking his food he went to a well. At that time a Chandala maiden named Prakriti was drawing water from that well. Addressing the Chandala maiden, Ananda said: "Sister, please give me water to drink."

Prakriti replied: "O, venerable Ananda, I am the daughter of a Chandala."

Ananda said: "O Sister It do no ask you to name your family or caste. If you have water to spare, please give it to me. I shall drink". At this Prakriti offered water to Ananda which he drank.

Ananda had not joined any Bandhu Samaj. He was neither a "Sir" nor a "J. P." Yet he had higher notions of purity than the devotees of "Don't-Touchism."

SKIN-CONSCIOUSNESS.

Those who want different drinking-cups for higher and the lower castes in the Bombay Municipal Schools are merely affected by Skin-consciousness. And this consciousness brings home to the Brahmin Indian that he is an alien to the Pariah-Indian. The world had enough of slaves of impurity, but perhaps more dangerous are the slaves of purity concealing their moral weakness under the name of "hygiene". To to requisition pseudo-religion and pseudo-science to buttress our extravagant regard for false purity is to create what "divine human nature is free from".

I dreamt that Mother India had come to our doors to give us oblation in form of Complete Independence, but she retraced back her steps whispering:

"Ye have to wait till you become of one thought, till you recognise the Brahmin in the Non-Brahmin, the Pariah and the cobbler. Are ye not ashamed of the dirty tricks some of you are playing in setting one section against another section of your own people? What else is the underlying motive of those who oppose the resolution of the common drinking-pot and put forth scientific and hygienic explanations for the same? "Be ye all of one mind, be ye all of one thought; for, in the days of yore the gods being of one mind were enabled to receive oblations. Say ye all are one, say ye all will drink water in one pot, say the Brahmin-Indian, the Pariah-Indian are your brothers, say ye all wll dine together and be one in mind and thought."

LESSON FROM NEW-BORN CHILD.

"Ye idiots, Can't you recognise the cry of the new-born child? It resembles remarkably the sound oom, om, aam—a perverted form if Ekoham i-e. I am One. If the sanity has deserted you, take the lesson from the new born child which cries "I am One". Why speak the language of different drinking-cups when at your very birth you speak the language of Oneness."

"A Brahmin lad drinking the water in the same cup which an Untouchable had drawn to his lips is a wonderful sight which I—your common Mother,—is anxiously waiting to see. This sight will make the Untouchable-student feel a sort of spiritual kinship with the Brahmin boy, the veil of Mava will be rent asunder, the idea of low birth based on ignorance will vanish in a minute and they will embrace one another like brothers and will jointly work for the good of Bharatvarsha. My child, this is radical reform. This is a potent factor in unification and is more essential than the passing of a few pious resolutions on widiw-marriage and the like—which never touch the lower strata of the society."

"Lord had come to you in the shape of Bhagawan Gautama Buddha who said that there is no real difference between the Brahmin caste and the other castes. The Brahmins and the Chandalas are born in the same way. The dead body of a Brahmin is as impure as that of a man of any other caste. Lord again came to you in the shape of Swami Vivekanand who said that religion had entered into cooking-pot and gave sledge-hammer blows on your notions of "don't-touchism". Lord has again come to your door in the shape of Mahatmaji who gives more importance to the abolition of the Untouchability".

Sir Manhohandas Ramji is vociferous in his cry of Varnashram Dharma and says that the action of the Corporation is a "violation of the fundamental principles of the Varnashram Dharma of the

(Continued on page 12)

CALL TO INDIA'S YOUTH.

ARCHITECTS OF HER FUTURE

(BY CONGRESSMAN).

A remarkable phenomenon during the last few years is the growth of the Youth movement in India. It is not confined to any particular section or province, but is all pervading. The outstanding features of the movement are the total absence of communalism and the intense patriotism of the youths and their desire to render national service.

DOMINANT FACTOR.

This movement promises to be a dominant factor in Indian politics (in the wide sense). Particularly the entry of Mahatma Gandhi in politics will give a great fillip to the youth movement; at the same time, Gandhiji will exercise a steadying influence on the youths and will see that the youths do not betray themselves and their mission owing to undesirable motives or expend themselves in useless talk. Whether more active khadi spinning will be promoted or not, there will almost immediately be a rise in subscribers from among the youths to Gandhiji's "Young India," and there will be more extensive study of Gandhiji's writings. There will also be a greater willingness on the part of the public to become members of the Congress, now that Gandhiji has emerged from his Ashram and become a member of the Working Committee of the Congress.

YOUTHS' EARNEST DUTY.

The youths of the country are to be congratulated upon the opportunity which they have sought and obtained for doing signal service to the country. They can, indeed rest assured that a glorious destiny awaits them at the end of the year, if they promptly and seriously set about the task that awaits them. Young men can bring to the world of affairs, the freshness of vision, the wide outlook and the faith which removes mountains. The programme of work during the present year, chalked out by the Congress, is more social than a political one. It is further very wisely confined to a few salient items and is such as will receive sympathy and support from Congressmen and non-Congressmen alike.

A PRACTICAL PROGRAMME.

It is better to concentrate on a few items and do them promptly and efficiently than to diffuse and distract one's energies in all directions with little practical result. The leaders of India's youth may be trusted to take immediate steps to organise and train youth parties for the purpose of village reconstruction. Every group of the youths sent out to villages, should, as far as possible, contain men acquainted with village hygiene and sanitation, spinning and weaving khaddar, ancient, Pauranic and other literature and the problems which the Congress is called upon to deal with, respectively. If an educative cinema film can be shown to the villages, so much the better. Similarly the youths will encourage Swadeshi both by precept and example.

PROVE YOUR METTLE.

Some persons still have doubts as to whether the youths really mean business, whether they are capable of discipline, team work and sustained effort, in a word, anything beyond lip-service. It is for the Indian Youths to show to the world, of what stuff they are made. It is not enough that a score of young men here and there offer their services to the Mother Country. Young men and women should flock in their thousands in every district, to the national standard and organise themselves into an army of devoted and active servants of the country. That will be the acid test of their sincerity and earnestness, just as contribution in Money to Congress will be the acid test of elderly men. The destiny of India has been placed in the palm of their hands: shall they prove themselves worthy of the gift or shall they be weighed and to their disgrace in the world, found wanting?

Notes of the Day.

Kellogg Pact vs. Disarmament.

Mr. Bridgeman, the first Lord of the Admiralty, is reported to have expressed "great satisfaction" at the ratification of the Kellogg Pact by the American Senate. He has good reason to be satisfied. Indeed, he might have justifiably expressed "great relief," for America has, thanks to her own reservations, loyally assisted Great Britain in converting the Pact into a successful farce. But Mr. Bridgeman goes many steps too far when he considers the ratification to be "a very important step forward in the cause of peace." It is nothing of the kind, for the very good reason that the Kellogg Pact is no more a Peace Pact. And to suggest that this "step" is "far more important than any elaborate tables as to the exact amount of armaments each country was to have" would be absurd if it were not really mischievous in its implications. A pact that cannot operate in any conceivable circumstance or on any known territory can be no substitute for helping the cause of peace by at least fixing the amount of armaments. It is a very mischievous suggestion, because it is torpedoing the work of the coming disarmament commission in the name of a mere nothing.

A Welcome Change.

Mrs. Y. Hirlekar's article on the All-India Women's Conference, published elsewhere in these columns, throws some interesting light on the new tendencies in the working of the Conference. The warm debate and the final division on the proposal to widen the scope of the Conference shows that the days of dead monotony, mechanical voting and blind adherence to a few influential leaders are gone and that women as a body have asserted their right to discuss all questions affecting their well-being and not merely questions of educational reform. Mrs. Hirlekar clearly shows that the new proposal was not a light-hearted eleventh hour suggestion but was due to the fact that a number of provincial conferences had recommended resolutions on a variety of topics other than educational and yet vitally affecting the interests of women. We wholly agree with Mrs. Hirlekar that the widening of the scope of the Conference is a welcome change and indicates the vigilance with which women are conducting their business. We trust the Conference will, in accordance with the changed constitution, undertake fresh activities for the furtherance of women's interests.

The True Safeguard.

The next meeting of the Madras Legislative Council will consider a Bill to amend the Madras District Municipalities Act, the report of the Select Committee on which is just published. It is said that the report recommends special representation for Muslims, Indian Christians, Anglo-Indians and the "Depressed" classes on the basis of joint electorates and reserved seats. The non-insistence on communal electorates is to be welcomed. But even the reservation of seats for various communities is neither necessary nor desirable. It is unnecessary if the franchise is extended to the most backward classes. It is undesirable because it perpetuates communal consciousness, splits up even a homogeneous majority into a number of minorities and breeds distrust between one minority and another or between the minorities and the majority. Adult franchise, recommended by the National Convention, is by far the best safeguard for all minorities, especially the backward ones, both in the Legislatures and the local bodies. It is, therefore, the duty of all Nationalists in the Madras Council to resist the claim for communal representation and press for adult franchise.

Nipam's Landable Lead.

To commemorate his recent visit to Bengal, His Exalted Highness the Nizam of Hyderabad has placed a sum of one lakh of rupees at the disposal of the Governor to be spent on deserving institutions. The munificence of the rulers of Hyderabad—more specially in furtherance of education—is well-known and this latest example of generosity is only one of many which Hyderabad has given in the past. Its real significance, however, lies in the fact that the institutions are to be chosen irrespective of creed or caste. In these days of communal differences this insistence on the grant being non-sectarian has more than its face value as measured by a lakh of rupees. It is a practical lead given by one of the premier ruling Princes of India, to Hindus and Muslims alike, to think in terms of Indian rather than communal needs. We hope that the committee that will administer the grant will not fail to appreciate the real inwardness of the Nizam's wish.

Muslim Hotel on Pilgrim Ships.

Messrs. Turner Morrison and Co. have added to their pilgrim ships going to Jeddah an important feature which has been, as a matter of necessity, long overdue. It is the provision of a Muslim hotel which will supply all kinds of Muslim food to the pilgrims on the voyage. So far the pilgrims had to supply themselves with food stuff and to cook their food as best as they could do it with the little material at their disposal. The consequent hardships which they had to go through for a fortnight were great indeed. Now the hotel run by the Pilgrim Food Supply Company under the management of Mr. Md. Umar Chandbhoy should solve their difficulties. The organisers of the hotel are to be congratulated on saving the poor pilgrims much unnecessary trouble.

MOSCOW VERSION OF EVENTS IN AFGHANISTAN

Sudden Invasion of Kabul by Rebels

Russo-Afghan Radio Immediately Cut Off

RALLYING THE "FAITHFULS"

British Aeroplane Drops Proclamation to "Friendly Afghan People'

Our Correspondent at Moscow in his latest letter gives the Russian version of the beginning and the progress of the insurrection in Afghanistan.

The preliminary ground for revolt, according to our correspondent, was prepared by the distribution of a large number of leaflets for rallying the "Faithfuls",

The actual trouble started on December 14 when a large body of rebels entered Kabul disguised as recruits for the Regular Army,

The following day they were practically in possession of all the strategic positions round about Kabul the Baghe Bal Fort, Arsenal, Military Hospital and the Kabul Aerodrome, Previous to this the Russo-Afghan Radio was put out of action,

A hard struggle continued for a couple of days between the rebels and the regulars On December 18 for the first time a British aeroplane flew over Kabul and it is alleged dropped mails at British Legation, This was followed by a British military 'plane which it is further alleged broadcast a proclamation all over the city addressed to the "Friendly, Brave Religious Afghan People",

KING'S MOTHER ON PROPAGANDA TOUR

(From Our Own Correspondent.)
(By Mail.)
MOSCOW, Dec. 24.

The Afghanistan disturbance is the theme which occupies the thoughts of every politician in Moscow. The first news reaching Moscow were less shocking than they are at the present. It was reported by the Soviet News Agency that a very hard struggle was going on between the insurgents Shinwaris and the regular Afghan troops in the suburbs of Jalalabad, that Government was trying its best to avoid bloodshed and settle the dispute in peaceful way by means of arriving upon a compromise and that the negotiations were in progress when a sudden change took place. The negotiations were surrendered owing to some unknown reasons and the rebels resumed their activities again. They seemed convinced of their success and wanted to see Kabul in flames and the King resigned.

RALLYING THE "FAITHFULS"!

A large number of leaflets containing a proclamation against the King and bearing the photograph of the Queen were distributed among the so-called true believers of the Holy Faith. Besides the rebels are reported to be armed with the latest British construction rifles and ammunition is also said to be of the same origin.

THE SOURCE OF INSURRECTION.

The insurgents from the very first moment showed that they were very well organized and skillfully instructed. In this connection a well-informed Moscow newspaper wrote to the effect that the thoroughly organized actions and the political demands of the insurgents for the resignation of the King clearly indicate that the source of such actions and demands was not in the country itself.

RUSSO-AFGHAN RADIO OUT OF ACTION.

However for a short time the political circles were not so nervous as they are now after the news that rebels have seized by a sudden attack a part of Kabul and its suburbs and these were the last words transmitted by the Russo-Afghan Radio at Kabul. There was no news for two full days after the above-mentioned message. Then comes a Press Agency which loses no opportunity in fabricating the most horrible news, that Kabul is completely in the possession of the rebels, that the King has fled for his life to some unknown place, that Turkish and Soviet Ambassadors have been killed, etc., etc.

HOW KABUL WAS TAKEN BY SURPRISE.

But the Soviet Agency gave no publication to such irresponsible news and waited till its own message arrvied two days later on the 19th instant.

The details as to how a part of Kabul was seized by the rebels and why the Radio station does not work are now available and can be summed up as follows:—

"At about 4 p.m. on December 14 a great number of the rebels began to pour in Kabul in batches from the Charikar's Road under the disguise of recruits. Entering the city the disguised recruits opened an attack on the city and seized the north-west part of the Kabul, the Military Hospital, the fort of Baghe Bala, commanding the highest situation in Kabul, one of the Military schools and some of the arsenals and during the night time the insurgents established themselves in the occupied positions.

KABUL AERODROME UNDER CONTROL.

In the morning of the following day (December 15) the insurgents attempted to advance further with a considerable success. They advanced as far as the Italian Embassy and held the Kabul Aerodrome within the range of their fire and reached in the vicinity of the Dil Kusha Palace where the Turkish and Persian Embassies are situated. The situation seemed to be quite alarming when towards the evening the Regulars after a hard struggle pushed the insurgents to their former positions. During the night the insurgents received reinforcement their total number was estimated about 6,000 men.

ADVANCE OF REBELS CHECKED.

All the day long on the 16th instant the fighting continued between the insurgents and the regulars for the possession of the suburbs of the city. the aerodrome, and the hill where the fort of Baghe-Bala is situated. Owing to the inadequate number of the regular troops and slow speed of reinforcement the defenders experienced a very grave situation, but thanks to the united and bold action of the airmen, regular troops and the armed population that the further advance of the rebels was checked. In the very night the regulars received reinforcements from the neighbouring districts of Lohar and Gardez and also from the tribes of the Southern Provinces.

On the 17th instant the regulars with the help of air corps commenced their attack in the consequences, of which the rebels were forced to withdraw from some of their positions and retreated towards the Charikar's and Paghman's roads where the opponents again took positions in the hills separating Kabul valley from the Charikar district to the North and South of Kabul, besides the rebels still held the fort Baghe Bala in their hand.

MORE REGULARS POUR IN.

On the 18th and 19th December the struggle was at its height. The rebels strongly defended the Fort Baghe Bala. And towards the end of the 19th instant there was yet no sign of any decided success for the attacking regulars and aviation companies. The reinforcements for the regulars continued pouring in Kabul from all directions. The troops from Badakhshan and Kandahar have already arrived while from Hirat and Mizare Sharif are on the way.

BRITISH MILITARY 'PLANE FLIES OVER KABUL.

On the 18th December for the first time a British aeroplane was seen flying over Kabul to deliver mail to the British Legation and, therefore, it had to fly very low. Being in range of rifles many a bullet hit the 'plane which had to make a forced landing on the Kabul aerodrome. After an interval of two hours another military 'plane was seen flying over the city which after making a few circles over Kabul returned the direction of India.

On the following day again an aeroplane made its appearance and after communications by radio with the British Mission scattered over the City Proclamation of the following subject:—

BRITISH DROP PROCLAMATION FROM AIR.

"Friendly, Brave and Religious Afghan People, You are well aware that England is a friend and well-wisher of Afghan people. From a long time and always England favoured the progress and prosperity of it. England does not desire to interfere in your internal affairs and troubles so far as its Mission in Kabul and Consuls at Jalalabad and Kandahar will be in safety. However if from your side any aggressive measure will be taken against the personals of the British Mission, Consuls or their properties, in that case you are to be informed that British Government shall be at liberty to adopt every possible measure to compensate the losses suffered by employees of Mission. Consul or their property."

BRITAIN'S "HOSTILE ACT."

Messages from Kabul state that "the fact of throwing such proclamation as has been referred to above, by the British aeroplanes containing direct threat of interference in the internal affairs of a Government with which it stands in friendly and normal diplomatic relations, are looked upon by the Kabul political circles as an hostile act from the side of the British Government and is neither justified from the point of view of the International Law or by the International Custom."

The above mentioned opinion of the Afghan political circles seems to a great extent justified when one reads the declaration o fSir Austten Chamberlain which he made before the House of Commons on the 19th instant in connection with the disturbance in Afghanistan. Sir A. Chamberlain after describing the situation, said: "The leaders of the tribe assured the British Ambassador in Kabul, on the 14th December that they feel no hostility to British Mission, however, continued Sir Austen "Anglo-Indian Government shall take all the measures as to guarantee the safety of the British subjects in Kabul."

MOSCOW'S INTERPRETATION OF THE EVENTS.

Commenting on the above mentioned declaration of Sir Austen Chamberlain the official organ of U S S R "Izvestia" wrote:—

"The declaration of Chamberlain in the House of Commons cannot but serve as an alarm for the situation in Kabul. Sir A. Chamberlain said: "The leaders of tribe assured the British Ambassador on the 14th December (the very same day when Bacha Sakao raided Kabul) that they feel no hostility to the British Mission." Here we are struck with an exclusive fact, the fact of existing contact between the British Mission and the leader of the Tribe who rebelled against the Government before which the British Ambassador is accredited. Still more alarming is the throwing of the proclamation on Kabul by British military aeroplanes wherein the British Government declares "so long as the British Mission in Kabul and Consuls at Jalalabad and Kandahar remain in safety England would not interfere in your home affairs". Such a kind of declaration under the pretext of the safety of the British subjects prepares the ground for intervention. It is nothing more than the rehearsal of the British experiments in China for safeguarding the so-called interests of the British subjects on the Afghanistan tetritory."

"The friends of the Afghan independence", continues the "Izvestia", must direct their keenest attention to that part of Sir Austin Chamberlain's declaration which runs: 'Anglo-Indian Government shall take all the measures as to guarantee the safety of the British subject in Kabul' The fact that Anglo-Indian Government prefers to speak with Afghanistan in the tone of the epoch of the British Protectorate over Afghanistan cannot but alarm the Soviet public."

Besides the above mentioned declaration of Sir Austin Chamberlain the Proclamation thrown by the British aeroplanes over Kabul the comments of the British newspaper in China, the "Peking and Tiansin Times" which interprets that "the safeguarding of the Missons or the problem of protection of Afghanistan itself may dictate the British Government to intervene in Afghanistan," are significant.

The latest radio messages from Ka-

Continued on next page.

BACHA-I-SAKAO ACCLAIMED AS AMIR!

—:o:—

FROM WATER CARRIER TO RULER

AMANULLAH PULLS DOWN ROYAL FLAG

FREE PASSAGE TO INAYATULLAH

DELHI, Jan. 18.

Latest information here is that Bacha-i-Sakao has been acclaimed as new Emir of Afghanistan and that he has assumed title of Habibullah Ghazi.—A. P.

PESHAWAR, Jan. 18.

Further information from Kabul shows that the new Amir has been acclaimed as Amir by the entire Province of Kabul. He has now 15,000 men under him, fully equipped, and is maintaining excellent order. Nothing is known about the early career of the new Amir who is generally believed to be the son of a water-carrier as his nickname suggests. He is believed to be a Mohamand. He has assumed the title of Habibullah Ghazi, indicating probably, that he has risen to the position occupied by Kemal Pasha and Reza Khan Pehlavi in their respective countries.

It is reported from Jalalabad that the Shinwaris and other tribes in the Eastern Provinces have sent representatives to Kabul to meet Habibullah Ghazi, and Sirdar Ali Ahmed Jan is also reported to be on his way to Kabul.

Ex-King Amanullah, it is learnt, has ordered the Governor of Kandahar to pull down the royal standard which was hoisted there on the 15th as he is no longer King.

Prince Inayatullah was given a free passage to Kandahar by Habibullah Ghazi.—A. P.

INAYATULLA FLIES TO PESHAWAR

—:o:—

EN ROUTE TO KANDAHAR

DELHI, Jan. 18.

By arrangement with Bacha-i-Sakao, Prince Inayatullah and his household were evacuated by the R. A. F. from Kabul to Peshawar this morning 'en route' to Kandahar. Two Royal Air Force Victoria type aeroplanes left Kabul at 11-20 this morning and arrived in Peshawar with Prince Inayatullah and his family. They are entraining at Peshawar for Chaman from where they will proceed to Kandahar.—A. P.

WISE AFTER THE EVENTS

—:o:—

'DAILY NEWS" ON AFGHAN REVOLUTION

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The Daily News regards the attitude of the French and German Press on the Afghan revolution as rather a sorry return for the gallant rescue of their nationals from Kabul by our aeroplanes. The paper says that India Office went out of its way to warn King Amanullah most solemnly, before he left England, of the danger of the course he pursued.—Reuter.

UNDER MARCHING ORDERS

—:o:—

WHO'S WHO IN DEPORTED PRINCES

ALLAHABAD, Jan. 18.

The names of the Afghan princes deported from Dehra Dun yesterday are: Mohamed Yunif Khan Abdul Ali Khan Abdul Rahim Khan, Mohamed Motsin Khan, Azim Kham, Sultan Ahmed Khan, Abdur Anif Khan and Mohamed Umar Khan of whom the first four are sons of the late Yakub Khan and the others are near relatives. They have been in internment at Dehra Dun ever since Ayub Khan and Yakub Khan were brought there. The Princes are being sent to Rangoon.—A. P.

SINO-JAPANESE TARIFF AGREEMENT

—:o:—

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Tokio.—It is officially announced that the Sino-Japanese tariff agreement has been reached.—Reuter.

MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU SENDS NEW YEAR GREETINGS.

Quebec, Dec. 18, 1928.

A line of greeting for the New Year. I am now in Canada where I have had a wonderful demonstration of friendliness, but I return to-morrow to the States for the Centenary programme there. Everywhere I find splendid response. Good Luck.

SAROJINI NAIDU.

HILTON-YOUNG COMMISSION REPORT

Appointment of High Commissioner for Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika

PROPOSED CHANGES IN FRANCHISE

—:o:—

Co-ordination of "Native" Policy

LONDON, Jan. 17.

The report of the Hilton-Young Commission on the closer union of dependencies in Eastern and Central Africa recommends the appointment of a High Commissioner for Kenya, Uganda and Tanganyika, with the executive powers to inaugurate enquiries into and joint discussions of the questions of native control, promote unified control of certain services and settle the immediate causes of dispute and difference and draft modification of the constitution of Kenya Thereafter, if it is thought fit the High Commissioner may be substituted by the Governor-General of East Africa, endowed with the Executive power the principal duties being to secure Imperial interests and the proper discharge of responsibilities of His Majesty's Government to dispense justice to various racial communities, to co-ordinate Services of common interest. The report contemplates that the excercise of a central direction by the Governor-General would lead to the establishment of a Central Council empowered to legislate in respect of Services of common interest and with a central Revenue.

FRANCHISE.

The report recommends that consideration should be given to the replacement

MRS. SAROJINI NAIDU,

Who Sends her New Year Greeting from far off Quebec,

of adult franchise in Kenya by a franchise depending on civilisation or the qualification arranged by the High Commissoner in consultation with the Government of Kenya and representatives of unofficial communities. The report lays down methods of co-ordinating the native policy in which native tribal institutions should be fostered, and native administrations should have their own courts, as also transport communications and defence.

As regards the Central African territories, the Commission recommends the maintenance of the independent status of Nyasaland and North Rhodesia, pending further development of communications and the mineral exploitation of North Rhodesia, which may importantly influence the settlement of administrative boundaries. Meanwhile the Governor-General should pay occasional visits to both territories purely in an advisory capacity.

SUPPLEMENTARY REPORT.

While the main report recommends a very small modification of the Kenya Council Rt. Hon. (Edward) Hilton Young, in his personal supplementary report, advises "inter alia" an increase of nominated unofficials to eight, of whom three should represent the interests of the whole community, one of them should be a member of the Indian community, and the remaining five should represent natives. In the event of the necessity for increasing the number of European constituencies they should [illegible] first instance be increased from [illegible] their-

Continued on next page.

teen Officials should be increased from nine to ten and elected Indians from five to six.—Reuter.

A DETAILED SUMMARY

NEW DELHI, Jan. 18.

The report of the Hilton-Young Commission on the closer union of Eastern and Central Africa was made available at noon to-day in Delhi. It is a closely printed document of over 350 pages, and while the main recommendations regarding Kenya are unanimous, there are additional sets of recommendations by the Chairman regarding the Legislative Council of Kenya as well as on Central African territories. The Commission consisted of the Rt. Hon. Sir Hilton-Young (Chairman), Sir Reginald Mant, Sir George Schuster, (present Finance Member of the Government of India) and Mr. J. H. Oldham.

NEED FOR NEW CONCEPTION.

At the outset the Commission state that there is need for a new conception of the relation of the Imperial Government to non self-governing dependencies of the type found in Eastern and Central Africa. The Commission find that in the struggle between various local communities anxious to manage their own affairs and an Imperial Government resisting the relaxation of close control, it is possible to devise a form of government which, while ensuring Imperial direction on policy in essential matters, allows room for the development of local Government.

RESPONSIBLE GOVT. OUT OF QUESTION.

The majority of the Commissioners agree that responsible government is out of question within any period of time that need now be considered. The right to direct policy is retained by the Imperial Government not only because of its responsibilities for the Native population in each separate territory, but also because of its wide interest in problems throughout Africa, in regard to which a consistent policy must be followed. As the whole population, native and non-native, must, with the advance of civilisation and the development of the territories in question move steadily forward in the direction of increasing political responsibility, it is necessary, say the Commissioners, to look forward to the day when the imigrant communities and the natives will together control the whole business of Government.

"WHITES AND BLACKS"

They add that the White and Black races can for along time to come, possibly for all time, develop in the main with greatest advantage to each, along different lines. "Our idea is that while each pursues its own distinctive and natural line of development, they may be able to settle down together in a single State without fear of struggle for domination, provided there is available an impartial arbiter to decide the issues on which there is conflict of racial interests. It may be the destiny of the Imperial Government to fill this role."

ANOTHER GUIDING IDEA.

Another guiding idea is that the territories of Eastern Africa can never be Whiteman's countries in the sense that they could be populated and developed by a permanently settled self-sufficient White race performing for itself all the tasks of manual labour They can however constitute in the form of settled areas. Important outposts of British civilisation capable of doing great good. In the light of these guiding ideas the Commissioners make proposals answering to the terms of reference.

THE FIRST STEP

Firstly, they express the view that the time is not yet ripe for any drastic or sudden change to secure more effective co-operation between the different Governments by means of Federation on closer union. The co-ordination of policy is an essential need and as a first step towards this, the Commission recommend the appoint-

Continued on next page.

"MAD-CAP DEVELOPMENT SCHEMES"

Land Municipality on Verge of Bankruptcy

MR. JAMNADAS MEHTA ON MUNICIPAL FINANCE

"The mad-cap development schemes of a single Engineer has brought the Bombay Municipality nearly to the verge of bankruptcy." This was the observation made by Mr. Jamnadas Mehta in the course of a public lecture at the Students' Brotherhood hall on "Municipal Finance" on Friday evening. Mr. R. P. Masani presided.

In the course of his opening remarks, the Chairman declared that the finances of a City involved directly or indirectly all the problems of the city. It was of most vital importance to all the movements for the promotion of the welfare and amenities of the citizens.

IMPORTANCE OF CIVICS.

Mr. Jamnadas Mehta remarked that in some respects civic affairs were far more important than even political matters because it very closely related to the day to day life and amenities of the citizens. He also pointed out how civic bodies might greatly help the country's fight for liberation in the manner of its administrative policy and cited the noble attitude of Irish local bodies towards the Irish Republic.

FOUR TESTS.

Proceeding, he stated, that the heart of Municipal affairs was its finance. If the finance of a public institution like the Municipality was unsound, the result was bound to be prejudicial to the interests of the rate-payers. In his opinion there were four tests to determine the soundness or otherwise of the finances of a Municipality. The first was, whether the burden on the citizens was just and fair in proportion to the amenities, conforts and conveniences which the Municipality afforded. The second was whether the taxation was distributed equitably in proportion to the resources and income of the citizens and the services that they got in return for the taxes. Thirdly, whether the tax so collected was spent to the fullest advantage of the citizens or whether a large slice of it was swallowed by a swarm of officials. Fourthly, whether the Municipal service was efficient and contented in a manner that even the humblest servant got a due share in proportion to the service he rendered and whether the borrowings were so adjusted that not a single rupee was borrowed more than absolutely necessary.

A HEAVY IMPOSITION.

Judged in the light of the above tests, the speaker admitted, that the system of finance and taxation of the Bombay Municipality was ahead of other Municipalities in some respects, while in other respects it needed to be amended and improved. The speaker referred to the general tax of 11 per cent. levied by the Bombay Municipality and characterised it as a heavy imposition. Applying his first test to this tax, he stated that this tax was chiefly borne by the tenants and went on to examine what services the tenants got in return for this tax. The Municipality realised nearly one crore and twenty-two lakhs of rupees in the shape of this tax but did not afford corresponding amenities. In the north of Bombay there was no drainage system at all while in the south free and compulsory primary education was not yet introduced. To that extent at any rate the imposition was heavy. There was no justification at all to increase the general tax from 9 1/2 per cent. to 11 per cent.

"MAD-CAP SCHEMES."

Probing deeper into the finances of the Bombay Municipality, the speaker referred to what he called the "mad-cap development schemes" which the special Engineer had embarked upon a few years ago and which nearly led the municipal finances to the verge of bankruptcy. All these development schemes (aggregating to nearly 6,10,000 square yards) had been practically matured and laid but there was nobody to occupy or purchase them. The Municipality sunk a loan of Rs. 3 crores and had to pay Rs. 21 lakhs in interest. This sum of money could have easily covered compulsory primary education to the south of the City. The speaker cited this instance to show that the sum invested on non-productive schemes could have been utilised for better purposes. This blunder could have been easily averted if the Municipal Commissioner had not blindly plunged with the Special Engineer into these schemes.

LITTLE ATTENTION TO EQUITY AND JUSTICE.

Continuing Mr. Jamnadas Mehta declared that very little attention towards an equitable and just distribution of taxation was being paid by the Bombay Municipality. He thought there ought to be some gradation in taxation by which the poorer people paid a smaller tax and the richer people also contributed in proportion to their income. Both did not enjoy the same amenities but were taxed on the same basis. He thought this question ought to be considered and investigated by the Municipality. He pointed out the injustice being done by the Bombay Government by appropriating all the proceeds of the amusement tax which was really within the jurisdiction of the Municipality. In conclusion, the speaker dealt on the importance of giving a living wage to the subordinate and menial municipal staff and suggested retrenchment in the Engineering, workshops and higher services of the Municipality.

The Chairman, in winding up the proceedings, thanked the speaker for his lucid exposition of the salient features of Bombay Municipal finance. He agreed with him that a just and equitable adjustment of taxation was necessary to ensure greater comfort to the citizens. He thought that Mr. Jamnadas had been unduly harsh on Mr. Mackison who launched on his schemes when there was no slump in trade.

MASCOW VERSION OF EVENTS IN AFGHANISTAN

(Continued from previous page.)

bul show that the situation has improved to a great extent and that the regular troops are successfully clearing the Kabul Province from the insurgents that the King's mother has undertaken an agitational tour in the Provinces of Badakshan and Kandahar. Jalalabad is still in the hands of the regulars and reinforcements from Mohmands tribes and Kabul are reaching Jalalabad rapidly.

"I AM A PUCCA MUSSALMAN"

—:o:—

AMANULLAH'S LETTER TO REBELS

The following letter of King Amanullah was handed over to the rebels at Jalalabad on the 5th or 6th instant. We reproduce it from the "Shihab":—

"I make a solemn declaration to the effect that God is one and Muhammad is His servant and Prophet. O, my brothers in Islam! Remember that my idea was to arm with education the whole of Afghanistan so that her people might tread the path of truth as taught by God and His Prophet, and that they, by avoiding superstitions, bloodshed, robbery and theft, might take their rightful place among the civilised nations of the world. But you have now raised the banner of rebellion at the instigation of your ignorant selfish friends, as a result of which so many brave sons of Islam have lost their lives. I sent several Durrani girls for receiving their education in Turkey in accordance with the wishes of the people. But you did not countenance this step, although their husbands were also with them. You did not ponder over the evil consequences for Afghanistan of your revolt.

"I AM A PUCCA MUSSALMAN."

Are you not ordained by your religion to regard all Muslims as your brothers? If so, why do you consider it to be legal to kill them? As regards those people who have declared me an infidel, I leave their case to the Almighty God. They cannot force me out of the fold of Islam when I am, in my heart of hearts, a 'pucca' Mussalman. It is good that you have looted the Kabi Cantonment and other places including the armoury. I myself would have distributed these arms amongst you for defending yourselves against any alien power. I willingly make a present of these arms to you and you are now at liberty to use them. But be cautious in future, and do not entertain ideas of rebellion in any way. You are the strength of my arms, and hence I feel sorry at your ruin.

A PROOF OF SYMPATHY.

Is it not a proof of my sympathy towards you that although I have, at my disposal, several aeroplanes, I have not as yet ordered them to throw shells against you. But if in spite of this you persist in your evil ways, then know that the Hazaris and the Kandaharis who number 60,000 strong, are ready to attack you and the aeroplanes will then completely destroy your villages. "And our duty is simply to convey the warning to you."—("Ajmal.")

AMANULLAH'S ABDICATION

—:o:—

END OF ANGLO-AFGHAN TREATY?

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18.

Sirdar Sultan Ahmed Khan, Sirdas Nur Armed Khan, Sirdar Abdul Rashid Khan and Sirdar Sher Ahmed Khan, the step brothers of Sirdar Mahomed Omar Khan who escaped from parole at Allahabad recently arrived in Calcutta to-day from Allahabad under a police escort. Sirdar Effindi the eldest of the brothers arrived later by the Punjab Mail from Lahore under police escort. All the above mentioned along with Sirdar Mahomed Akram Khan Sirdar Mahomed Azam Khan and Sirdar Mahomed Afzal Khan left by the "Ellenga" to-day for Rangoon.

"An UNKNOWN FATE"

To a representative of the "Statesman" the Princes explained how worried they were at having to leave their families to "an unknown fate" in Allahabad. They went on to protest their ignorance of the precise nature of the charge against them, though they supposed it was in connection with the recent happenings in Afghanistan "We know nothing beyond what we have read in the newspapers" they added. "We have no connections with Afghanstan and all our friends are in India. We have never even communicated with anybody across the border and know nothing of what is going on there".

Referring to Sirdar Mahomed Umar Khan, one of the Princes stated that in Allahabad they lived in separate bungalows knowing nothing of each other's movements or activities. "However", he went on, "we missed him one morning and later an account in a newspaper we read "he had left for Afghanistan. We knew nothing of this at the time". "I don't think" he stated afterwards "that the dynasty of Mahomed Zais from which Amanullah and Inayatullah are descended will remain any longer. Sakkao is a brave man and appears to have a large following".

COLLECTOR'S INVITATION.

Explaining the circumstances of the arrest the Princes said that they were taken into custody on Wednesday. Each of the four brothers received the following invitation: "I have been directed by the Collector to request you kindly to see him to-day at his house at 9 a. m. Sorry to bother you." All of them responded and assembled at the Collector's bungalow at the appointed time. Each Prince stated that he was called in by the Collector and informed of the Government of India's order for his arrest. They were then taken into custody and taken to the European lockup where a fifth brother Sirdar Sarwar Khan, who was arrested a few days ago, is confined. In the evening the prisoner were taken to see their relatives and were instructed to make preparations for a long journey. The Princes then returned to the lockup while arrangements were made for a rail journey to Calcutta by the Delhi Express. Before leaving the police station they had an interview with Sirdar Mahomed Sarwar Khan, Oomar Khan's elder brother. Sirdar Saryar Khan remains in Allahabad in custody.

AFGHAN THEATY ENDS.

"My should we be arrested"? asked one of the Princes of the "Statesman" representative. "Whatever Sirdar Mahomed Omar Khan might have done we have given no cause to merit this action on the part of the Government. The treaties with Afghanistan apparently came to an end when Amanullah abdicated."

On their arrival at Sealdah the Princes were removed to the Alipore civil jail where they were lodged for the night. In this jail there are also Sirdar Mahomed Akram Khan, his son Mahomed Azlul and Sirdar Mahomed Azam Khan who were arrested at Bareilly and brought to Calcutta yesterday morning by the Punjab Mail. A. P.

IGNORANT OF CHARGES AGAINST THEM

—:o:—

DEPORTED AFGHAN PRINCES INTERVIEWED

CALCUTTA, Jan. 18.

The Afghan Princes who have been deported from Dehru Dun arrived at Sealdah Station to-day under police escort. Another brother of Sirdar Omar Khan, Sirdar Abdul Quadir Effendi, will arrive here to-day from Lahore.

In a special interview with the "Statesman" four of the Sirdars said that they did not know the precise nature of the charge against them though they supposed it was in connection with the recent happenings in Afghanistan. "I don't think the dynasty of Mohammed Zais from which ex-King Amanullah and the new King descended will remain any longer." declared one of the Princes.

The Princes will be deported to Rangoon —A. P.

HILTON-YOUNG COMMISSION REPORT

(Continued from previous page.)

ment of a Governor-General for Eastern Africa to act as a personal link between the Secretary of State and the various local Governments and to hold the position, as it were of a permanent Chairman, with full executive powers, of the standing conference of the three Governments. But as an immediate preliminary to this, it is proposed to appoint a High Commissioner in order firstly to inaugurate enquiries and joint discussions on questions of native policy, secondly, to promote unified control of services of common intterest and settle on a fair basis any immediate causes of difference, and thirdly, to discuss locally and work out the arraugements for introducing modifications proposed in the Kenya Constitution.

GOVERNOR GENERAL'S POST.

The results of the preliminary enquiries should be reviewed by His Majesty's Government, and if then thought fit, the post of Governor-General of Eastern Africa should be created. The plan includes changes in the organisation of the administration both in Africa and in London. The Governor General's function will be particularly, to direct the course of native policy and supervise its working, and he will be helped by Advisory Councils in respect of general matters and of transport and customs.

POWERS OF LEGISLATURES.

The Commission next consider the question of the powers and composition of the various Legislative Councils. Their recommendations involve no change, because no subject will be withdrawn from the purview of the local Legislatures, but the Central Authority will exercise powers of supervision. The only exception to this is in Kenya, where as a conditions of the abolition of the official majority in the Legislative Council, it is proposed that powers should be reserved to the Central Authority to ensure the passing of measures for certain purposes if necessary by vetoing the decision of the Council, especially to ensure inter-racial justice. As regards the composition of Legislative Councils, no change is recommended in respect of the Councils of Uganda and Tanganyika, in regard to the Kenya Legislative Council, the Commission as a whole recommend the appointment of four additional members nominated by H. E. the Governor to represent native interests, making with the member at present nominated for this purpose, five such representatives, and a corresponding reduction in the number of official members. This is intended as a first step in progressive reduction of the proportion of official members in the Council, to be undertaken in the proportion that the main lines of imperial policy in regard to natives and non-natives become generally accepted.

"CIVILISATION" QUALIFICATION.

Consideration is to be given to the replacement of adult franchise in Kenya by a franchise depending on the "civilisation" qualification. The nature of the tests to be imposed for this franchise should be a matter for enquiry by the High Commissioner in consultation with the Kenya Government and representatives of the unofficial communities. The changes which the new franchise qualifications would effect in the respective numbers of European and Indian voters should be made clear to the leaders of both communities and the High Commissioner is to endeavour to induce them to come to an agreement on the question of a common electoral roll. Concurrently with the changes proposed in the composition of the Kenya Council, the Governor-General is given special power to enact legislation and secure supplies which he regards as essential for the discharge of his responsibilities, even if he has to act contrary to the vote of the majority of that Council. The Commissioners remark that they advocate the raising of the franchise qualification in Kenya on the broad ground that the civilisation test is the best suited to conditions in East Africa.

INDIAN CLAIMS.

Discussing the Indian claim to a common franchise, the report observes:—

"Inasmuch as the progress of the territory must depend on co-operation between the races, ideal to be aimed at, is a common roll on equal franchise, with no discrimination between the races. It is, at the same time, clear that this ideal can be realised only by consent, and that the consent of the European community can only be obtained if they are given a feeling of security that their interests are not in danger of being overwhelmed by the mere numbers of other communities. Such security cannot be provided on the basis of adult suffrage. The figures to be collected as a result of the High Commissioner's enquiry on the basis of the civilisation qualification will be laid before the leaders of both communities, and fresh attempts will then be made to see whether an agreement can be reached in regard to the question. It may be that the revision of the franchise will not in itself effect reconciliation of the differences of view. Our hope is that our report may suggest fresh lines of approach to the political problem of East Africa, and that its recommendations may contribute to the growth of a spirit of co-operation, increasing the chances of a plan being devised which will do justice to the legitimate interests of both communities."

WHAT THEY WANT.

These observations are at the conclusion of the chapter relating to the Indian claim for a common franchise. In the body of that chapter the view-point of the Indian community is explained. On this question, the Commissioners acknowledge the assistance given by Kunwar Maharaj Singh and Mr. Ewbank. The report states:

"Indians do not claim representation in proportion to their number, but effective representation of their interests and equality of political status. We understand that their main objection to the present system of communal representation is that, in their view, it conveys the implication that they are inferior to the White immigrants, and it is therefore calling to their self-respect. In order to remove this implication, they were prepared to accept the proposal in the Wood-Winterton agreement to admit not more than one-tenth of their numbers to the franchise. In fact, they seek, not political domination, but recognition of their right as British subjects, to equality of treatment with other British subjects within the Empire.

EUROPEAN OPPOSITION.

The European representatives do not base their opposition to the Indian claims on any narrow ground of racial prejudice. As the pioneers of British civilisation, their ideal is to create a political unit in Kenya modelled on British institutions and embodying British standards of efficiency in administration. The Commissioners observe that issues involving fundamental racial interests must be determined in the last resort, not by voting strength in the Council, but by an impartial tribunal representing the Imperial Government.

CHAIRMAN'S DISSENT.

The Chairman differs from the rest of his colleagues in regard to the composition of the Kenya Legislative Council, and in respect of the view that the system of common roll for European and Asiatic voters is ideally the best suited to the conditions of Kenya.—A. P.

"INTERESTING BUT DISAPPOINTING"

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The "Daily Telegraph" commenting on the Hilton-Young Commission's report says, The Commission had a formidable task to accomplish without any previous special knowledge of East Africa to assist it. It is hardly surprising that the report is somewhat of an academic character and vague in recommendations. The marked divergence between the views of Rt. Hon. Hilton Young and his colleagues of the question of the Kenya Government contributes further to weaken the effect of the interesting but disappointing document. The paper thinks that chairman's proposal regarding the constitution of the legislature which his colleagues have overruled will commend itself to instructed public opinon. Many will think that the majority of the Commission have underrated the importance of the part played by planters and merchants in helping to build up a civilisation.—Reuter.

THE DOCTOR IN A DILEMMA.

Bombay Out of Bounds For All Communalists

—:o:—

HER YOUTH WILL NOT STAND COMMUNALISM.

Dr. Moonje, the Maha Sabha Leader from C. P., received a bolt from the blue on Friday evening at Khar when the youths greeted the fighting Doctor with a clear warning that they would not stand communalism and once more demonstrated their resolve not to allow their platform for any Communalist to air his views or emit the poison of communalism.

As Mr. Hiralal Desai, the President of the evening, was about to introduce the Doctor, "as an All-India leader" the youthful audience greeted it with "hisses", "Down with communalism", "Down with Moonje." Mr. Hiralal and Mr. B. G. Kher attempted to quiet the audience, but it was before some time that order was restored in the meeting.

Dr. Moonje, as soon as he got on his legs, thought it fit to administer a dose of remonstrance and remarked: "Remember, you have to deal with Dr. Moonje." This exhortation was accompanied with a flourish of his fist.

The youths who were equal to meet the Doctor, rose up to their feet and exhorted Dr. Moonje for more than ten minutes to remember: "We don't care a straw for your threats and Fascist methods."

Mr. Hiralal and Mr. Kher again pleaded with the young men to allow the Doctor to have his say.

After some sort of quiet was restored, Dr. Moonje delivered for about ten minutes what was perhaps his first tabloid lecture on communalism though the subject was "Nationalism and Communalism." He wound up his wonderful performance by asserting that he was not a Communalist which was received with good humoured jeers and retort "Oh, is that so?" You can't make us swallow your pill."

Mr. B. G. Kher and a youthful speaker addressed the meeting for a short time. The young speaker hoped that Dr. Moonje left the meeting a wiser and a saner man and this demonstration on the part of the youths should serve as a warning to all Communalists that Bombay is out of bounds for all such mad Mullahs and pernicious Pandits.

The meeting terminated with shouts of "Hindu-Muslim ki Jai", "Bharat Mata ki Jai", "We are Indians first and last."

"TIMELY AND EFFECTIVE TEST"

—:o:—

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The "Times" says that the Hilton Young Commission's Report provides a timely, effective test of the loose and easy professions which stimulate a policy. The paper thinks that the existence of sheltering, arbitral authority will be the surest guarantee to European, African and Indian alike, in future as much as in the immediate present. The journal concludes by saying that East Africa is and must be an imperial responsibility.—Reuter.

MANCHESTER GUARDIAN ON HILTON YOUNG REPORT

—:o:—

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The "Manchester Guardian" points out that by recommendations of the Hilton Young Report, although the Indians have failed to secure the retention of official majority in the legislatures, they have gained as much by the arrangement by which their representation, in effect, gives the balance of power in formation of majority. "On any particular issue, whether they attach themselves to official group or to European group, they confer on either a majority."—Reuter.

NEW PALACE FOR ALWAR

—:o:—

MAHARAJA LAYS FOUNDATION STONE

ALWAR, Jan. 17.

In the presence of a distinguished gathering Maharajah performed the ceremony of laying the foundation stone of his new Palace on Moti Dongri Hill.

The site is in the centre of the city and on the top of a hillock with a magnificent view stretching for 30 miles of the surrounding country.

His Highness said he regarded this Jubilee Day as the most auspicious occasion for laying the foundation stone of what he trusted would be the permanent home of his dynasty. The Maharajah with a golden trowel laid five separate pieces of marble on the prepared site, the band playing the Alwar Anthem. His Highness announced that the Palace would be known as Jay Raj Bhawan.—A. P.

INDIAN LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

—:o:—

DATES FOR OFFICIAL BUSINESS

DELHI, Jan. 18.

The Assembly's sittings for the transaction of official business have now been settled and show that the session will go up to the 28th of March. The Viceroy opens the session on 28th January and thereafter there will be a sitting for the transaction of official business on the same day. It is not yet decided whether the Viceroy's opening address will be to the Assembly only or jointly to both the Houses. Other official dates are:—February 4, 5, 6, 7, 11, 13, 18, 19, 21, 23, 25, 26, 27, 28. Sittings for official business in March will be held on 4th, 5th, 6th, 7th, 8th, 11th, 12th, 13th or 14th (according to the observance of Id), 18th, 19th, 20th, 21st, 26th, 27th and 28th March.—A. P.

PROGRESS MAINTAINED

—:o:—

KING'S CONDITION

LONDON, Jan. 18.

It is officially stated that the satisfactory progress reported yesterday in King's condition is maintained.—Reuter.

The King had fairly good night. His condition is unchanged.—Reuter.

MEDICAL JOURNALS ON KINGS CONDITION

LONDON, Jan. 17.

The "Lancet" commenting on the fact that for the first time in seven weeks the King's illness is now made a subject of the official bulletin in its columns says that "no medical man will fail to appreciate how anxiously the patient must continue to be watched through the extended period, for the illness has been so prolonged and severe and must always leave the subject liable to the addition of exhaustion which has throughout been dangerously pronounced. But, at long last, we may permit ourselves to indulge in happy anticipations of convalescence."

The British Medical Journal expresses the opinion that the "outlook is more hopeful than at any time in the past seven weeks."

MORNING'S REPORT CONFIRMED.

It is officially stated at the Palace, tonight, that the morning's report regarding the King is confirmed.—Reuter.

GENERAL BOOTH'S SUCCESSOR

—:o:—

APPLICATION FOR INJUNCTION

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The Chancery Division of the High Court to-day granted the application for injunction restraining the appointment of a successor to General Booth until 21st January when the matter will be brought up again before the Court.—Reuter.

CHINA'S NATIONAL ARMY

—:o:—

PROGRAMME FOR REDUCTION

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Nanking.—The Disbandment Conference, attended by all military leaders, Finance Minister and Foreign Minister, has agreed to abolish group armies and place them as also the arsenals under the direct control of the Central Government.

The present programme is for the reduction of the national army to maximum of sixty-five divisions, each 11,000 strong, equivalent to more than half the present total strength of the army. The Conference has passed plans for caring for disbanded soldiers, which include pensions for disabled and industrial and vocational training.—Reuter.

QUEEN DRIVES OUT IN CLOSED CAR

LONDON, Jan. 18.

The Queen left the Palace for first time since she developed cold on 11th January, driving out in a closed car this morning.—Reuter.

Paris.—Marshal Foch's improvement continues.—Reuter.

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FOR

HERNIA, HYDROCELE and APPENDICITIS

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A philanthropic Parsi gentleman has made Special Arrangements whereby poor Parsis, who are unable to pay the full fee of Dr. Treasurywala for treating the cases of Hydrocele, Hernia and Appendicitis can avail themselves of the unique treatment of Dr. Treasurywala on payment of reduced charges that will suit their pockets. A large number of patients will thus have the benefit of the treatment of Dr. TREASURYWALA who it will thus be amply proved, not only in India but throughout the world, is the only Electro-Therapeutist (M. D.) who is able to cure Hydrocele, Hernia and Appendicitis (without a knife,' i.e. surgically.) It has been proved that this special treatment is Dr. TREASURY-WALA'S OWN and QUITE UNIQUE.

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For further information kindly see Doctor personally as owing to pressure of work, correspondence is impracticable.

(Advt.)

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AN EASTERN TRAGEDY

—:o:—

Mr. G. K. Nariman Analyses Afghan Situation

In the course of an interview with a representative of the "Chronicle," Mr. G. K. Nariman expressed himself as struck with sorrow at the happenings in Afghanistan. The Parsi journalist was only two years ago invited by the then King Amanullah Khan at the celebration of the Independence Day which is usually observed in September. He traversed the country in motor and horse-back and was the first Indian to describe New Afghanistan. In consequence of his detached review of the situation his Russian friends cut of all relations with him. One Russian correspondent from Moscow asked him to retract or modify what he had allowed to be published in the "Civil and Military Gazette" on pain of certain consequences. On the other hand the stress that he had laid on the marvellous safety of the Afghan highways and the almost incredible progress the country had made within eight brief years earned him the criticism some of the British officials. One of the latter wondered as his exalting a foreign country in such highly laudatory terms. Mr. Nariman said that he was not altogether out of touch with the Kabul affairs, but there was little doubt that there were wheels within wheels. He was sceptic even about the information supplied to Consulates at Delhi and Bombay. The Anglo-Indian papers appeared certainly to have exaggerated matters but to do them justice, if journalism means the supply of news they had not in the light of subsequent events grossly magnified the situation. It is the Kabul papers themselves which gave the rumblings of the subterrenian ebulition. The "Anis" for example issued a grave warning. It told its Government that the provincial Governors should live in closer touch with the tribesmen like Shinwaris. It hinted that the ruling authorities should not rest content with enforcing the revolutionary reforms; that it should be incumbent on the local functionaries to explain the reforms to the masses.

ORIGIN OF TROUBLE.

The trouble no doubt originated in the excessive and almost child-like simplicity and self-confidence of Amanullah Khan. He used to go about amongst the fanatic crowds unarmed. He assumed greater strength of the love of the masses of his people than existed. On the other hand the way in which his officials treated the vindictive mullahs was expected to drive the indignation deeper down. At one time when Mr. Nariman was in Kabul he saw a couple of mullahs driven out of a building where an exhibition was held. Afghan Police turned them out in a tone and manner befitting high cast Brahmins, ejecting Pariahs from the compounds. The King had in Queen Suriya, a God-given help wholly meet for him. She fell in with his progressive views. She is said to have been his good genius,—her evil genius, according to her detractors. Educated, she is the daughter of Sardar Mahmud Beg Tarzi, till within a few months the Foreign Minister. Sardar Tarzi had to leave Afghanistan in the previous regime and for a number of years he stayed in Syria. There he married a cultured Mussalman lady. Queen Suriya is the offspring of that alliance. Sardar Tarzi is old and a martyr to gout. He may be mistaken by his speech, mode of dress, and a certain gesture of inborn generosity for an Indian Parsi of position, willing to oblige,—perhaps patronise.

FORCES AT WORK.

While the King and Queen were away in Europe, trouble began to brew. Some reports of an alarming nature reached him. He was, however, unshaken in his confidence about the love of his people for him. He over-looked, or was not fully informed, of the staggering factors of an intrigue. It is difficult in a brief interview to give a lucid account of the complications, the conflict of interests, the desire for revenge, and the alliance of diabolical sentiments which are mistaken for divine zeal with traditions which exalt murder and arson, plots and counter plots, into patriotism and acts pleasing in the sigh of a good God. There was the former accomplished Afghan Minister at Paris, Nadir Khan; with his brothers brought up in India. They combine the patience and ability of Indians with the physical vigour of Afghans. There were men returned from the other world of Europe, anxious to get jobs and yet sick at heart at the comparative backwardness of their home. There was the young King's inborn, irrepressible impulse and will to reform. He wearied his subordinates with his marvellous energy. His relinquishing on a throne, kingly luxury for the hard toil of desk and out-door labour irritated where they failed to impress his lethargic counsellers.

The disappearance of Sardar Omer Khan from Allahabad lent a colour to the whisperings of men with a grievance. It is difficult to understand what the British could stand to gain by having a disturbance in Afghanistan. If England is afraid of any power to-day, it is not even America. It is the Soviet Russia. The Bolshievists strain every nerve to have and excuse to swoop down the Northern frontier into Herat. They await the dawning of the day when they could see, or fancy British interference in the affairs of Afghanistan. With the present Indian discontent, however, superficial, a campaign in and against a section of Afghanistan would be midsummer madness. A strong independent Afghanistan with a progressive sovereign like Amanullah who kept back the "Red" influence would be after the British's heart.

King Amanullah had a very stimulating task feeding his justifiable pride. He kept the balance of power between the conflicting European elements, striving for mastery in Central Asia. The German and the French engineers and medical men were entertained in his services. Swarms of Russians, men and women, roamed the bazaars of Kabul. Italians frequented the newly established hotels. The solitary European exception was the Englishman. Sir Francis Humpreys was the exception to this exception. He is the British Minister at Kabul. It is the personality of this astute statesman which in the opinion of Mr. Nariman had maintained the reputation of the British. Proud perhaps sullen and retiring, the few Englishmen living with Minister were confined to the paradise, the magnificient British Legation, a slice of luxuries Europe carved out of the sands of Afghanistan five miles off the capital.

MR. NARIMAN ON NEW RUSSIAN MORALITY.

I am not inclined, said Mr. Nariman, to dismiss all the rumours as baseless. There cannot be a mere propaganda in the statement of Dr. Francis Havelock. "I did not hear his name," the intimate physician was Dr. Smith, the dentist from Calcutta." Without being unduly severe to the new moral code of post-Czarist Russia, we can find nothing inherently incredible in the report that Soviet gold has purchased British rifles to be supplied to Shinwaris.

What Afghanistan was we know from travellers of veracity. What King Amanullah made it is now history. Out of unquestioned autocracy and insecurity out of the rule of dangerous maniacs calling themselves spiritual leaders out of a misrule of personal passions, the ill-starred Prince, born in 1890 evolved order, law, justice and liberated man. What Afghanistan will be with the Mullahs intoxicated with reinstallation into power and unmerited triumph, it is not difficult to conjecture. Never the less Mr. Nariman had strong hopes that Afghanistan had stepped in order only to have a leap forward at the hour pre-ordained. Presumptions of spiritual authority and the visions of a happy life after death at the cost of the happiness of the living in his world, will not endure. Echoes of the Afghan debacle may be heard in Syria, and Palestine. The fanatic ingredient of the Indian population may feel the ripples of the mass of water moved on by this avalanche. Egypt may be stirred. The greatest tangible apprehension may have to be looked for in the direction of Persia. For successful bigotry rushes with the speech of lightening. It may be that the half entombed fanatic akhund will raise again if momentarity his accursed head.

The Afghan bigots are most furious at the Turks. The latter in Kabul are scarcely to be distinguished from Europeans. The Afghan is not unaware that on the day the Latin script was made compulsory in Constantinople, some of the leading literati exclaimed that they had shuffled off their Oriental coil, and had become and were proud to be Europeans. It is only when the average Mulla goes to Europe and sees that Almighty God has created men belonging to other religion as good as himself that he abates somewhat of his fierce outlook on everything not connected with his creed.

REPARATIONS COMMITTEE

—:o:—

APPOINTMENT OF AMERICAN EXPERTS

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Washington.—The British Ambassador has informed Hr. Kellogg that the allied Government have selected Owen D. Young and J. Pierpont Morgan as American Experts on the Reparations Committee. Mr. Thomas Elson Perkins of Boston has been chosen as a substitute. Mr. Kellogg has expressed his entire approval of selections.—Reuter.

TASMANIA ROUTED IN FIRST VENTURE

—:o:—

M. C. C. PLAY HAVOC WITH LEATHER

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Hobart—The second match between the M. C. C. and Tasmania commenced here to-day. Tasmania, batting first, were all out for sixtysix. White taking three wickets for twelve runs and Geary three wickets for six runs. M. C. C. then going in, had made 118 for five wickets in their first innings at close of play to-day.—Reuter's Special.

EX-CIVILIAN DEAD

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Death has occurred of Sir Charles Raitt Cleveland.—Reuter's Special.

(Sir Charles Raitt Cleveland whose death at the age of 62 has been announced was brou on 2nd November 1866. Educated at Christ's College and Balliol College, he entered the Indian Civil service in 1885 and has served the C. P. Government in Various capacities before his retirement in 1919. He was created C. I. E. in 1906; K. C. I. E. in 1911 and K. B. E. in 1917.)

RIFLES FOR BOLIVIA CONFISCATED

—:o:—

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Buenos Aires.—The authorities have seized 2000 cases containing rifles consigned to Bolivia aboard the German steamer "Sachsenwald" achored of Santa Fe.—Reuter.

Please Note 26th Jan.

Awake, Arise and stop not till the Goal is reached

The youth of India is clamouring for something new. This newly created zeal of the present day Youth in social, political and domestic spheres is most able portraited for the first time in the history of Indian Cinema Industry.

INDULAL YAJNIK PRESENTS

Young India

the most powerful screen version of Youthful romances and enthusiasm.

FACTS THAT COUNT.

Mr. YAJNIK, a well-known journalist and national worker of reputation has written this powerful story.

SHARDA FILM Co. has given their full Co-operation.

THE PHOTOGRAPHY is almost unique in this film.

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Celebrated Cinema Stars MISS JUBEIDA, MISS SULTANA.

Supported by Mr. NAVINCHANDRA The hero of Pavagher film.

SPECIAL ATTRACTIONS

The University Corps, The Scout rally, Gymnastic feats, special scenes of S. S. Dufferin and a splendid scene of

BHARAT MATA

NEXT SATURDAY **West-End Cinema** Lamington Road.

C. P. MINISTERS SPRING SURPRISE

—:o:—

RESIGNATION BEFORE CENSURE !

NO SIMON COMMITTEE TO BE APPOINTED

NAGPUR, Jan. 18.

The Central Provinces Council reassembled this afternoon with Sir S. M. Chitnavis in the chair. At the outset the President on behalf of the Council expressed deep regret at the deaths of Lala Lajpat Rai and Sir Ameer Ali and placed on record appreciation of their services to the Motherland.

After question time the President announced that there were three motions of no-confidence in the Hon. Raghavendra Rao and the Hon. Mr. Kedar, but in view of the fact that both the Ministers had tendered resignations the no-confidence motions automatically lapsed. His Excellency the Governor had accepted the resignations of the Ministers of the Transferred Departments and an attempt would be made to form another Ministry if possible.—A. P.

NO COMMITTEE FOR SIMON COMMISSION

GOVERNOR BOWS TO POPULAR WILL

NAGPUR, Jan. 17

Addressing the Central Provinces Legislative Council His Excellency Sir Montagu Butler surveyed the local conditions of the Province relating to famine and agriculture. On the advice of the Ministers he had agreed to the completion of an experiment in excise administration in Damoh district. The last liquor shop in that district had now been closed and the result of this attempt at total prohibition would be awaited with the greatest interest. He said he would have wished that people could let the Government use them as reason sfor demanding for the Province a further instalment of Reforms but he saw that this was not to be. He did not propose to have put before them any motion for the appointment of a committee to work with the Statutory Commission. Thus the case of the Province for more reforms would go unrepresented. He said that the decision was theirs, not his.

When His Excellency was addressing the Council the Swarajists were absent. There was a change in the arrangement of seats. The Swarajists, nationalists and independents were on one side and the democratic party and Moslems were on the side of Ministerial benches.

PRIMARY EDUCATION BILL.

After question time. The Hon. Mr. Raghavendra Rao presented the report of the Select Committee on the C. P. Primary Education (Second Amendment) Bill and moved that it be taken into consideration.

Rao Bahadur Kelkar moved several amendments which were carried. The Hon. mover did not press further and the bill was kept pending.

The Council adjourned till to-morrow.—A. P.

THREE MILE A MINUTE MIRTH REELS

SAURASTRA FILM CO.'S

COMEDY DRAMA

BEWARE OF WOMEN

IN NINE NON-STOP-LAUGHTER REELS.

It is undoubtedly the best comic film ever made.

Supported by Mr. VAIDYA, one of the greatest Comedian and expressionist and humorist of the Indian Filmdom.

ALSO

STAGE DANCE by Miss SHANTA

Sweet Music—Pleasant Song—Beautiful Acting.

TIME:—Saturday, Sunday and Holiday at 3-30 p. m.

DAILY:—5-15, 7, 8-45 and 10-30 p. m.

Krishna Cinema

DUBASH THEATRE, New Charni Road

NEXT WEEK **Gujarat Production,** **YOUNG ASCETIC.**

EARTHQUAKE HAVOC AT CUMANA

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Caracas (Venezuela).—Twenty-five persons are reported to have been killed in an earthquake at Cumana where, according to an wireless from the Governor, every building has collapsed and telegraphic service has been interrupted. Tremors were also felt elsewhere in Venezuela.—Reuter.

REPRESENTATIVES OF SUGAR INDUSTRY TO MEET IN CONSULTATIONS

LONDON, Jan. 18.

Geneva.—The Economic Committee of the League of Nations has decided to organise consultations among expert representatives of the sugar industry from fifteen producing countries, including Britain, India and Japan. Another consultation, among the beet sugar experts is contemplated for some time later.—Reuter.

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In Aid of
GUJARATI HINDU STRI MANDAL.

Miss GRACE BORROUGHS, M.A.,

The American DANSEUSE who drew crowded audience at her first performance two months ago will, before sailing for America, give a FAREWELL CONCERT of

INDIAN DANCES

interpreting her impressions of the simplicity, spirituality, charm and colour of Indian life.

MONDAY, 28th JANUARY, 9-30 P. M.
at EXCELSIOR THEATRE

Miss BORROUGHS will also present to the Bombay public for the first time, her full repertoire of FRENCH JAPANESE and CHINESE DANCES.

The programme also includes Indian songs and instrumental music. The BOMBAY CHAMBER ORCHESTRA will play throughout the programme.

Tickets to be had at: DHIRAJLAL C. SHAH, Jariwalla Mansion, 1st Floor, opposite Parakh Hospital, Sandhurst Road (from 8 to 10 a.m. morning: Sunday whole day).

The PHOTOTYPE CO., next to Indian Book Depot, Medows Street (11 a.m. to 5 p.m. daily except Sunday).

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Victory (Regd.) shall make you perfect man in 2 hours: the best retentive and good tonic. No opium. Quite safe, Price Rs. 2 per dozen.

Teryaq Atshaq—Matchless remedy for any kind of Syphilis. Absolutely without mercury No trouble, but complete cure in one Week. Price Rs. 3.

Sujan Mohani (Regd.) A few grains of it shall change your old wife into quite young one in 10 minutes. Quite safe but most certain. Price Rs. 2 per tola.

Aksir—shall cure old or new Gonorrhoea in a few days without fail. Guaranteed not to contain Morphia, Sandal Oil, etc., etc., Price Rs. 3 only.

Tila Dilruba (Regd.)—Use it once and you most proud and indifferent darling shall be enslaved for ever. A packet for 6 times Price Rs. 2 only.

Dr. T. N. SHARMA, KAVIRAT
Darulsehat (Regd.) Gujrat. (PUNJAB.)

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DIVORE GRANTED TO A EUROPEAN LADY

HUSBAND TO PAY MAINTAINANCE

A decree nisi for divorce was granted to Mrs. Winckler Hilda Adams by Mrs. Justice N. W. Kemp at the High Court on her petition alleging cruelty, desertion and adultery on the part of the respondent Walter Henry Adams.

The petitioner stated that she was married to the respondent in Bombay in 1919, but a few months later their relations became embittered, and he turned her out in 1920, and since then she had been living with her mother. Subsequently the respondent had been living in adultery with the co-respondent, Mrs. Cooper. On these facts, she filed the present suit.

Mr. T. S. Vyas, instructed by Messrs. Amratlal and Co., Solicitors, appeared for the petitioner.

At the hearing which was ex-parte, the Court enquired why the petitioner had not produced any witnesses. The latter explained that she knew nobody who could depose to the facts, except one who was not available.

But there were other circumstances which went to corroborate the petitioner's allegations. The petitioner had seen the co-respondent, Mrs. Cooper, in her dressing gown in the respondent's room at night at Lonavla.

His Lordship questioned the petitioner about some damaging allegations made against her by the respondent in a letter addressed to the Court. After hearing her reply, the Court was satisfied that those allegations were false.

His Lordship granted a decree 'nisi' with costs. The respondent was directed to pay the petitioner Rs. 120 per month as alimony. The petitioner was allowed to retain the custody of the child.

LOITERING BETWEEN SUNSET AND SUNRISE

HIGH COURT RULING

Lately a case of considerable interest was decided by the High Court when the appeal Court reversed the findings of Mr. P. J. Murzban Honorary Presidency Magistrate of the Girgaum Police Court who had acquitted one Baboo Mahadev on a charge of loitering between sunset and sunrise, being a reputed thief and being unable to give a satisfactory account of himself, under section 112 (d) of the Bombay City Police Act.

The accused according to the prosecution was found moving in a crowd and feeling the pockets of the people near the Imperial Cinema (Lamington Road) on the night of the 17th June 1928 at about 9-30 p.m. On being accosted by a police constable, he could not give a satisfactory account for his presence at the place. He was therefore arrested and placed before a Bench of Honorary Magistrates. The accused was acquitted by the learned Presidency Magistrate on the ground that he had nothing in his pocket to incriminate him and although he had previous convictions, still 9-30 p.m. was not a time to arouse suspicion. On these ground the accused was given the benefit of the doubt.

The police however filed an appeal in the High Court against this ruling. On a rule being granted a further difficulty cropped up as the notice could not be served on the accused who could not be traced. A reference to the Finger Print Bureau however settled the difficulty as they succeded in tracing the accused at Yeravada Jail where he had been sent on being convicted on some other charge subsequently brought against him.

HIGH COURT REVERSES JUDGMENT.

Their Lordships (Patkar and Baker J. J.) reversed the findings of the lower court and sentenced him to one month's rigorous imprisonment. In the course of their judgment their Lordships made the meaning of the section very clear: "The learned Magistrate is of opinion that 9-30 p.m. is not the time to arouse suspicion. The words of the section are whoever between sunset and sunrise is found loitering in any street being a reputed thief and without being able to give a satisfactory account of himself is guilty under section 112.' The words 'at an unusual hour" do not appear in the section. It appears from the evidence that the accused was loitering in the street. He was found feeling the pockets of the people in the crowd by the police constable. He is a reputed thief having seven previous convictions, and was not able to give a satisfactory account of himself, nor was he able to satisfactorily account for his presence at the place. We think, therefore, that the acquittal was wrong."

COLABA OBSERVATORY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending at 8 a. m. of 18-1-1929

Barometer (correcter to 3s deg. F.) at 8 a.m. 30.008 inches (.013 above normal)

Change of 8 a. m. barometer in past 24 hours +.068

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a. m. 69.1 degrees

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a. m. 65.0

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 82.4 degrees (0.5 below normal)

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 66.3 degrees (0.2 below normal)

Relative humidity at 8 a. m. 80 per cent.

Direction of wind at 8 a. m. N

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 10 miles per hour

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 148 miles

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours. 23 miles per hour.

Earthquak Report.—An earthquake shock of slight intensity at its origin about 9,100 miles away was recorded by the seismographs in the Colaba observatory at 17 hrs. 38 min. yesterday (I. S. T.)

SIMON SEVEN'S BOYCOTT

NAGPUR'S RESOLVE

FATE OF RAOKEDAR MINISTRY

(From Our Correspondent).

NAGPUR, Jan. 15.

"What would be the fate of the Rao-Kedar Ministry", it the question that is agitating the minds of the public of the Central Provinces and Berar just at present. Will the resolution which is proposed to be moved in the forthcoming meeting of the C. P. Legislative Council, which commences its sitting on Thursday, the 17th January, 1929, expressing no-confidence in the present ministry be passed or will it be rejected. Secret meetings are being held among the councellors and canvassing is going on merrily. Both sides seem to be evenly divided and both of them are sure of the success. It is very difficult at this stage to postulate with any degree of certainty the exact strength of both the parties owing to the ever changing opinions of some of the councellors who are almosst sitting on the fence. The ministerialists are trying hard to win over some of the waverers and thus ensure the defeat of the motion of no-confidence. Some of the supporters of the present ministry are appealing to the Swarajists to exercise due circumspection and not lend themselves too readily as cat's paws in the ministerial controversy.

Among the resolutions that are expected to come before the ensuing session Mr. G. C. Singai's resolution recommending to the local Government to advice His Excellency the Governor to dissolve immediately the present Council and order a fresh election to be held before the budget session of 1929, is significant at this stage. Mrs. Anasuyabai Kale will move a resolution recommending to the Government to convey to the Government of India its considerate opinion that the legal age of marriage for girls should be raised to 14 and for boys to 18 and as a step towards this end it supports Rai Bahadur Harbilas Sharda's Child Marriage Bill as amended by the Select Committee of the Begislative Assembly. Mr. V. V. Kalikar will move recommending to the proper authorities that the Council accords its hearty sanction to the principles of the constitution for India as settled in the report of the Committee known as the Nehru Committee. Seth Thakurdas Goverdhandas wants the Council to appoint a committee to draw up a scheme for a speedy banishment of illiteracy from these provinces, while Mr. N. V. Nagle wants the Government to take immediate steps to achieve the goal of total prohibition within the next fifteen years.

BOYCOTTERS BUSY.

Reports of successful boycott of the Simon Commission at Calcutta and other places is inspiring the local leaders to make the boycott, of the unwelcome guests complete success when they visit the Central Provinces in March last. The Wardha Municipal Committee has set an example before other Municipal Committees by resolving to boycott the Simon Commission and to close the Municipal Offices and Schools on the day of the arrival of Simonites. Will the other Municipal Committees in the province pass identical resolutions?

The Provincial Trade Union Congress Committee has passed a resolution calling upon all the workers to make the Anti-Simon Commission Demonstration a great success by taking active part in the same, when the Simon Commission arrives in Nagpur.

COTTON BROKERS' STRIKE ENDS.

The Cotton Brokers' Strike at Nagpur is nearly at an end and cotton carts are arriving in the Nagpur Cotton Market and their sale conducted according to the new rules introduced by the Nagpur Municipal Committee.

The Education Department of the Central Provinces deserve to be congratulated on their decision to sanction capitation grants of Rs. 18 per annum for every orphan above five below twelve years of age who attends a recognized school and is admitted into an orphanage which has been registered for three years and which has not got proselytizing as one of its subjects.

"The year under report adds yet another to the succession of years unfavourable to the revenues of the Forest Department which fell by Rs. 2,43,215" remarks the report by the Chief Conservator of Forests on Forest Administration in the Central Provinces and Berar for the year 1927-28. The sal borer attack which wrought such a havoc in the forests of the province is becoming less intense.

A STRONG RUMUOR.

It is strongly rumoured in well informed circles that Mr. R. H. Macnair, the officiating Additional Judicial Commissioner, Central Provinces, will officiate as Judicial Commissioner, when Mr. C. S. Findlay, the present Judicial Commissioned proceeds on leave. Thus if the rumours come true, Mr. Macnair will supercede Rao Bahadur M. B. Kinkhode, the seniormost Additional Judicial Commissioner, thus exhibiting once more the naked truth how even a majority of Indian members of the Executive Council of the Governor of the C.P. are powerless before a determined bureaucracy to allow an Indian to officiate as Judicial Commissioner, when he is entitled to do ho as a matter of cours.. Great resentment is caused by this impending supercession.

THE "DRINKING POT" CONTROVERSY.

(Continued from Page 8).

Hindus". No better reply could be given to him than the one given by Swami Vivekanand to the Bengali Brahmins in one of his speeches. Said Swamiji:—

REAL VARNASHRAMA-DHARMA.

"I would ask every one of you, what do you know about this Varnashram? Where are the four castes to-day in this country? Answer me. I do not see the four castes. Just as our Bengali proverb says, is a headache without a head," so you want to make this Varnashram here. There are iot four castes here. I see only the Brahmin and the Sudra. If there are the Kshatriyas and the Vaisyas, where are they, and why do not you Brahmins, order them to take the Yagnopavita and study the Vedas, as every Hindu is ordered?—and if the Vaisyas and the Kshatriyas do not exist, and only the Brahmins and the Sudras existant the Sastras say that the Brahmin must not live in a country where there are only Sudras, then depart bag and baggage. Do you know what the Sastras say about people who have been eating mlechcha food, and living under a Government of the mlechchas, as you have been for the last thousand years? Do you know the penance for that? The penance would be burning one's self with one's own hands. Do you want to pass as teachers and walk like hypocrites? If you believe in your Sastras burn yourself first like the one great Brahmin did, who went with Alexander the Great, and burnt himself, because he thought he had eaten the food of a melchcha. Do like that and you will see that the whole nation will be at your feet. You do not believe in your own Sastras and want to make others believe. If you think you are not able to do that in this age, admit your weakness and excuse the weakness of others, take the other castes up by the hand, give them a helping hand, let them study the Vedas, and become just as good Aryans as any other Aryans in the world, and be you likewise Aryans, you Brahmins of Bengal" ("Vedanta in all its phases").

Let us see whether the apostles of Don't-Touchism are ready to admit their weakness.

Ensuing Municipal Election.

WE have opened this special column for the benefit of the candidates for the ensuing Ward Elections of the Municipality of Bombay. The names of the candidates, the wards which they will contest and the Symbols given to them by the Municipal Commissioner will be published in this column and the charges will be Rs. 10 per insertion.

The blocks must be supplied by the candidates.

Name of the Candidate.	Ward.	Symbol.
LAKHMIDAS RAOJI TAIRSEE	"C" (Bhuleshwar)	Man.
Mr. A. P. SABAWALA, Bar-at-Law.	"D" (Girgaum)	"Cat"

Mr. Ramchandra M. Bhatt's Appeal.

DEAR SIR,

You are well aware that the Triennial General Elections for the Bombay Municipal Corporation will be held on the 29th instant I hereby take leave to inform you that I am standing as a candidate for the Bhuleshwar "C" Ward, and fervently hope that you will oblige me by casting your votes in my favour.

I am a sitting member on the Corporation for the last six years. I am a member of the Bombay Nationalist Municipal Party. At the last General Election in 1926 I was elected from the Bhuleshwar Ward and I am standing from the same Ward in the forthcoming election.

I have been attending all the meetings of the Corporation very regularly. I have always taken a keen interest in all questions from the national and public view-point, and have always taken care to cast my vote in favour of measures which are conducive to public welfare and the removal of hardships of the public. I have been particularly careful in seeing that the religious susceptibilities of the Hindus are in no way injured; and that will be seen from my opposition to such measures as the proposed Municipal Crematorium for burning Hindu corpses, the proposal to have common drinking cups for children in Municipal schools, as well as the proposal to fill up the Bhuleshwar temple tank.

It was with the same desire to end the hardships of the peasants of Bardoli and to create the position which would secure justice for them, that I ventured to deposit with the Government the difference between the old and the new land revenue.

In order to improve the conditions of the residential buildings for the poor and the middle classes of Bombay, the social Service League had organised sanitation rounds and I went on such rounds on many occasions. I have been elected on the Public Health, the Water and the Drainage Committees of the Corporation.

From the above brief account of my policy and work in the Corporation, I am sure you will be satisfied; and I hope you will give me further opportunities to serve the public, by giving all your votes to me and helping me to be elected.

I hope you will cast all your 16 votes in my favour and oblige. I assure you that I shall always be eager and ready to work for the redress of the grievances of the public.

I have adopted the "HORSE" as mysymbol for the election.

Yours faithfully,
RAMCHANDRA M. BHATT.

Mr. SABAWALA'S MANIFESTO.

Mr. A. P. SABAWALA, Bar-at-Law, the son-in-law of Sir Cowasji Jehangir (Senior), Baronet, has issued the following manifesto, to the voters:—

Dear Sir,

I beg to offer myself as a candidate for one of the 10 seats on the Municipal Corporation from D (Girgaum) Ward. I take a keen interest in all civic questions, and if elected to the Corporation, shall do all I can to serve the best interests of the City.

Amongst the questions to which I propose to apply myself are the provision of better facilities for the education of the working classes, and improvement in their conditions of life through better sanitation and means of recreation. The necessity of providing easily accessible recreation grounds and promenades for the middle and lower middle classes is another problem to which I shall devote myself. These are questions which demand attention as much as the larger problems of health, sanitation and education which are regarded as the primary concern of all Municipal bodies.

If you think I can be of some service to this City, I shall feel obliged by your kindly giving me all or the majority of your ten votes.

My Symbol is "CAT." **"CAT".**

To

THE VOTERS of "C" (BHULESHWAR) WARD.

FRIENDS,

VOTE FOR MAN WHO WORKS
Honestly and Conscientiously.

My Symbol is **"MAN"**

LAKHMIDAS RAOJEE TAIRSEE.

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GREAT EASTERN

LIFE ASSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

(Incorporated in S. S.)

Special new features came into force from:—

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The Famous Spa Treatment

For LIVER & URIC ACID

IN an improved and agreeable form, Kutnow's Powder scientifically reproduces the identical virtues of the mineral springs at Carlsbad in Europe.

A spoonful of Kutnow's dissolved in a glass of drinking water every morning is the surest way to cleanse the liver and kidneys and maintain vigorous health.

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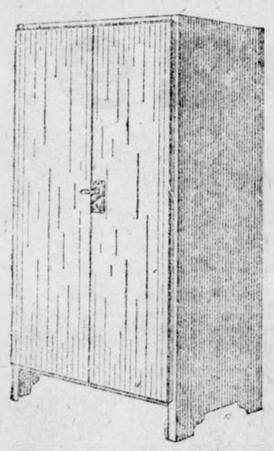

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CINDERELLA OF INDIA

Glimpse of Burmese Life

Burma is the beautiful Cinderella of the Indian Empire. She came into it late in her story; the adopted daughter, if not the step-child. From her earliest days though not uninfluenced by her great neighbour, she had lived her own separate life; a Queen in her own right. Passionately proud of her descent, she had looked across the sea to India with no sense of kinship; her religion she knew had come to her from there as we know that ours came to us from Palestine; but of any real fellowship, or sense of inferiority, there was none in her mind. On the contrary, she regarded herself as above all other people with the haughty conviction of youth and the merry laughter of a child. All foreigners were necessarily inferior were "black" foreigners and nearest to her were "black" foreigners and she in her own eyes was white.

Now it is a strange thing that white people always think themselves superior to black ones. So proud was she that she even sent her armies across her borders to conquer the Indians, and this at last brought her own downfall, for she met there another people. In 1825 she lost a third of her empire to British rule; in 1852, still proud and vehement, she was shorn of another third. Then for a season a good and wise king, unmersed in the Buddhist tradition, desired only this, that he might live in peace. Everyone remembers the good King Mindon. His son and especially his son's wife added to their extreme youth a passionate patriotism and complete ignorance of life. They would go to war with their mighty neighbour whom they chose to regard as their cruel adversary. They would accept no compromise.

Within fourteen days their kingdom was at an end; both died in exile and since 1885 Burma has been no more than an interesting if rather distant an "backward" province of the Indian Empire, seldom visited by travellers, and once only in each Viceroy's lustrum on a hasty journey; and so it came to pass that Kipling who has brought India nearer to Western hearts than any man living or dead, spent only three days —or was it a week?—in the land of the lotus and of the Shwe Dagon of Buddhism in its purest surviving form, of the Burma girl, and of the merriest, happiest, most delightful people on the face of the earth. Thus writes V. C. Scott O'Connor in "Britannia."

THE GAY BURMESE.

For this reason people call the Burmese the Irish of the East; but the Irish are not a happy people and Ireland is not a happy country. In Burma nearly every one is happy, on its bountiful soil no man need starve, and no man there is under the least obligation to overwork. Silk is common wear and not the artificial variety. The women wear flowers in their hair and walk under the shade of amber parasols that make a golden glow upon their comely faces. They are never shut up, and have many wooers. There is no feminine wile or art unknown to them. One can go to a play in Burma for nothing, and every village has its ballet. Good humour and laughter and polite manners are common in Burma, and a very fine and delicate breeding. They are not an old and tired people weighted down with striving and sorrow and brooding speculation on the sombre mysteries of life and the dark places of the human mind.

Some like to have it that they are superficial; possibly, in the way that gifted children are superficial. There are no dark reserves in the Burmese spirit. Friendliness to a stranger is their common characteristic: and the "Sundowner," if he were white, could, and sometimes did, quarter himself upon a Burmese village and live there at his ease. He might even be given a wife.

NO CLASS DISTINCTIONS.

I think that Burma, for all her fine manners and gradations of respect, must be the most democratic country in the world. One can get a title there simply enough by building a pagoda or endowing a monastery, for these acts confer great honour upon a man and the esteem and respect of his peers; but there are no hereditary titles in Burma, there is no caste, there are no class distinctions, and even the possession of wealth, though it may give a man power, gives him less influence than the parting with it. This equality extends in effect to women; for though women in Burma must become men in their future incarnations before they can attain the almost unattainable peace of Nirvana, they stand in everyday life upon equal terms.

Once in the course of my travels I became acquainted with a young girl of eighteen, who was present[illegible] as the Headman of the village. [illegible]her had died and she had succeed[illegible]s office though it was not heredi[illegible] it used to be not at all uncomm[illegible] days when unrest prevailed i[illegible]try and "dacoits" attacked and [illegible] a village, for the Headman's [illegible] absence to summon the "posse[illegible] and send it or even lead it[illegible]. They are clever also and liv[illegible]tee; and a man who would b[illegible]n pretty girl selling silks in th[illegible]s need of his wits. The childre[illegible]a are as delightful as any chil[illegible] world and more so than many[illegible]ss exactly like their parents an[illegible]rave and dignified, with laug[illegible] peep out from their sole[illegible]

A COUNTR[illegible]

Being Buddhists[illegible]d to animals; they l[illegible]e Jataka of the pi[illegible] which illustrate t[illegible] be cruel, sometim[illegible] den devastating[illegible] are cruel; for ci[illegible] a new thing to[illegible] are gracious. [illegible] houses there is[illegible]

a Zayat or Resting-place for the traveller, and fresh drinking water is arranged in pots by someone who undertakes this daily care. Like all sensitive people, they have a great concern, for the feelings of others; and seem by a very happy intuition to strike the just mean between familiarity and reserve. A man who likes his joke can always indulge himself in Burma, whatever his office, with the sure conviction that his hearers will see it and laugh with him, and think none the less of him for it.

And then there is the country, undoubtedly one of the most beautiful in the world; navigated by great rivers, such as the Irrawaddy, which flows like the Nile from sources only now in part revealed, and presents every aspect of a mighty stream, from its passage through high and formidable mountains into a middle land of great wide plains, where city after city and dynasty after dynasty has sprung to life, till it accomplishes one of the grandest of deltas. Its defiles are tragic in their grandeur and in the passionate war they reveal between the great forces of Nature; its floods are so magnificent that in place they rise to a hundred and twenty feet in one night. In the great central plain, the Irrawaddy in flood is like a sea, and ten miles wide; its principal tributary, the Chindwin, is of a beauty that ought long since to have made it famous. Few people have penetrated to its upper waters. An Archipelago of a thousand islands runs down its coast-line to near the equator. Snow lies upon its northern hills.

WANTED—A PRINCE.

But all these qualities and splendours are concealed from the eyes of the world, because Burma is lost in the vast amalgam which is India. In its 330 million people, twelve million Burmese count for very little. Alexander and the Hellenic spirit never touched it; there was never a Great Mogul in Burma, or a Clive, or a Warren Hastings; and no one, however reckless can hope to include and adequate vsit to Burma in an Indian winter tour; and so it is that this jewelled creature is passed by. For these and o other reasons, there has always been a party for severance of the bond that ties Burma to India; Cinderella wants a prince of her own. And idealistic people think she ought to have him. Business people urge the stiff logic of financial facts; they complain that she is starved for the benefit of her big neighbour. Right is on their side.

People who take larger views have suggested that Burma and Malaya, and all the provinces included in these categories, and all the half-explored hinter-lands, should be included in a separate Viceroyalty, looking Eastwards as India has always looked towards the West. Was there not a Viceroy of India who said he wondered how a man who was trying to govern a fifth of the human race could find time to eat his own breakfast?

SEARCH FOR NOAH'S ARK

—:o:—

AN AMERICAN OFFERS TO FINANCE EXPEDITION

A Search of Mount Ararat by aeroplane in order to bring Noah's Ark to Chicago as an exhibit during the proposed 1933 World's Fair is suggested by Mr. William Strong, a former President of the Chicago Chapter of American Engineers, who offers to form a corporation to finance the expedition.

"If Noah's Ark was built, it may be in existence to-day," said Mr. Strong. "It grounded on a mountain, where the rareness of the air would check decay."

The possibility of the Ark having resisted the action of the elements since it went aground is good according to Mr. Strong, who is a well-known flyer and a member of the Mody Bible Institute Alumni Association.

"If Noah's Ark could be brought to Chicago would it not prove a drawing card?" asked Mr. Strong.

"Wooden chariot wheels have recently been unearthed in Mesopotamia and they are estimated to be 5,000 years old. That being the case it is safe to say that only fire, an earthquake, or an avalanche could have destroyed the Ark. Hundreds of square miles of territory could be photographed in a single day's search conducted by aeroplane.

"If such an idea appeals to you," he said to Mr. Dawes, the President of the World's Fair, "I will undertake to organize a company, not for pecuniary profit, and raise the necessary funds from Christian Fundamentalists. The effort is as legitimate as hunting for stone axe-heads in the Sahara Desert."

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10. R R R & Red Seal Duplicators	
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NAME

ADDRESS

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2. The votes of competitors whose machines have been obtained on the hire purchase system will be accepted only if all monthly payments are up to date.
3. All entries, which MUST quote place and date of purchase, and number of the machine bought, must be addressed to REMINGTON TYPEWRITER CO. (INDIA) LTD., Competition Department, Post Box No. 188, Calcutta.
4. NO ENTRIES WILL BE ACCEPTED AFTER 8th June, 1929.

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A group of Raleigh riders at San Juan del Sur, Nicaragua.

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TROUBLE AT SEWREE

STRIKERS ATTACK PATHAN WATCHMEN

TWO KILLED AND TWO SERIOUSLY INJURED

The quiet locality of Sewree is once again converted into a battle field by the strikers where men take their lives in their hands for the past few days. Not a day passes without an assault on somebody or other or incident of that kind. Since the strike of the men working in the three oil companies in that locality the situation has become worse and the strikers have become desperate. On Thursday evening a great crisis was averted by the timely arrival of the police but the strikers are out for revenge on the Pathans who are employed by the oil companies to guard their men and property.

TWO PATHANS KILLED.

On Friday morning at about ten o'clock four Pathans were brutally assaulted by about a thousand men employed in the New China Mill resulting in the death of two while the other two who are removed to the K. E. M. Hospital are in such a precarious condition that they are not likely to get up again.

It appeared the four Pathans (1) Abdula Jemadar (2) Validad Matri (3) Abdulla Wahed and (4) Abelkhan Siruz were employed as watchmen by the New China Mill and were posted in front of the Manager's office. The mill started in the morning as usual and everything seemed to be quiet and peaceful. All of a sudden, operatives left their work at about 10 o' clock in the morning and rushed on the helpless Pathans who were seated near the Manager's office. The Pathans apprehending that their lives were in danger ran out of the mill for their lives but they were chased by the operatives near the hill and were mercilessly assaulted. One sustained injury on the skull and on the back and died on the spot. Two were stabbed with knives all over their bodies while the fourth who attempted to escape was trapped by the men and done to death on the spot. The assailants seemed to have premeditated the crime as they were armed with lathis and knives beforehand.

POLICE INVESTIGATE MATTERS.

Superintendent Spiers on receiving information of the outrage immediately went to the spot with Inspector Paul and other officers and armed police but the assailants had resumed their work in the mill and pretended as if nothing had occurred. Mr. Spiers, however, took precaution to post armed police near the mill so that the culprits may not run away and instituted vigorous enquiry.

The Pathans who fell victims to the outrage had nothing to do with the strikers but the strikers look down upon any Pathan as their enemy since some of the oil companies have employed Pathans to guard their men and property for the past few days. The mill strikers are in sympathy with the strikers of the oil companies and they have made an arrangement to help each other. The operatives of the five mills working in the Sewree locality have extended their sympathy towards their colleagues working in the oil companies and in case of necessity have promised all kinds of support and the outrage of the Pathans accounts for this mutual understanding.

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PRESENT UNITED FRONT

DUTY OF EVERY NATIONALIST PARTY

MR. CHINTAMANI ON "PARDANASHIN" SIMONITES

BENARES, Jan. 17.

"The one duty of every Nationalist Party in the country is to present a united front to their common enemy in order that the bureaucratic Government may be ended" said Mr. C. Y. Chintamani addressing a well-attended public meeting last evening in the Town Hall, Mr. Lajjashankar Jha presiding.

The speaker pointed out that the present non-Indian Commission was appointed by the late Secretary of State for India who took advantage of the communal situation in the country, but that attempt proved a complete failure. Every progressive party in the country had proclaimed a tital boycott of the Commission and the boycott movement continued to be as strong as ever. There were, no doubt a number of taluqudars and other wealthy men who were co-operating with the Commission but the country had no confidence in them and no use for them.

LIKE PARDANASHINS THEY GO.

The members of the Commission were going about the country as if they were so many "pardanashin" women afraid of being hurt by the gaze of vulgar men. (Laughter.)

Mr. Chintamani condemned the alleged assaults by the police on public men on the occasion of the arrival of the Commission in Lahore and other cities. The Government claimed to be the guardians of law and order but the misbehavour of the police showed how little regard they had for law and order. He emphasised the necessity of carrying on a vigorous agitation in favour of Dominion Status as recommended by the Nehru Committee Report.

He said that it was a hopeful sign that the All-India Muslim League had not closed its door for further negotiations of the communal issues. He hoped that the All-Party Convention and All-India Muslim League would see their way to compose their differences and thus make common cause in the national fight.—A. P.

BOMBAY GOVERNMENT GAZETTE

CIVIL APPOINTMENTS

Mr. R. B. Milne, I. C. S., and Mr. A. C. Wild, I.C.S., delivered over and received charge of the office of the Additional Judicial Commissioner of Sind, respectively, on the 17th December 1928.

Mr. A. C. Wild, and Mr. P. E. Percival, delivered over and received charge of the office of the judicial Commissioner of Sind, respectively, on the 17th December 1928.

Hon. Sir Amberson Marten, Kt., Chief Justice of His Majesty's High Court of Judicature at Bombay, is granted leave with effect from the 10th June 1929.

Lady Jackson is appointed an Honorary Presidency Magistrate within the limits of the Town and Island of Bombay.

Mr. G. Y. S. Farrant, M.C., District Superintendent of Police, Ahmednagar, is granted leave on average pay for eight months followed by leave on half average pay for two months, with effect from the 15th March 1929 or the date of relief.

The leave granted to Mr. G. G. Ray, a Superintendent of Police in the Bombay Presidency, dated the 4th January 1928, has been extended by the High Commissioner for India by four months on half average pay.

Mr. N. J. Wadia, I. C. S., is granted leave on average pay for eight months with effect from the date on which he is relieved of his duties as Reforms Secretary and Secretary to the Bombay Provincial Committee.

Khan Saheb Abdul Kadir Munshi is appointed to act as District Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, vice Rao Bahadur V. G. Mahajani proceeding on leave.

With effect from 6th January 1929 vice Mr. G. W. Hatch, retired:—

Mr. J. P. Brander, I. C. S., to be First Grade Commissioner.

Mr. W. W. Smart, I. C. S., to be Second Grade Commissioner.

The Governor-in-Council is pleased to appoint Mr. Ramchandra Balvant Badve to act as District Deputy Collector, Poona, vice Mr. D. S. Modak transferred, pending further orders.

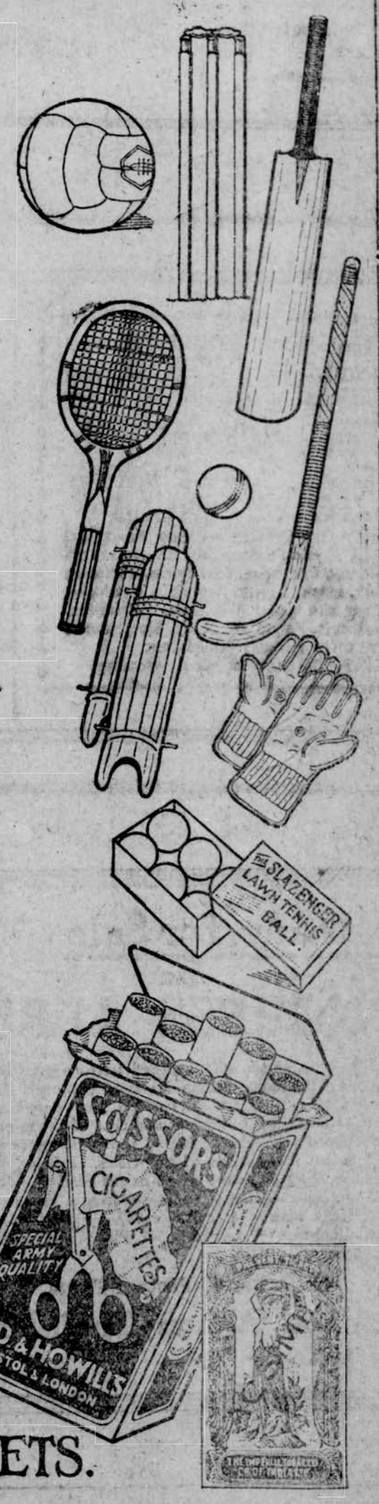
Rao Bahadur V. G. Mahajani, District Deputy Collector, Ahmednagar, is granted leave on average pay for three months and eighteen days with effect from the date of relief.

Lieutenant-Colonel S. S. Vazifdar, I. M. S., Superintendent, J. J. Hospital, Bombay, is granted leave on average pay for eight months with effect from the 15th April 1929.

Dr. T. J. Chhaya, has been placed on general duty at the J. J. Hospital, Bombay, with effect from 28th December 1928.

Hongkong.—The Chief Justice has disallowed with costs the Chinese Company's claim for half a million dollars damages and indemnity for the loss of the Chinese ship "Irene" against Lieutenant Commander Halahan commanding the British submarine L14 which sank the "Irene" at the entrance of Bias Bay in October 1927, when she was in hands of pirates. Submarine had rescued practically all out of 260 persons on board the "Irene."—Reuter's Special.

Sports goods free of charge for "Scissors" smokers!



In response to numerous requests the following sports goods have now been added to the wide range of PRESENTS hitherto offered to SCISSORS smokers.

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38.	"Khalsa" Leg-Guards ..	700
39.	"Toco" Cricket Ball ..	365
40.	"Khalsa" Batting Gloves ..	510
41.	Wicket-Keeping Gauntlets ..	700
42.	Set of Cricket Stumps & Bails	550
43.	"Imperator" Hockey Stick ..	650
44.	"Perfecta" Hockey Ball ..	410
45.	Football (with bladder)	1,100
46.	Football Goal Nets (pair) ..	3,275
47	"Queen" Tennis Racquet ..	1,650
48.	Slazenger's Tennis Balls (box of 6)	600

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5.	The "Brigade" Lever Wrist Watch with Strap ..	1,500
6.	Solid Silver Cigarette Case ..	1,000
7.	"Parker" Fountain Pen ..	1,000
8.	Kodak Brownie Box Camera No. 2 ..	800
9.	Kodak Brownie Box Camera No. 0 ..	660
10.	Rolled Gold Links & Studs Superior quality ..	625
11.	Mother-of-Pearl & Gold Mntd. Cigarette Holder ..	500
12.	Ladies' Silk Stockings ..	500
13.	E. P. N. S. Cigarette Case Curved Design	400
14.	E. P. N. S. Cigarette Case Flat Design ..	375
15.	Gent's Silk Socks ..	375
16.	12 Gent's Handkerchiefs ..	300
17.	Mother-of-Pearl & Silver Mounted Cigarette Holder ..	300
18.	Eversharp Pencil ..	300
19.	Military Hair Brushes (1 Pair) ..	300
20.	Circular Tin Container (E. P. N. S.)	250
21.	Manicure Set ..	250
22.	Turkish Bath Towel	190
23.	6 Ladies' Handkerchiefs ..	175
24.	Washing Belt ..	150
25.	Vanity Case ..	150
26.	Pox of Pears Soap ..	145
27.	Pocket Knife ..	130
28.	Glare Glasses ..	100
29.	Razor ..	100
30.	Rolled Gold Links & Studs (Studded)	100
31.	Rolled Gold & Imitation Pearl Brooch	90
32.	Rolled Gold Links & Studs (Plain) ..	90
33.	"Pears" (Golden Series) Shaving Soap	90
34.	Playing Cards (1 Pack) ..	75
35.	Pair of Garters (Gent's) ..	75
36.	Comb	40

SEND YOUR PRESENT TICKETS BY REGISTERED POST.

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THE ANDHRA PATRIKA (Telugu Daily), writes:—"We acknowledge with satisfaction the efficacy of the Jothidasastra of this person" V. K. SATAGOPACHARIAR, TIRUTTANI, Chittoor District, (S. INDIA).

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Printed and published for the "Bombay Chronicle" Company, Limited, by SORAB PALONJI KAPADIA, and edited by SYED ABDULLAH BRELVI, at the "Bombay Chronicle" Press, Hari Building, Old Custom House Road, Bombay.